

Case # BZA-03-24-00758

Charleston County BZA Meeting of April 1, 2024

Applicant: Clayton Stoddard of Mitchell Construction Co.

Property Owner: Truss Johnson, Fire Chief, St. Paul's Fire District

Representative: Kelsey Santiago of Hussey Gay Bell

Property Location: 5536 and 5228 Hyde Park Road – St. Pauls Area

TMS#: 233-00-00-049 and 233-00-00-051

Zoning District: Agricultural Residential (AGR) Zoning District

Request:

Variance request for a new fire station:

- To reduce the required 50' Type G right-of-way landscape buffer along Hyde Park Road;
- To reduce the required 15' Type B land use buffer adjacent to a residential use/AGR Zoning District;
 and
- To reduce the number of plantings in the required Type G buffer adjacent to Hyde Park Road.

Requirement:

The Charleston County Zoning and Land Development Regulations Ordinance (ZLDR), Chapter 9 Development Standards, Article 9.4 Landscaping, Screening, and Buffers, Sec. 9.4.4 Landscape Buffers, A. Right-of-way Buffers, Table 9.4.4-1 Buffer Types by Roadway, states Hyde Park Road requires a 50' (Type G) right-of-way buffer.

Sec. 9.4.4 Landscape Buffers, D. Land Use Buffers, Table 9.4.4-2, Land Use Buffers, and Table 9.4.4-3, Buffer Depth and Landscaping Standards requires a 15' (Type B) land use buffer.

ARTICLE 9.4 LANDSCAPING, SCREENING, AND BUFFERS

Sec. 9.4.1 Applicability

Unless expressly exempted, the landscaping, screening and buffering standards of this Article shall apply to all new Development with the exception of Single-Family Detached Dwelling Units, Manufactured Housing Units not located in Manufactured Housing Parks, and all new major Roadways that serve Residential Major Subdivisions. Minor Subdivisions may be required to provide landscaping, screening or buffering on major Roadways when the Zoning and Planning Director determines that such landscaping, screening or buffering is necessary to ensure that the purposes of this Ordinance are met. When modifications or Additions are being made to an existing Building or site, the standards of this Article shall apply to those portions of the subject Parcel that are directly affected by the proposed improvements, as determined by the Zoning and Planning Director, provided that when modifications or Additions are proposed that would increase the number of parking spaces, the area of vehicular use areas, or gross Floor Area of buildings by more than 25 percent (above existing), the entire Parcel shall be brought into compliance with all applicable standards of this Article. Before calculating the percentage of area for redevelopment and improvement, any proposed demolition of Structures and parking is subtracted from the existing gross Floor Area of Buildings and number of parking spaces.

Sec. 9.4.2 Exhibits

Drawings included as exhibits at the end of this Chapter are meant to complement the language of the Ordinance. In the event of a conflict with the text of the Ordinance, the text shall apply.

Sec. 9.4.3 Parking, Loading, and Vehicular Use Area Landscaping

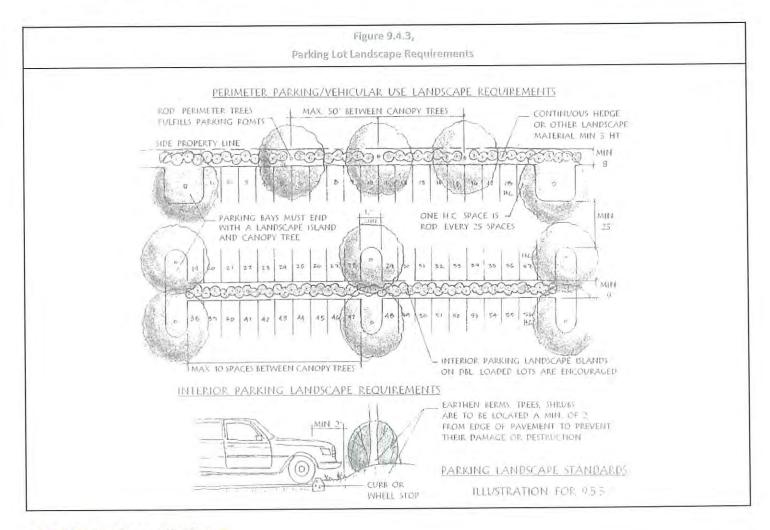
A. Parking, Loading and Vehicular Use Area Perimeters.

- 1. *Required*. Unless otherwise expressly stated, perimeter landscaping shall be required around the outer perimeter of all off-street surface parking, loading, and vehicular use areas.
- 2. Exemptions.
 - a. Parking areas for the exclusive <u>use</u> of Single-Family Detached Dwelling Units or agricultural uses where there are no on-site customers and less than 10 employees are exempt from these requirements.
 - b. Any off-street parking, loading, or vehicular <u>use</u> area that is or will be entirely screened from view by an intervening <u>Building</u> or <u>Structure</u> or by a buffer on the Subject Property provided to satisfy the standards of this Article are exempt from the perimeter landscaping requirements.

3. Standards.

- a. A perimeter landscape area at least eight feet in depth shall be provided at the perimeter of all off-street parking, loading, and vehicular use areas, except where permitted driveway openings are to be provided. Where drainage or other utility Easements exist along property lines, the perimeter landscape area shall be located adjacent to the Easement. No buffer plantings will be allowed within any Easement of record, without written approval of the Easement holder.
- b. Required perimeter landscape areas shall be planted as follows:
 - 1. One <u>Canopy Tree</u> shall be provided for each 50 linear feet along the perimeter of all parking, loading, or vehicular <u>use</u> areas. These Trees may be used to satisfy the interior <u>Parking Lot landscaping</u> requirements outlined below.
 - 2. A combination of a hedge with Trees, Shrubs, ornamental grasses, or an approved Fence, Wall, or earthen Berm shall be used to form a continuous landscape screen of at least three feet in height (at maturity) within the perimeter landscape area;
 - 3. All portions of the perimeter landscape area not planted with Shrubs or Trees or covered by a Wall or Fence barrier shall be planted in grass or wood-based mulch and inorganic Ground Cover, including rock and wood chips; and
 - 4. Parked vehicles may overhang a landscaped area provided curbing or wheel stops are installed to prevent damage to any plants within the required perimeter landscape area. Landscaping, Walls, Fences, or earth Berms will be so located as to prevent their damage and/or destruction by overhanging vehicles.
- B. **Interior Areas.** The following interior Parking Lot landscaping requirements apply to all Parking Lots except those exclusively serving single-family residential or agricultural uses.
 - 1. Each single- or double-loaded Parking Lot bay must terminate with a Tree island. A minimum of one landscape island shall be provided and evenly disbursed for maximum canopy coverage for each 10 parking spaces within an off-street parking area. Required landscape islands shall have a minimum of 162 square feet (minimum nine feet x 18 feet) or 324 square feet (minimum 9 feet x 36 feet).

- 2. Each required landscaping island shall contain at least one Canopy Tree per each 162 square feet. Canopy Trees in these islands must be planted in line with the parking stripes (between vehicles) and may be used to satisfy the Parking Lot Tree requirements, subject to all Parking Lot bays terminating with a Tree island. (See Figure 9.4.3, Parking Lot Landscape Requirements)
- 3. All Parking Lot islands shall be landscaped with a combination of mulch and/or Ground Cover. Pavers, Pavement, and similar hard surfacing shall not be permitted within a Parking Lot island.
- 4. <u>Curbs</u>, wheel stops, or other protective barriers shall be installed around all required landscape islands, as approved by the Zoning and <u>Planning Director</u>. Protective barriers, such as Curbs, wheel stops or other edging material, must complement onsite drainage patterns. This may require utilizing Curb Cuts, open Fencing, and appropriate placement of Berms.
- 5. Landscaping provided to meet the standards of Sec. 9.4.4, Landscape Buffers, shall not satisfy the interior Parking Lot landscaping requirements. Canopy Trees planted to meet the Landscape Buffer requirements may be counted toward the interior Parking Lot landscaping requirements provided the buffer is immediately adjacent to the Parking Lot perimeter.



Sec. 9.4.4 Landscape Buffers

A. Right-of-Way Buffers.

- 1. Applicability. Right-of-Way buffers shall be required adjacent to road Rights-of-Way and ingress/egress Easements for all uses except for agricultural and Residential Uses existing on or prior to November 20, 2001. Minor Subdivisions may not have to comply with the requirements of this Section if the Zoning and Planning Director determines that compliance is not necessary to satisfy the purposes of this Ordinance.
- 2. Buffer Types by Roadway. Landscape Buffers are required along Roadways in accordance with Table 9.4.4-1, Buffer Types by Roadway. Streets, Rights-of-Way, and ingress/egress Easements not indicated in this table shall comply with the Type B buffer requirements.
- 3. Development within Buffer Areas.
 - a. No <u>Development</u>, <u>storage</u>, or display may occur within required buffer areas except for sidewalks and permitted drives and Signs;

- b. All buffer areas shall accommodate the required Plant materials;
- c. Drainage swales and stormwater <u>Detention</u> ponds may be placed in the buffer only when <u>Protected Trees</u> and Grand <u>Trees</u> are not endangered and when they meander through the buffer in a natural manner; and

d. Stormwater ponds and swales may not occupy more than 25 percent of the buffer depth.

Table 9.4.4-1, Buffer To		Main Road (Limehouse Bridge to Maybank Hwy.)	Ti
Abbapoola Road	1 1	Main Road Corridor Overlay Zoning District	[3]
Ashley Hall Road		· Annamanananan	[0]
Hwy. 61/Ashley River Road (Saint Andrews Boulevard to Sam Rittenberg Boulevard)	В	Main Road (Bees Ferry Road to Limehouse <u>Bridge</u>)	G
Hwy. 61/Ashley River Road (Mark Clark Expressway to Church Creek)	Ε	Manse Road	G
Hwy. 61/Ashley River Road (Church Creek to Muirfield Parkway/MacLaura Hal Ave.) [1]	1	Mark Clark Expressway	1
Hwy. 61/Ashley River Road (Muirfield Parkway/ MacLaura Hall Avenue intersection to Charleston County Line) [1]	J	Mary Ann Point Road	E
Bears Bluff Road	1	Mathis Ferry Road [1]	G
Bees Ferry Road	G	[Island]	[2]
Belvedere Road	G	Maybank Highway Corridor Overlay Zoning District [James Island]	[4]
Betsy Kerrison Parkway [1]	1	Maybank Highway (Main Road to Rockville)	1
Bohicket Road [1]	1	Meeting Street	В
Botany Bay Road [1]	1	Murraywood Road	G
Brownswood Road	G	Old Georgetown Road	G
Cane Slash Road	G	Liberia Road	G
Chisolm Road	G	Old Georgetown Road in the "Loop" area (designated on the Mount Pleasant Overlay map)	В
Chuck Dawley Boulevard		Old Jacksonboro Road	G
Coleman Boulevard	В	Old Pond Road	G
Doar Road	G	G Old Towne Road	В
Dorchester Road	Д	A Orange Grove Road	В
Eddingsville Beach Road	G	G Orleans Road	В
Edenvale Road	G	6 Parkers Ferry Road	G
Fort Johnson Road [1]	E	Patton Avenue/Fickling Hill Road	G
Hamlin Road	E	Peters Point Road	G
Harborview Road	E	Pine Landing Road	G
Highway 162	0	G Plow Ground Road	G
Highway 165		G Raccoon Island Road	G
Highway 17 (Hwy. 41 to County Line)		Rifle Range Road	E
Highway 17 (east of Isle of Palms Connector to Hwy. 41, not including Old Georgetown Hwy "Loop" Area)	(G River Road [1]	

Highway 17 in the Old Georgetown Road "Loop" area (as designated on the Mount Pleasant Overlay map)	В	Riverland Drive [1]	G
Highway 17 (west of Isle of Palms Connector including bypass)	В	Rivers Avenue	В
Highway 174 (Highway 164 to Edisto Beach) [1]	1	Rutledge Road	G
Highway 174 (Highway 17 to Highway 164)	E	Saint Andrews Boulevard	В
Highway 41	G	Savannah Highway [Bees Ferry Rd. to County Line] otherwise C	E
Highway 45	G	Seewee Road	G
Humbert Road	E	South Santee Road	G
Hyde Park Road	G	Steamboat Landing Road (Jenkins Hill to Steamboat Creek)	G
James Island Bridge/Highway 61 Connector	С	Tibwin Road	G
James Island Expressway	G	Toogoodoo Road	G
Liberia Road	G	Venning Road	E
Long Point Road (SPA Wando Terminal to I-526)	В	Wappoo Road	В
Long Point Road (Outside of MP-O District) [1]	G	Wescott Road	G
Magwood Road	E	Willtown Road	G

- Breast Height (DBH) which are located within Rights-of-Way.
- [2] Buffer type as described in the Johns Island Maybank Highway Corridor Overlay Zoning District.
- [3] Buffer type as described in the Main Road Corridor Overlay District.
- [4] Buffer type as described in the James Island Maybank Highway Corridor Overlay Zoning District.
 - 4. Buffer Depth and Planting Standards. (See Table 9.4.4-3)
 - 5. The Zoning and Planning Director is authorized to reduce the depth of a required Right-of-Way buffer as follows:
 - a. A required Right-of-Way buffer not within an Overlay Zoning District may be reduced by up to one-third its depth when the following circumstance exist:
 - 1. The Parcel is located on a Corner Lot with required Right-of-Way buffers of 35 feet or more; or
 - 2. The area of all the required buffers, including land use buffers and Tree protection areas, exceeds 30 percent of the site.
 - b. A required Right-of-Way buffer of 35 feet or less located within the Urban/Suburban Area defined by the Urban Growth Boundary (UGB) and not within an Overlay Zoning District may be reduced as follows:
 - 1. When no parking or vehicular use area is located between the building and the Right-of-Way, the required buffer may be reduced to no less than eight feet (Type A land use buffer) provided the site layout and building elevations meet all applicable sections of Article 9.5, Architectural and Landscape Design Standards.
 - 2. When no more than 10 parking spaces are located between the Building and the Right-of-Way the required buffer may be reduced to no less than 15 feet (Type B buffer) provided the site layout and Building elevations meet all applicable sections of Article 9.5, Architectural and Landscape Design Standards.
 - 3. Buffers required on Parcels that are part of redevelopment that preserves existing Structures may be reduced up to a depth no less than 10 feet (Type A land use buffer) in order to meet the parking and Tree preservation requirements of this Ordinance.
 - 4. Buffers are not required along newly created internal Rights-of-Way and ingress/egress Easements on Parcels containing exclusively Duplex, Triplex, Fourplex, or Single Family Attached Dwellings.
 - c. The Zoning and Planning Director may require additional site improvements., including but not limited to, enhanced Building architecture and materials and/or increased plant material sizes and density when a buffer reduction is granted.

D. Land Use Buffers.

- 1. Applicability. Land use buffers shall be provided in accordance with the standards of this Section. In the case of conflict between the land use buffer requirements of this section and those contained in CHAPTER 6, Use Regulations, of this Ordinance, the land use buffer requirements contained in CHAPTER 6, Use Regulations, shall govern.
- 2. Single-Family Detached Dwelling Units on individual Lots are exempt from the land use buffer requirements of this Section.

- 3. The Zoning and Planning Director is authorized to modify or waive the buffer or landscape planting requirements and may require that additional plant material be added within remaining buffers or elsewhere on the site, as described below:
 - a. When buffers will not serve any useful purpose due to the location of the following as determined by the Zoning and Planning Director: fences, walls, berms, or landscaping of at least equivalent height, opacity, and maintenance; uses; vehicles; buildings; structures; or storage; parking; loading; display or service areas; or
 - b. The Zoning and Planning Director is authorized to allow a one-third reduction of required buffers, if all required buffers would exceed 25 percent of the site proposed for Development.
- 4. *Determination of Required Buffers*. The following procedure shall be used in determining which of the buffer types in Table 9.4.4-2, *Land Use Buffers*, apply:
 - a. Determine the type of proposed use for the site being developed. (Column 1);
 - b. Determine the residential <u>use</u> type (if residential) or the <u>Zoning District</u> that exists on the adjacent <u>Parcel</u>. This is the "Adjacent Site's Use or Zoning";
 - c. At the intersection of the proposed <u>use</u> and the <u>use</u> or zoning of the adjacent site, identify the land <u>use buffer</u> type (A, B, C, D, E, or F) required along the developing site's boundary(ies); and
 - d. Lastly, refer to Table 9.4.4-3, Buffer Depth and Landscaping Standards, for the applicable buffer type.
- 5. Land <u>Use</u> Buffer Table. Land <u>use</u> buffers are required along Side and <u>Rear Yards</u> in accordance with the requirements of the following table:

				Table 9.4.4-2, Land	Use Buffers				
	Use or Zoning of Adjacent Site								
Proposed Use	Residential Type			46 A 16 A 20 A 2	Commerc	cial Type	Industr	ial Type	Agricultural
A STATE AND STATE OF THE STATE	1	2	3	Civic/Institutional	1	2	1	2	Agricultural
Agricultural	В	В	В	4	2	-	7		7 1
Residential Type 1	1 20	70.20	(2)				2		1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
Residential Type 2	А	Tra=	Α	В	В	С	E	F	В
Residential Type 3	В	Α	10-1	Α	В	С	E	F	В
Civic/Institutional	В	В	Α	÷	В	С	D	E	В
Commercial Type 1	В	В	В	A		С	D	E	В
Commercial Type 2	D	D	С	D	15	-	D	D	D
Industrial Type 1	Н	Н	Н	F	E	В		Α	G
Industrial Type 2	J	J	J	J	G	В	А	-	1

General Notes:

Residential Use Types:

Type 1 = Single family Detached and undeveloped Residential Lots; Type 2 = Duplex and Single family Attached; Type 3 = Triplexes, Fourplexes, and Multi-Family and all other residential use types, including Manufactured Housing Parks

Commercial Use Types:

Type 1 = Any commercial use allowed by right in an RO, GO, or NC district and undeveloped Commercial Lots; Type 2 = all other commercial uses

<u>Industrial Use Types:</u>

Type 1 = Any industrial or commercial use that is first allowed in an industrial (IN) Zoning District and undeveloped Industrial Lots; Type 2 = Waste-Related uses and Recycling Centers.

6. Buffer Depth and Landscaping Standards

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Table 9,4.4-3, Buffer	Depth and Lands	Shink	Stand	irus.						
100 p. A	Buffer Type									
Standard	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	H	1	1
MINIMUM BUFFER DEPTH (feet from property line) [1]	10	15	20	25	35	40	50	60	75	100
MINIMUM LAND USE BUFFER LAND	SCAPING (Plants	per 100) linea	r feet) [2][3]					
Canopy Trees [4]	2	2	2	3	4	5	6	7	9	12
Understory Trees (at least 50 percent evergreen)	3	3	4	4	6	7	9	10	12	15
Shrubs	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60	75

TABLE NOTES:

- 1. Buffers may be traversed by permitted driveways and pedestrian ways.
- 2. The retention of natural buffers is required along all road or street Rights-of-Way of Buffer Type C designation or greater. The Zoning and Planning Director is authorized to waive or modify the minimum buffer planting requirements when an undisturbed natural buffer exists that is the same depth and amount of plant material as that which is required.
- 3. Bradford Pears cannot be used to fulfill any of the Tree requirements of this Ordinance. Any exotic species proposed by a designer are subject to approval by the Zoning and Planning Director.
- 4. Palmetto Trees may be substituted to fulfill the Canopy Tree requirements. These Trees are to be planted at a ratio of three Palmetto Trees for each Canopy Tree and are to be planted in groupings of three.

GENERAL NOTES:

- 1. The Zoning and Planning Director shall be authorized to require the installation of Berms within required buffers where deemed necessary to protect the visual quality of a road corridor or ensure land use compatibility.
- 2. All Trees with a Diameter Breast Height (DBH) of eight inches or greater within buffers shall be preserved.

C. General.

- 1. Location of Buffers. Buffers shall be located along the perimeter of a Lot or Parcel and shall extend to the boundary of the Lot or Parcel. They shall not be located on any portion of public Right-of-Way. Where drainage or other utility Easements exist along property lines, required Landscape Buffers shall be located adjacent to the Easement and may be reduced in width by the width of the Easement, but in no case shall the buffer width be less than 10 feet and shall be located adjacent to the Easement. Required buffers shall be noted on all Plats, plans and permit requests submitted for review and approval under this Ordinance.
- 2. Plant Material within Buffers. Plant material shall be selected and spaced properly to allow the Plants to thrive considering site specific conditions. Plant materials located adjacent to public Drainage Easements and Right-of-Ways shall be selected and placed so as not to impede access or maintenance, including low-lying lateral branches. Additionally, plant material within required buffers that contain Utility Easements shall be selected and located to minimize pruning for future maintenance and clearance of such Utilities. All selections are subject to the review and approval of the Zoning and Planning Director and may also require modifications (substitutions and relocation) of plant materials on proposed landscape plans when necessary to assure access and ease of maintenance to any Easements or Rights-of-Way and to preserve the public health, safety, and welfare.
- 3. <u>Use of Buffers</u>. The <u>Zoning and Planning Director</u> is authorized to allow <u>On-Premises Signs</u>, Fences, Walls, <u>Berms</u>, mailboxes, access to community <u>Boat Ramps</u>, permitted driveways, and sidewalks within required buffers. Other improvements may be allowed within buffers if the <u>Zoning and Planning Director</u> determines that such improvements will not detract from the intended purpose and function of the buffer or have any adverse effect on adjacent property.

(Ord. No. 2239, 12/06/2022)

Effective on: 2/13/2023, as amended

Sec. 9.4.5 Landscape Plans

Landscape and planting plans submitted to meet the requirements of this Article shall be drawn to the same scale as the Site Plan. Trees and Shrubs shall be depicted at maturity. Landscape plans shall be prepared by a licensed, registered Landscape Architect whenever the area of land disturbance or Development activity exceeds one acre or when the total area of proposed Building footprint exceeds 5,000 square feet. For all other projects, use of a licensed registered Landscape Architect or Landscape Designer familiar with the growth habits and characteristics of plant material available in the Charleston area is recommended.

Sec. 9.4.6 Landscape Material Standards

A. Plant Materials.

- 1. Existing Plant Materials. Utilization of vegetation and Plant materials that exist on a Parcel prior to its Development may be used to satisfy the landscaping standards, provided they meet the size and locational requirements of this Article, is strongly encouraged.
- 2. *Size*. Unless otherwise expressly stated, all Plant materials used to satisfy the requirements of this Ordinance shall meet the following minimum size standards:

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	Table 9.4.6, Plant Material Size					
PLANT TYPE	MINIMUM SIZE					
Canopy Tree	2 1/2 inches caliper and 12 feet in height Eight feet (height) Five feet (height)					
Understory/Ornamental Tree						
Evergreen/Conifer Tree						
Chrisha	Three gallon and 18 inches to 24 inches in height or spread					
TABLE NOTE	ry Trees shall be evergreens. Any Plant material that grows to an ultimate height of less I not be used to fulfill any of the Shrub requirements of this Ordinance.					

- 3. Species. Species of Plant material used to satisfy the requirements of this Article shall be indigenous to the Charleston County area or cultivated to survive in this climate. However, the use of indigenous Plants is preferred. No single Plant species shall represent more than 40 percent of the total landscape plantings per plant type, except for projects whose landscape
- requirements for Canopy Trees are less than 10 Trees. 4. All Plants installed to satisfy the requirements of this Section shall meet or exceed the Plant quality standards of the most recent edition of American Standard for Nursery Stock, published by the American Association of Nurserymen. Plants shall be nursery-grown and either balled-and-burlapped or container-grown.
- 5. Additional Landscape Treatment. All required landscape and buffer areas, including drainageways and detention/retention ponds, not dedicated to Trees, Shrubs or preservation of existing vegetation shall be landscaped with grass, Ground Cover, or another lands cape treatment, excluding sand, rock, Pavement, or other impervious surfaces. All grass areas are to be installed using proper and accepted landscape methods to assure germination and erosion control.

B. Berms and Landscape Structures.

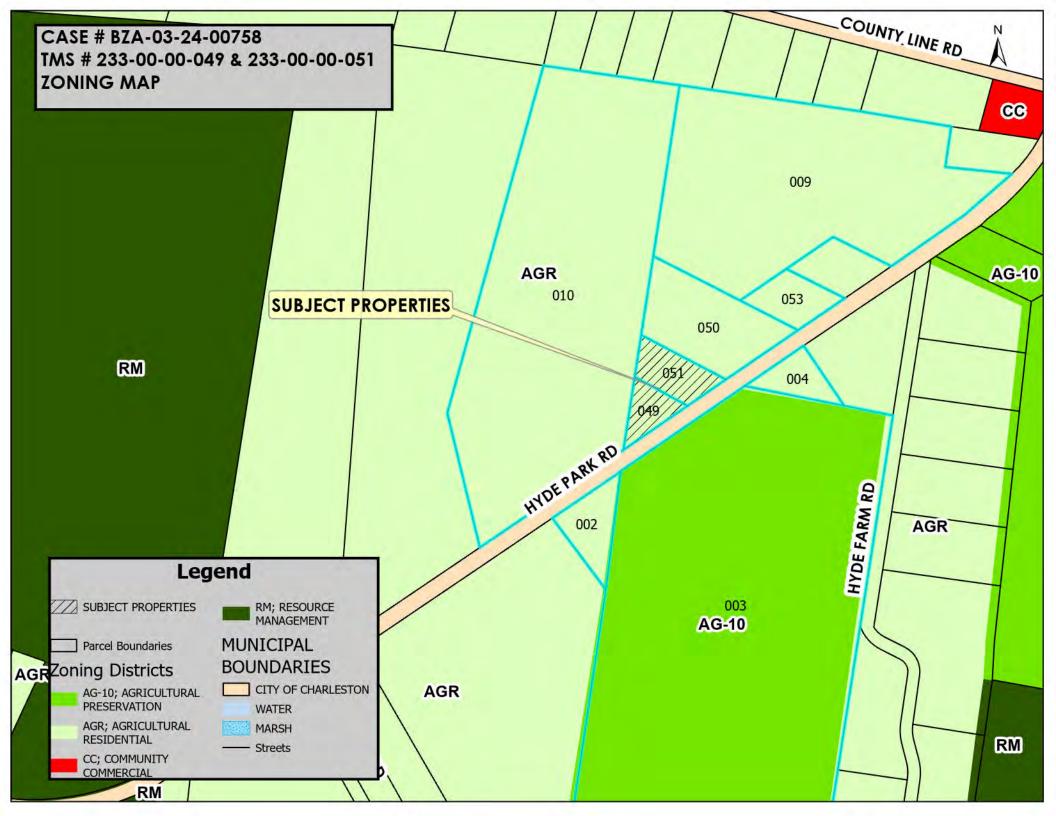
- 1. Fences and Walls. Fences and Walls used as screens shall be at least 95 percent opaque, with a minimum height of six feet. Fences must provide an opening for surface water flow every 20 linear feet.
- 2. Berms. Earthen Berms shall have a minimum height of three feet, with a slope not to exceed 3:1, which may vary depending on the soil type and plant materials used. The toe of any Berm shall be located at least three feet from any Right-of-Way or property line.

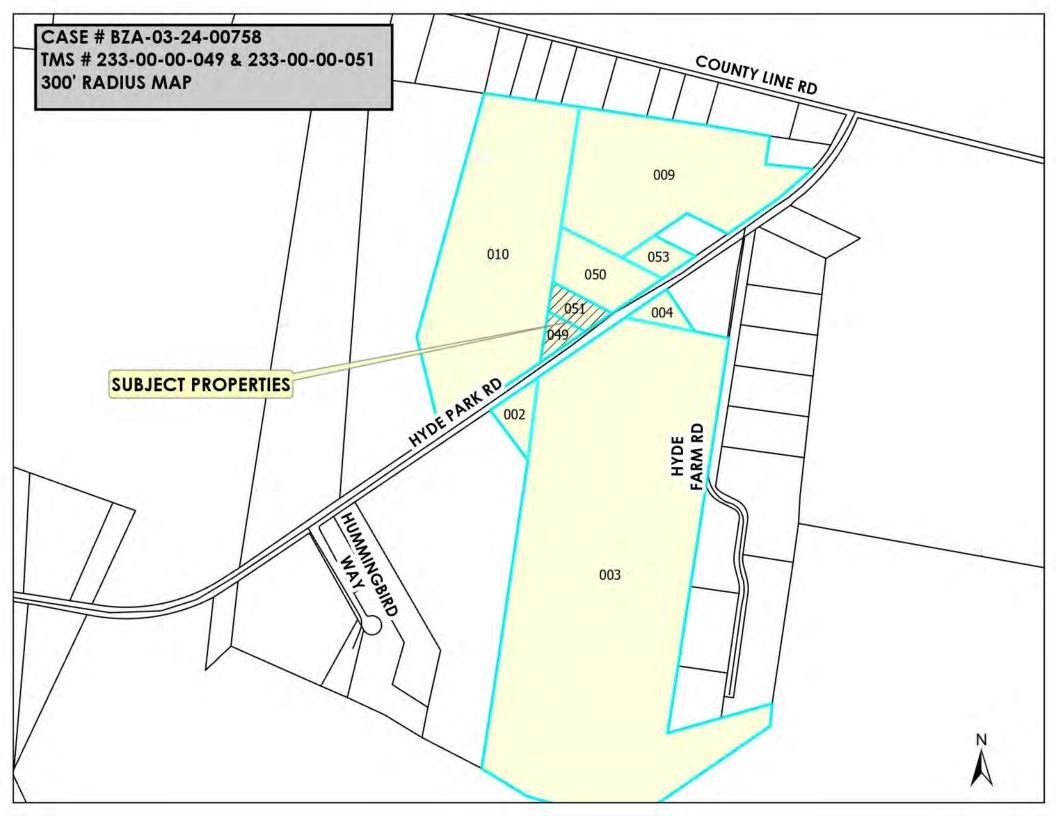
(Ord. No. 2239, 12/06/2022)

Effective on: 12/6/2022, as amended

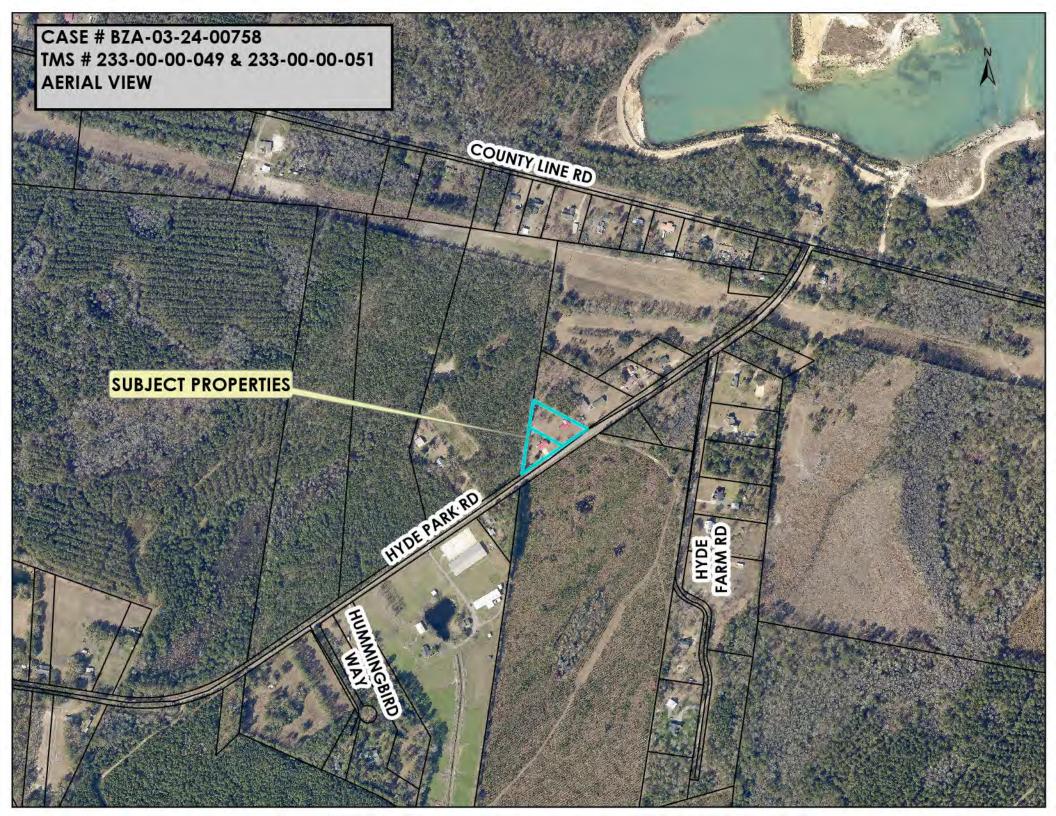
Sec. 9.4.7 Installation, Maintenance, and Replacement

- A. Installation. All landscaping shall be installed according to American Association of Nurserymen Standards and sound nursery practices in a manner designed to encourage vigorous growth. Sites for Plant materials shall be prepared or improved in accordance with American Association of Nurserymen Standards for soil preparation and drainage. Subsurface drainage shall be provided where Berms, elevated planting areas, or other proper surface drainage do not exist.
- B. Irrigation. The Zoning and Planning Director is authorized to require the installation of automatic irrigation (sprinkler) systems when deemed necessary to ensure plant survival and proper growth.
- C. Maintenance and Replacement. Required Trees, Shrubs, Walls, Fences, and other landscape features shall be considered elements of the project in the same manner as parking, Building materials, etc. The landowner, or successors in interest, shall be jointly and independently responsible for the following:
 - 1. Regular maintenance of all landscaping in good condition and in a way that presents a healthy, neat, and orderly appearance. All landscaping shall be maintained free from disease, pests, weeds and litter. This maintenance shall include weeding, watering, fertilizing pruning, mowing, edging, mulching, or other maintenance, as needed, and in accordance with acceptable horticultural practices, including American National Standards Institute (ANSI) standards for Tree Care Operations and American Association of Nurserymen Standards;
 - 2. The repair or replacement of required landscape Structures (e.g., Fences) to a structurally sound condition;
 - 3. The regular maintenance, repair, or replacement of any landscaping required by this Section and shown on the approved site plan; and
 - 4. Continuous maintenance of the site as a whole. When replacement of Trees, Plant material, or other landscape features is required such replacement shall be accomplished within the shorter of one growing season, one year, or such time-frame required by the Zoning and Planning Director.









Case # BZA-03-24-00758 BZA Meeting of April 1, 2024

Subject Property: 5536 & 5228 Hyde Park Road — St. Pauls Area

Proposal: Variance request to reduce the required buffers for a new fire station.



Subject Property





Subject Property





Hyde Park Road





Staff Review:

The applicant, Clayton Stoddard of Mitchell Construction Co., the property owner, Truss Johnson, Fire Chief, St. Paul's Fire District, represented by Kelsey Santiago of Hussey Gay Bell, are requesting a variance to reduce the required buffers and plantings for a new fire station at 5536 and 5228 Hyde Park Road (TMS # 233-00-00-049 and 233-00-00-051) in the St. Pauls Area of Charleston County.

More specifically, the applicant is requesting a variance for a new fire station:

- To reduce the required 50' Type G right-of-way landscape buffer along Hyde Park Road;
- To reduce the required 15' Type B land use buffer adjacent to a residential use/AGR Zoning District; and
- To reduce the number of plantings in the required Type G buffer adjacent to Hyde Park Road.

The subject properties are located in the Agricultural Residential (AGR) Zoning District. Surrounding properties to the north, east, and west are also located in the AGR Zoning District. The adjacent property to the south is located in the Agricultural Preservation (AG-10) Zoning District. TMS # 233-00-00-049 (Lot A) is 0.7 acres and contains an existing building that will be demolished. TMS # 233-00-00-051 (Lot B) is 1 acre and contains an existing one-story block fire station that will be demolished.

The project is currently in the Site Plan Review Process (ZSPR-11-23-00965). **The applicant's** letter of intent explains,

- 1. BZA Variance requested to reduce ROW buffer adjacent to SCDOT ROW for building installation with associated drainage infrastructure and pond grading; ROW buffer is reduced (to 10' for the pond, 27' for the building and 18' for the parking) for approx. 335 linear feet.
- 2. BZA Variance requested to reduce land use buffer adjacent to a residential use parcel (zoned AGR) for pond grading; adjacent to TMS 2330000010, 15' land use buffer is reduced by 7' to approx. 8' at the narrowest point for approx. 175 linear feet.
- 3. BZA Variance requested to reduce the number of plantings in the required Type G buffer adjacent to Hyde Park Road.

The property owner's letter of intent explains,

"From the beginning of the St. Paul's Fire District Station 2 project, the leadership of the St. Paul's Fire District has been directly involved in the design development of the new station in the Sauldam Community located on Hyde Park Rd. As currently designed and laid out, the features contained within are essential to the operation of this new station, integral to our standard operating procedures, and typical of all new fire stations.

The existing site is centrally located within the Sauldam service area and uniquely

situated to provide the best access to the residents there. It is also already owned by the St. Paul's Fire District. For these reasons, the existing parcel is the most advantageous location for the construction of the new facility, despite the site's limitations in size and dimension.

Finally, to address any concerns regarding future effects on traffic and noise, the staffing size and subsequent level of activity at this particular site will not increase. The replacement of the existing building(s) with an updated and larger facility is intended to improve the work conditions of current firefighters and ultimately enhance the quality of services for the residents of the Sauldam and surrounding communities. I appreciate your consideration and accommodation of this much- needed improvement to our services."

<u>Applicable ZLDR requirement:</u>

The Charleston County Zoning and Land Development Regulations Ordinance (ZLDR), Chapter 9 Development Standards, Article 9.4 Landscaping, Screening, and Buffers, Sec. 9.4.4 Landscape Buffers, A. Right-of-way Buffers, Table 9.4.4-1 Buffer Types by Roadway, states Hyde Park Road requires a 50' (Type G) right-of-way buffer.

Sec. 9.4.4 Landscape Buffers, D. Land Use Buffers, Table 9.4.4-2, Land Use Buffers, and Table 9.4.4-3, Buffer Depth and Landscaping Standards requires a 15' (Type B) land use buffer.

Staff conducted a site visit on the subject property on March 13, 2024. Please review the attachments for further information regarding this request.

Planning Director Review and Report regarding Approval Criteria of §3.10.6:

§3.10.6(1): There are extraordinary and exceptional conditions pertaining to the particular piece of property;

Response:

There are extraordinary and exceptional conditions pertaining to the 1.7-acre subject properties. The **applicant's letter of intent states**, "1. Due to the limited size and triangular nature of the site, design requirements necessary for the fire station building, design requirements for stormwater and designated fire station visitor parking locations development (parking) to be located within ROW buffer; a variance is being requested to reduce the ROW buffer from 50' (to 10' for the pond, 27' for the building and 18' for the parking) for approx. 335 linear feet. Additionally, encroachment into the right-of-way buffer saves a 28" Oak Tree and significantly reduces the encroachment of site improvements into the tree protection (encroachments are less than 25%). 2. Due to the proposed size of the fire station building to meet current design standards, requirements for a looped driveway system around the fire station for emergency vehicles, and limited site size constraints, the land use buffer adjacent to the

residential parcel for the pond grading must be reduced to approx. 8' or approx. 175 linear feet. 3. Due to the proposed size of the fire station building to meet current design standards, requirements for a looped driveway system around the fire station for emergency vehicles, and limited site size constraints, plantings in the Type G Buffer must be reduced from 28 to 21 canopy trees and 41 to 38 under-story trees adjacent to the Hyde Park ROW." Therefore, the request meets this criterion.

§3.10.6(2): Response: These conditions do not generally apply to other property in the vicinity; These conditions do not generally apply to other property in the vicinity. The **applicant's letter of intent states**, "These conditions are unique to this subject property due to the size and triangular nature of the site. Required emergency service/fire station parameters must also be met for the proposed fire station use. There is no increase nor plans to increase fire department staff or operations from existing operations." Therefore, the request meets this criterion.

§3.10.6(3):

Because of these conditions, the application of this Ordinance to the particular piece of property would effectively prohibit or unreasonably restrict the utilization of the property;

Response:

The application of this Ordinance, Chapter 9 Development Standards, Article 9.4 Landscaping, Screening, and Buffers, Sec. 9.4.4 Landscape Buffers, A. Right-of-way Buffers, Table 9.4.4-1 Buffer Types by Roadway, D. Land Use Buffers, Table 9.4.4-2, Land Use Buffers, and Table 9.4.4-3, Buffer Depth and Landscaping Standards to 5536 and 5228 Hyde Park Road would unreasonably restrict the utilization of the property. The applicant's letter of intent states, "The application of these Ordinances to the subject property would effectively prohibit or unreasonably restrict the utilization of the property for the upgrades of the existing fire station. These variances being requested are due to the small and unique design requirements that are necessary for a fire station/emergency service building." Therefore, the request meets this criterion.

§3.10.6(4):

The authorization of a variance will not be of substantial detriment to adjacent property or to the public good, and the character of the zoning district will not be harmed by the granting of the variance;

Response:

The authorization of this variance request may not be of substantial detriment to the adjacent properties or to the public good, and the character of the AGR Zoning District may not be harmed if the variance is granted. The applicant's letter of intent states, "The character of the zoning district will not be harmed if these variances are granted. The uses of the fire station is existing and based on the site's size constraint and required

emergency service standards of the property was developed in the most efficient way possible. There is no increase nor plans to increase fire department staff or operations at this location from existing operations." Therefore, the request <u>may meet</u> this criterion.

§3.10.6(5):

The Board of Zoning Appeals shall not grant a variance the effect of which would be to allow the establishment of a use not otherwise permitted in a zoning district, to extend physically a nonconforming use of land, or to change the zoning district boundaries shown on the official zoning map. The fact that property may be utilized more profitably, should a variance be granted, may not be considered grounds for a variance;

Response:

The variance does not allow a use that is not permitted in this zoning district, nor does it extend physically a nonconforming use of land or change the zoning district boundaries. In addition, the applicant's letter of intent states, "The existing use is a fire station and proposed use is an upgraded fire station to meet current fire department/emergency service standards and better care for the people of the community." Therefore, the request meets this criterion.

§3.10.6(6):

The need for the variance is not the result of the applicant's own actions;

Response:

The need for the variance may not be **the result of the applicant's o**wn actions. **The applicant's letter of** intent states, "These variances are not a result of any actions. No modifications to the site have been made at this time." Therefore, the request may meet this criterion.

§3.10.6(7):

Granting of the variance does not substantially conflict with the Comprehensive Plan or the purposes of the Ordinance;

Response:

Granting of the variance may not substantially conflict with the *Comprehensive Plan* or the purposes of the *Ordinance* if the Board finds that the strict application of the provisions of the Ordinance results in an unnecessary hardship. Therefore, the request <u>may meet</u> this criterion.

Board of Zoning Appeals' Action:

According to Article 3.10 Zoning Variances, Section §3.10.6 Approval Criteria of the Charleston County Zoning and Land Development Regulations Ordinance (ZLDR), (adopted July 18, 2006), The Board of Zoning Appeals has the authority to hear and decide appeals for a Zoning Variance when strict application of the provisions of this Ordinance would result in unnecessary hardship (§3.10.6A). A Zoning Variance may be granted in an individual case of unnecessary hardship if the Board of Zoning Appeals makes and explains in writing their findings (§3.10.6B Approval Criteria).

In granting a variance, the Board of Zoning Appeals may attach to it such conditions

Page 4 of 5

regarding the location, character, or other features of the proposed building or structure as the Board may consider advisable to protect established property values in the surrounding area or to promote the public health, safety, or general welfare (§3.10.6C).

The Board of Zoning Appeals may approve, approve with conditions or deny Case BZA-03-24-00758 [Variance request to reduce the required buffers and plantings for a new fire station at 5536 and 5228 Hyde Park Road (TMS # 233-00-00-049 and 233-00-00-051) in the St. Pauls Area of Charleston County] based on the BZA's "Findings of Fact", unless additional information is deemed necessary to make an informed decision. In the event the BZA decides to approve the application, Staff recommends the following condition:

1. Prior to zoning permit approval, the applicant shall complete the Site Plan Review process and the applicant shall complete the subdivision process to combine the two properties.

ZONING VARIANCE APPLICATION Charleston County Board of Zoning Appeals (BZA)

Property Information St. Paul's Fire	e Station #2			
Subject Property Address: 5536 HYDE	PARK RD Hollywood	d, SC 2944	19	
Tax Map Number(s): 2330000049, 233	30000051			
Current Use of Property: Fire Station				
Proposed Use of Property: Fire Station				
Zoning Variance Description:				
Applicant Information (Required)				
Applicant Name (please print): Clayton St	oddard			
Name of Company (if applicable): Mitchell	Construction Co.			
Mailing Address: PO Box 559				
City: Walterboro	State: SC			Zip Code: 29448
Email Address: Clayton@mitchellcon.	.com	Ph	one #: 84 3	3-549-7112
Applicant Signature:				Date:
Representative Information (Complete	only if applicable. Attorne	ey, Builder, En	igineer, Sun	veyor etc.)
Print Representative Name and Name of Cor	mpany: Hussey Gay B	Bell (POC k	Kelsey Sa	antiago)
Mailing Address: 474 Wando Park Blv	d. Suite 201			
City: Mt. Pleasant	State: SC		Zip	Code: 29464
Email Address:ksantiago@husseygay	/bell.com	Ph	one #: 843	8 849 7500
Designation of Agent (Complete only if	the Applicant listed above	is not the Pro	perty Owne	er.)
I hereby appoint the person named as Applic	cant and/or Representative	e as my (our) a	agent to rep	present me (us) in this application.
Property Owner(s) Name(s) (please print):	Truss Johnson, Fire	e Chief		
Name of Company (if applicable, LLC etc.):	St. Paul's Fire Distri	ict		
Property Owner(s) Mailing Address: 6488	3 Hwy 162			
City: Hollywood	State: SC Z	ip Code: 29	470	Phone #: 843-889-8874
Property Owner(s) Email Address: t.johrs	on@stpfd.org			
Property Owner(s) Signature:				Date: 2-8-2024
	FOR OFFICE US	E ONLY:		THE PARTY OF THE P
Zoning District AGR Flood Zo	1 (70)	M Date F	iled:03-0	01-2024 Fee Paid:250.00CC
Application #: BZB 03-24-007	58 TMS #: 233 0	0-00-040	9	Staff Initials:

Description of Request

Please describe your proposal in detail. You may attach a separate sheet if necessary. Additionally, you may provide any supporting materials that are applicable to your request (photographs, letter of support, etc.)

Additional Letter from Fire Department is forthcoming

1. BZA Variance requested to reduce ROW buffer adjacent to SCDOT ROW for building installation with associated drainage infrastructure and pond grading; ROW buffer is reduced (to 10' for the pond, 27' for the building and 18' for the parking) for approx 335 linear feet.

BZA Variance requested to reduce land use buffer adjacent to a residential use parcel (zoned AGR) for pond grading;
 adjacent to TMS 2330000010, 15' land use buffer is reduced by 7' to approx. 8' at the narrowest point for approx. 175 linear

eet.

3. BZA Variance requested to reduce the number of plantings in the required Type G buffer adjacent to Hyde Park Road.

Applicant's response to Article 3.10 Zoning Variances, §3.10.6 Approval Criteria

Zoning Variances may be approved only if the Board of Zoning Appeals finds that the proposed use meets all 7 of the approval criteria. In evaluating your request, the members of the board will review the answers below as a part of the case record. You may attach a separate sheet if necessary.

1. Are there extraordinary and exceptional conditions pertaining to the subject property? Explain:

1. Due to the limited size and triangular nature of the site, design requirements necessary for the fire station building, design requirements for stormwater and designated fire station visitor parking locations development (parking) to be located within ROW buffer; a variance is being requested to reduced the ROW buffer from 50' (to 10' for the pond, 27' for the building and 18' for the parking) for approx 335 linear feet. Additionally, encroachment into the right-of-way buffer saves a 28" Oak Tree and significantly reduces the encroachment of site improvements into the tree protection (encroachments are less than 25%).

2. Due to the proposed size of the fire station building to meet current design standards, requirements for a looped driveway system around the fire station for emergency vehicles, and limited site size constraints, the land use buffer adjacent to the residential parcel for the pond grading must be reduced to approx 8' for approx. 175 linear feet.

3. Due to the proposed size of the fire station building to meet current design standards, requirements for a looped driveway system around the fire station for emergency vehicles, and limited site size constraints, plantings in the Type G Buffer must be reduced from 28 to 21 canopy trees and 41 to 38 under-story

trees adjacent to the Hyde Park ROW.

2. Do these conditions generally apply to other property in the vicinity or are they unique to the subject property? Explain:

These conditions are unique to this subject property due to the size and triangular nature of the site. Required emergency service/fire station parameters must also be met for the proposed fire station use. There is no increase nor plans to increase fire department staff or operations from existing operations.

3. Because of these extraordinary and exceptional conditions, would the application of this Ordinance to the subject property effectively prohibit or unreasonably restrict the utilization of the property? Explain:

The application of these Ordinances to the subject property would effectively prohibit or unreasonably restrict the utilization of the property for the upgrades of the existing fire station. These variances being requested are due to the small and unique design requirements that are necessary for a fire station/emergency service building.

	the character of the zoning district be harmed if this variance is granted? Explain:
and effic	character of the zoning district will not be harmed if these variances are granted. The uses of the fire station is existing based on the site's size constraint and required emergency service standards of the property was developed in the most sient way possible. There is no increase nor plans to increase fire department staff or operations at this location from string operations.
5.	The BZA shall not grant a variance the effect of which would be to allow the establishment of a use not otherwise permitted in a zoning district, to extend physically a Nonconforming Use of land, or to change the zoning district boundaries shown on the Official Zoning Map. The fact that property may be utilized more profitably if a Zoning Variance is granted shall not be considered grounds for granting a Zoning Variance. Does the variance request meet this criterion?
Yes, to me	the variances request meet the criterion. The existing use in an fire station and proposed use is an upgraded fire station eet current fire department/emergency service standards and better care for the people of the community.
6. Thes	Is the need for the variance the result of your own actions? Explain: e variances are not a result of any actions. No modifications to the site have been made at this time.
7.	Does the variance substantially conflict with the Charleston County Comprehensive Plan or the purposes of the Ordinance? Explain
The	variances do not substantially conflict with the Charleston County Comprehensive Plan.

Will the authorization of a variance be a substantial detriment to adjacent property or to the public good? Will

In granting a variance, the Board of Zoning Appeals may attach to it such conditions regarding the location, character, or other features of the proposed building or structure as the Board may consider advisable to protect established property values in the surrounding area or to promote the public health, safety, or general welfare.



6488 Hwy 162, Hollywood, SC 29449 843-889-8874 office 843-889-6459 fax www.stpaulsfiredept.org

Date: February 20, 2024

To: Charleston County Zoning Board of Appeals

Re: St. Paul's Fire District Station #2

From the beginning of the St. Paul's Fire District Station 2 project, the leadership of the St. Paul's Fire District has been directly involved in the design development of the new station in the Sauldam Community located on Hyde Park Rd. As currently designed and laid out, the features contained within are essential to the operation of this new station, integral to our standard operating procedures, and typical of all new fire stations.

The existing site is centrally located within the Sauldam service area and uniquely situated to provide the best access to the residents there. It is also already owned by the St. Paul's Fire District. For these reasons, the existing parcel is the most advantageous location for the construction of the new facility, despite the site's limitations in size and dimension.

Finally, to address any concerns regarding future effects on traffic and noise, the staffing size and subsequent level of activity at this particular site will not increase. The replacement of the existing building(s) with an updated and larger facility is intended to improve the work conditions of current firefighters and ultimately enhance the quality of services for the residents of the Sauldam and surrounding communities. I appreciate your consideration and accommodation of this much-needed improvement to our services.

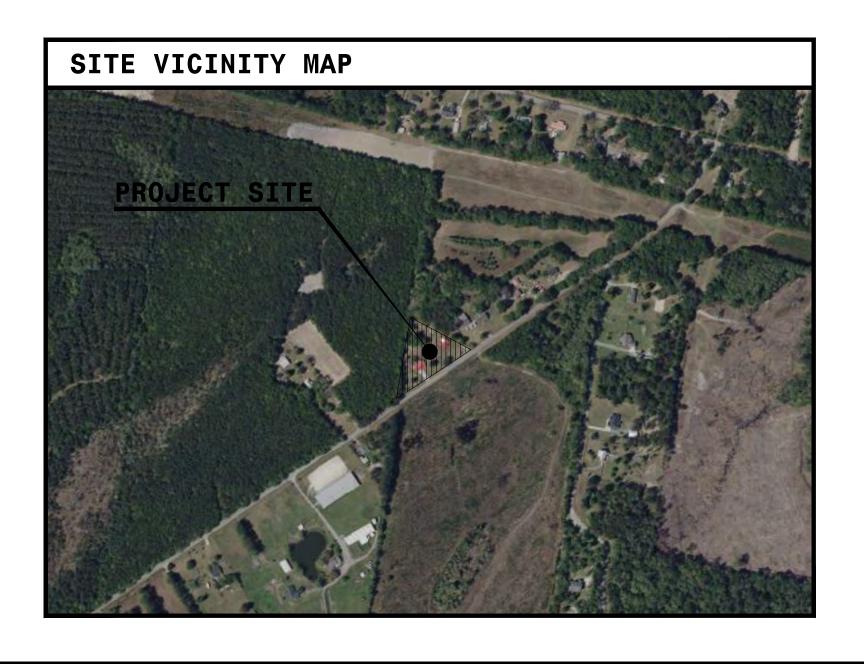
Thank you,

Truss Johnson

Fire Chief

SITE DEVELOPMENT PLANS **FOR** ST. PAUL'S FIRE STATION

HYDE PARK ROAD CHARLESTON COUNTY, SC TMS# 233-00-00-049 & 233-00-00-051



GENERAL NOTES:

- A COMPLETE SET OF APPROVED DRAWINGS MUST BE MAINTAINED ON SITE AT ALL TIMES THAT THE CONTRACTOR IS

- VERIFIED BY THE ENGINEER. IT WILL BE THE CONTRACTOR'S RESPONSIBILITY TO VERIFY EXISTING FIELD CONDITIONS
- AND IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ANY DAMAGE TO THEM DURING CONSTRUCTION. CONTRACTOR SHALL CONTACT THE STATE'S LOCATION SERVICE AT LEAST 48 HOURS PRIOR TO BEGINNING CONSTRUCTION.
- THE CONTRACTOR SHALL COMPLY WITH ALL RULES AND REGULATIONS OF FEDERAL. STATE. COUNTY AND LOCAL
- ALL MATERIALS. METHODS AND DETAILS OF CONSTRUCTION SHALL CONFORM TO THE STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS OF THE LOCAL MUNICIPALITY AND/OR THE APPROPRIATE UTILITY COMPANY, WHICHEVER TAKES PRECEDENCE.
- ALL RIGHT-OF-WAY CONSTRUCTION SHALL MEET LOCAL AND STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD
- THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO MEET ALL APPLICABLE FEDERAL, OSHA, STATE, & LOCAL REGULATIONS CONCERNING PROJECT SAFETY AND ASSUMES FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR SAFETY ON THE PROJECT.
- ADJOINING PROPERTIES (i.e. PAVEMENT, CURB, SIDEWALK, UTILITIES, LANDSCAPED AREAS etc.). CONTRACTOR SHALL REPAIR/REPLACE ALL DAMAGED ITEMS IMMEDIATELY. IF NECESSARY. OR PRIOR TO THE END OF THE JOB AND AT NO COST
- REGISTERED LAND SURVEYOR FOR SANITARY SEWER AND WATER DISTRIBUTION UTILITIES AS-BUILTS TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE UTILITY PROVIDER AND STORM DRAINAGE AS-BUILTS TO MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF SCDHEC/OCRM OTHER CLOSE-OUT DOCUMENTATION AS NECESSARY TO OBTAIN FINAL CERTIFICATIONS FOR UTILITIES AND STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEMS BY THE ENGINEER AND ASSOCIATED REVIEW AUTHORITIES.
- UTILITY COMPANY AND SUBCONTRACTORS PERFORMING WORK TO AVOID CONFLICTS. GENERAL CONTRACTOR IS ALSO
- COORDINATE WITH THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO MAKING FIELD ADJUSTMENTS.
- 16.THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR THE REMOVAL AND DISPOSAL OF ALL RUBBISH, TRASH, DEBRIS, AND ORGANIO MATERIAL IN A LEGAL MANNER.
- 7.THE CONTRACTOR SHALL REFERENCE THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT AVAILABLE FROM THE OWNER AND COMPLY WITH ALL REPORT RECOMMENDATIONS. IF A CONFLICT ARISES BETWEEN CIVIL DOCUMENTS AND GEOTECHNICAL REPORT, THE MORE

Sheet List Table						
Sheet Number	Sheet Title					
C-001	COVER SHEET					
C-101	EXISTING CONDITIONS & DEMO PLAN					
C-201	SITE PLAN					
C-221	ROAD PROFILES					
C-250	SITE DETAILS					
C-251	SITE DETAILS					
C-301	GRADING PLAN					
C-311	DRAINAGE PLAN					
C-321	DRAINAGE PROFILES					
C-350	DRAINAGE DETAILS					
C-351	DRAINAGE DETAILS					
C-401	UTILITY PLAN					
C-450	WATER DETAILS					
C-451	SEWER DETAILS					
C-501	EROSION CONTROL PLAN - PHASE 1					
C-502	EROSION CONTROL PLAN - PHASE 2					
C-550	EROSION CONTROL NOTES					
C-551	EROSION CONTROL DETAILS					
C-552	EROSION CONTROL DETAILS					
L-101	LANDSCAPE PLAN					
L-150	LANDSCAPE DETAILS					

PROJECT CONTACTS

DEVELOPER

MITCHELL CONSTRUCTION COMPANY 1807 HAMPTON STREET WALTERBORO, SC 29488 CONTACT: CLAYTON STODDARD PHONE: 843-549-7112

EMAIL: clayton@mitchellcon.com

SURVEYOR

ATLANTIC SURVEYING 1723 SAVANNAH HIGHWAY CHARLESTON, SC 29407 CONTACT: COVERT NELSON PHONE: 843-763-6669 FAX: 843-766-7411

SURVEYOR OF RECORD: COVERT NELSON, PLS

CIVIL/SITE

HUSSEY GAY BELL 474 WANDO PARK BOULEVARD MOUNT PLEASANT, SC 29464 CONTACT: WILLIAM GODWIN PHONE: 843-849-7500 843-849-7502 EMAIL: bgodwin@husseygaybell.com

ENGINEER OF RECORD: WILLIAM GODWIN, PE

PLANNING

CHARLESTON COUNTY ZONING AND PLANNING 4045 BRIDGE VIEW DRIVE NORTH CHARLESTON, SC 29405 CONTACT: JOEL EVANS PHONE: 843-202-7200 EMAIL:

TRANSPORTATION

SOUTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION 6355 FAIN STREET NORTH CHARLESTON, SC 29406 CONTACT: WADE GROOMS PHONE: 843-746-6748 EMAIL: GroomsRW@scdot.org

* SEE SITE UTILITY PLAN FOR UTILITY

* THE INDIVIDUALS LISTED HERE-IN ARE INTENDED TO BE POINTS OF CONTACT AND ARE NOT NECESSARILY THE PROFESSIONALS OF RECORD. REFER TO THE INDIVIDUAL DISCIPLINE PLANS FOR INFORMATION REGARDING THE RESPECTIVE PROFESSIONALS OF RECORD.

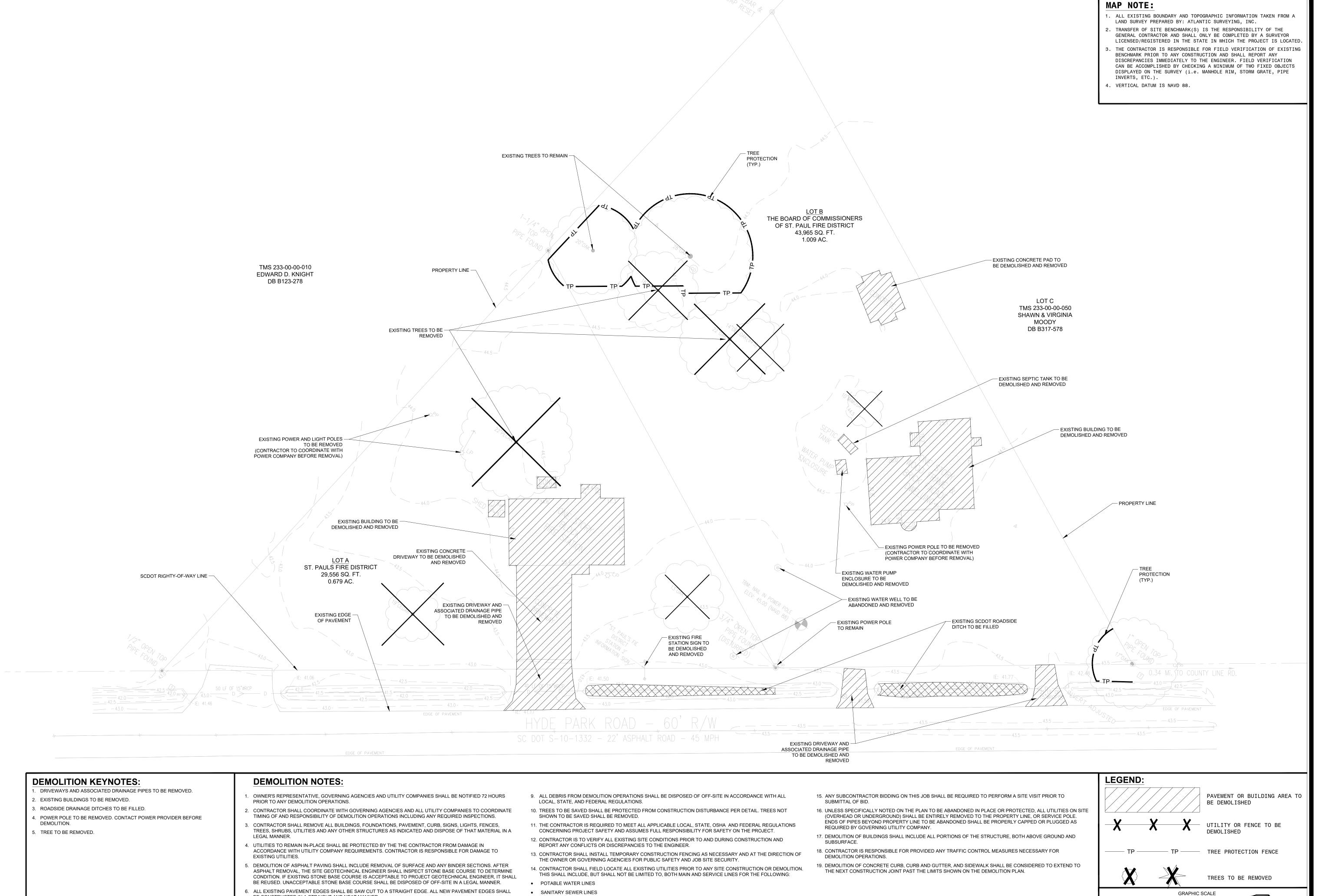


ENGINEERS OF SC

JOB NO.423153600

SCALE: NTS

DRAWING NUMBER



ELECTRIC LINES (OVERHEAD AND UNDERGROUND)

CABLE TELEVISION LINES

STORMWATER CONVEYANCE LINES

BE CONSTRUCTED IN A STRAIGHT AND NEAT MANNER.

. ANY HISTORICALLY SIGNIFICANT ARTICLES (CORNER STONES, ETC.) FOUND DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE PRESENTED TO THE OWNER FOR CLASSIFICATION. CONTRACTOR SHALL STOP WORK IN THE AREA OF THE FIND AND IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE OWNER AND GOVERNING AGENCIES FOR DIRECTION. THE OWNER SHALL RETAIN

8. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL TURN OVER ANY REMOVED PUBLIC UTILITY ITEMS, i.e. WATER METERS, TO THE UTILITY

ALL MATERIAL IT CONSIDERS SIGNIFICANT. ALL OTHER MATERIAL SHALL BE DISPOSED OF OFF-SITE.

DEPARTMENT. ALL OTHER MATERIAL SHALL BE DISPOSED OF OFF-SITE IN A LEGAL MANNER.

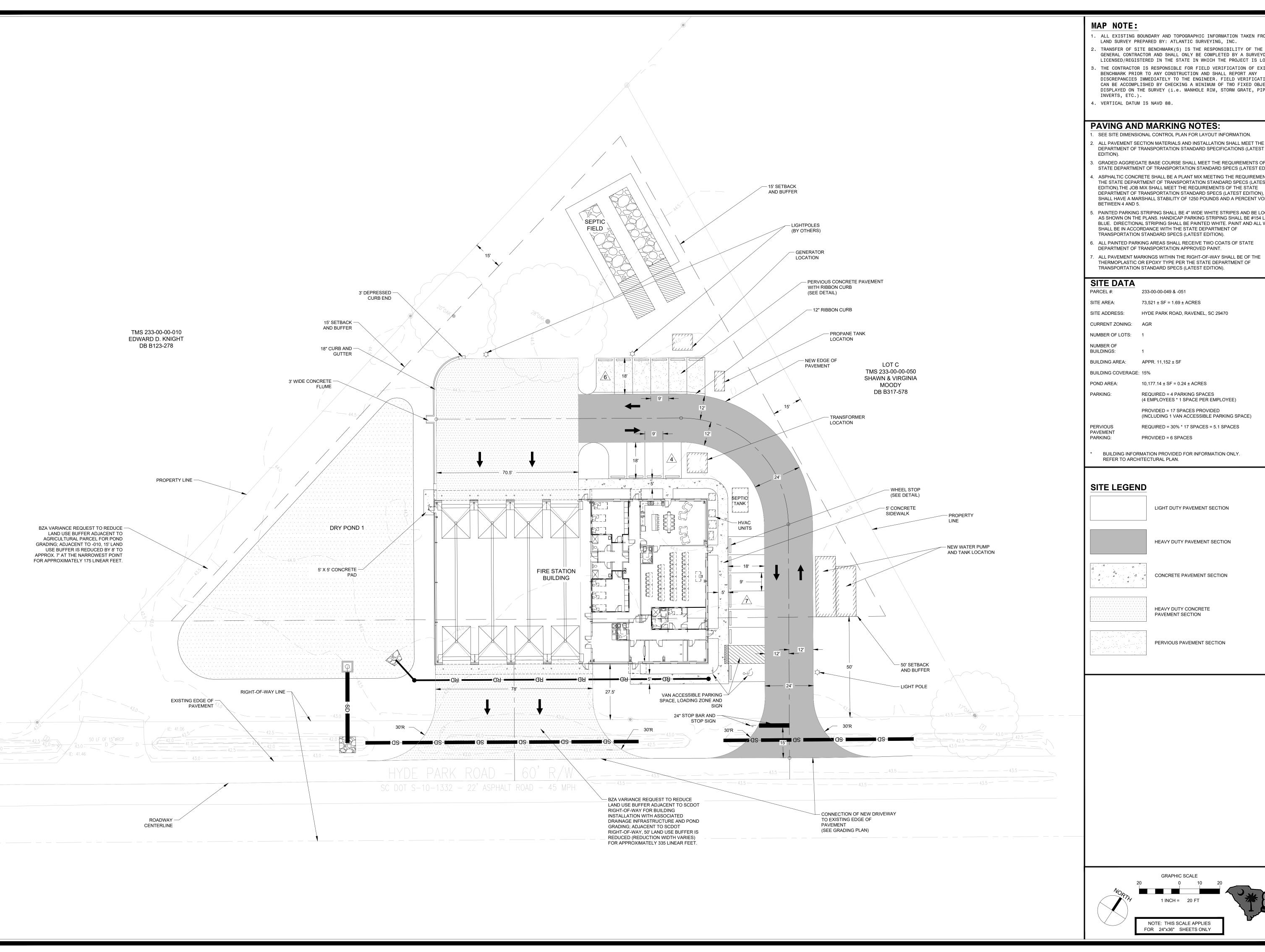
ENGINEERS OF SC

JOB NO.423153600 CALE: AS NOTED

DRAWING NUMBER

NOTE: THIS SCALE APPLIES

FOR 24"x36" SHEETS ONLY



. ALL EXISTING BOUNDARY AND TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION TAKEN FROM A LAND SURVEY PREPARED BY: ATLANTIC SURVEYING, INC.

TRANSFER OF SITE BENCHMARK(S) IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR AND SHALL ONLY BE COMPLETED BY A SURVEYOR LICENSED/REGISTERED IN THE STATE IN WHICH THE PROJECT IS LOCATED.

THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR FIELD VERIFICATION OF EXISTING BENCHMARK PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES IMMEDIATELY TO THE ENGINEER. FIELD VERIFICATION CAN BE ACCOMPLISHED BY CHECKING A MINIMUM OF TWO FIXED OBJECTS DISPLAYED ON THE SURVEY (i.e. MANHOLE RIM, STORM GRATE, PIPE

- 1. SEE SITE DIMENSIONAL CONTROL PLAN FOR LAYOUT INFORMATION. 2. ALL PAVEMENT SECTION MATERIALS AND INSTALLATION SHALL MEET THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS (LATEST
- GRADED AGGREGATE BASE COURSE SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD SPECS (LATEST EDITION)
- ASPHALTIC CONCRETE SHALL BE A PLANT MIX MEETING THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD SPECS (LATEST EDITION).THE JOB MIX SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD SPECS (LATEST EDITION), AND SHALL HAVE A MARSHALL STABILITY OF 1250 POUNDS AND A PERCENT VOIDS
- PAINTED PARKING STRIPING SHALL BE 4" WIDE WHITE STRIPES AND BE LOCATED AS SHOWN ON THE PLANS. HANDICAP PARKING STRIPING SHALL BE #154 LIGHT BLUE. DIRECTIONAL STRIPING SHALL BE PAINTED WHITE. PAINT AND ALL WORK SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD SPECS (LATEST EDITION).
- ALL PAINTED PARKING AREAS SHALL RECEIVE TWO COATS OF STATE
- THERMOPLASTIC OR EPOXY TYPE PER THE STATE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD SPECS (LATEST EDITION).

HYDE PARK ROAD, RAVENEL, SC 29470

PROVIDED = 17 SPACES PROVIDED

BUILDING INFORMATION PROVIDED FOR INFORMATION ONLY.

LIGHT DUTY PAVEMENT SECTION

HEAVY DUTY PAVEMENT SECTION

HEAVY DUTY CONCRETE

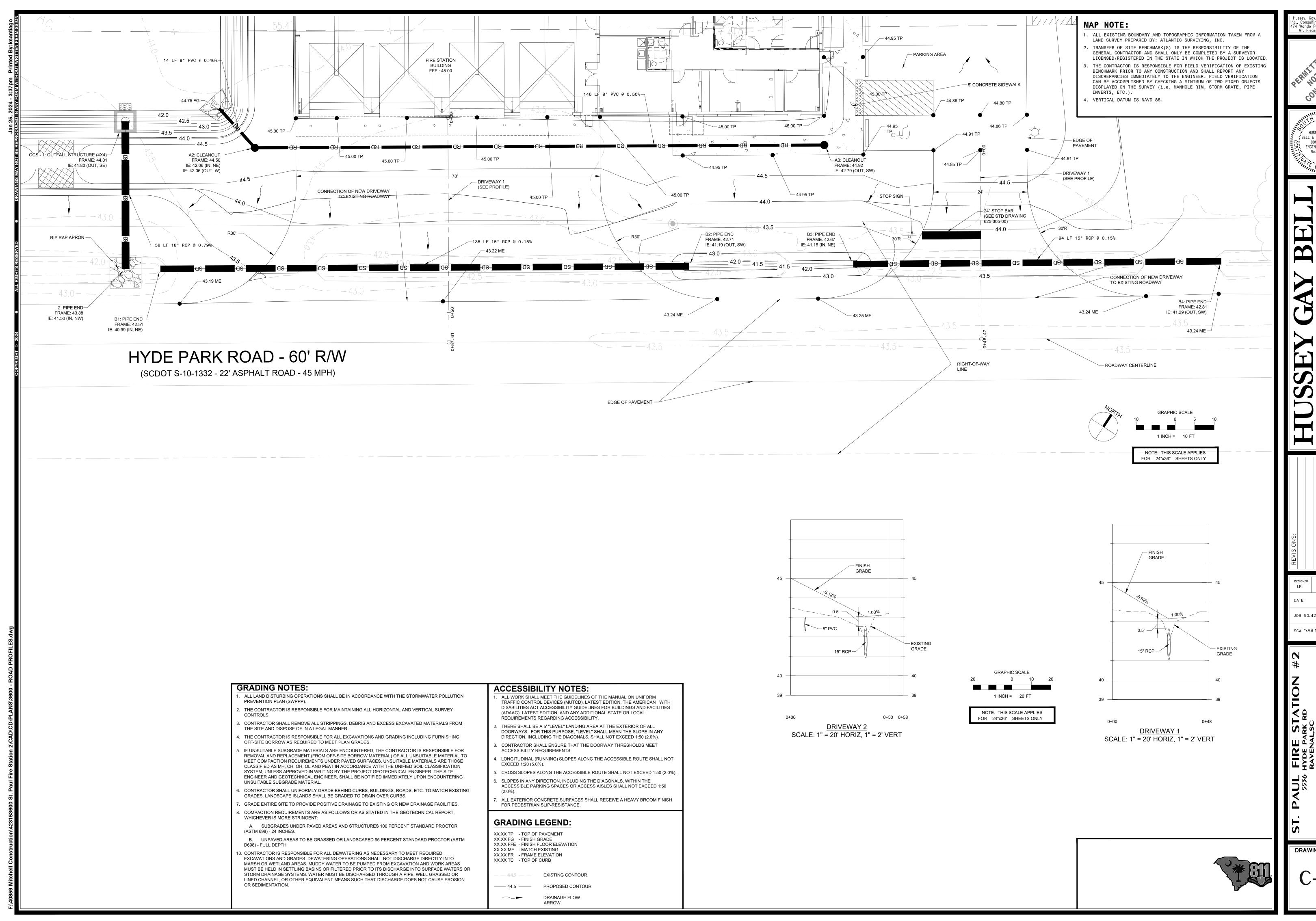
PERVIOUS PAVEMENT SECTION



BELL & DEYOUNG, INC ENGINEERS OF SC

JOB NO.423153600 SCALE: AS NOTED

DRAWING NUMBER

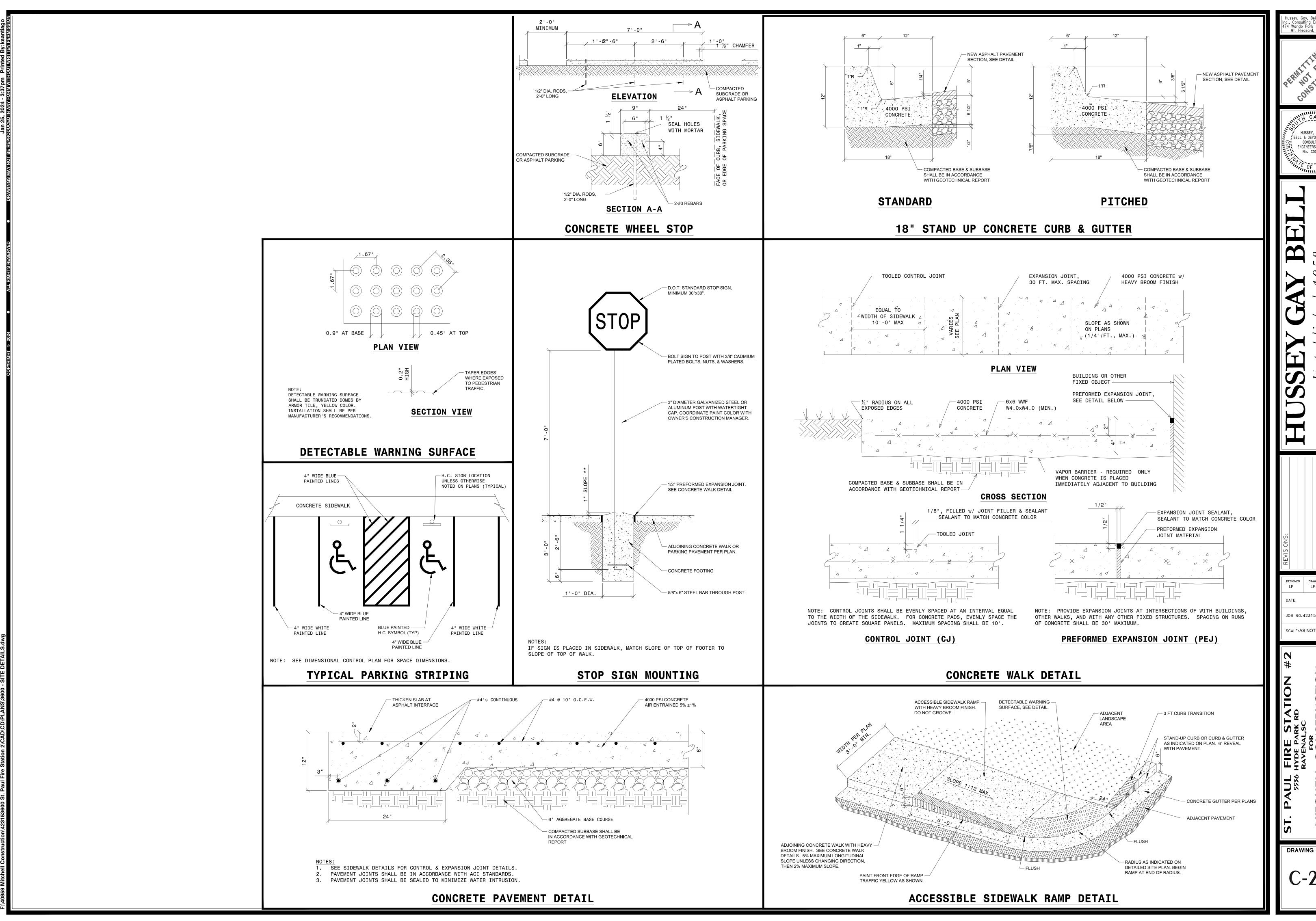


ENGINEERS OF SC

JOB NO.423153600

SCALE: AS NOTED

DRAWING NUMBER



BELL & DEYOUNG, INC ENGINEERS OF SC

JOB NO.423153600

SCALE: AS NOTED

DRAWING NUMBER

PERVIOUS CONCRETE PAVEMENT INSTALLATION/EROSION SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES:

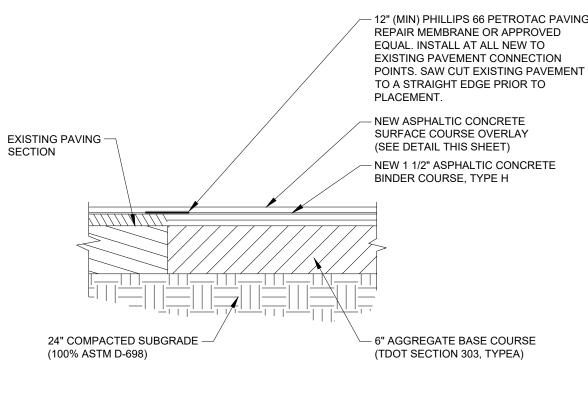
REFERENCE: LOW IMPACT DEVELOPMENT IN COASTAL SOUTH CAROLINA: A PLANNING AND DESIGN GUIDE

EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS. THE FOLLOWING EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL GUIDELINES MUST BE FOLLOWED DURING CONSTRUCTION:

- ALL PERMEABLE PAVEMENT AREAS SHOULD BE FULLY PROTECTED FROM SEDIMENT INTRUSION BY SILT FENCE OR CONSTRUCTION FENCING, PARTICULARLY IF THEY ARE INTENDED TO INFILTRATE RUNOFF.
- INTENDED PERMEABLE PAVEMENT AREAS MUST REMAIN OUTSIDE THE LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE DURING CONSTRUCTION TO PREVENT SOIL COMPACTION BY HEAVY EQUIPMENT (UNLESS THE AREA HAS BEEN DETERMINED TO HAVE A LOW CBR AND WILL REQUIRE COMPACTION DURING THE PERMEABLE PAVEMENT CONSTRUCTION PHASE). WHERE THIS IS UNAVOIDABLE, THE IMPACTED AREA SHOULD NOT BE EXCAVATED BELOW 2 FEET ABOVE THE FINAL DESIGN ELEVATION OF THE BOTTOM OF THE AGGREGATE RESERVOIR COURSE UNTIL FURTHER COMPACTION BY HEAVY EQUIPMENT CAN BE AVOIDED. ONCE THE AREA IS EXCAVATED TO GRADE, THE IMPACTED AREA SHOULD BE TILLED TO A DEPTH OF 12 INCHES BELOW THE BOTTOM OF THE RESERVOIR LAYER. PERMEABLE PAVEMENT AREAS MUST BE CLEARLY MARKED ON ALL CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS AND GRADING PLANS.
- DURING CONSTRUCTION, CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO AVOID TRACKING SEDIMENTS ONTO ANY PERMEABLE PAVEMENT SURFACE TO AVOID CLOGGING.
- ANY AREA OF THE SITE INTENDED ULTIMATELY TO BE A PERMEABLE PAVEMENT AREA SHOULD GENERALLY NOT BE USED AS THE SITE OF A TEMPORARY SEDIMENT BASIN. WHERE LOCATING A SEDIMENT BASIN ON AN AREA INTENDED FOR PERMEABLE PAVEMENT IS UNAVOIDABLE, THE INVERT OF THE SEDIMENT BASIN MUST BE A MINIMUM OF 2 FEET ABOVE THE FINAL DESIGN ELEVATION OF THE BOTTOM OF THE AGGREGATE RESERVOIR COURSE. ALL SEDIMENT DEPOSITS IN THE EXCAVATED AREA SHOULD BE CAREFULLY REMOVED PRIOR TO INSTALLING THE SUB-BASE, BASE, AND SURFACE MATERIALS.

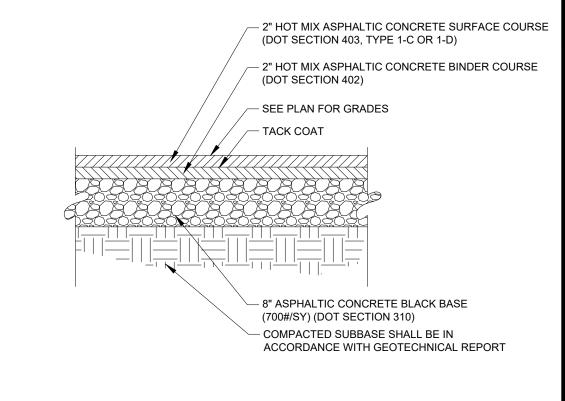
INSTALLATION OF PERVIOUS CONCRETE. THE BASIC INSTALLATION SEQUENCE FOR PERVIOUS CONCRETE IS OUTLINED BY THE NATIONAL READY MIXED CONCRETE ASSOCIATION (NRMCA, 2004). IT IS STRONGLY RECOMMENDED THAT CONCRETE INSTALLERS SUCCESSFULLY COMPLETE A RECOGNIZED PERVIOUS CONCRETE INSTALLERS TRAINING PROGRAM, SUCH AS THE PERVIOUS CONCRETE CONTRACTOR CERTIFICATION PROGRAM OFFERED BY THE NRMCA. THE BASIC INSTALLATION PROCEDURE IS AS FOLLOWS:

- 1. DRIVE THE CONCRETE TRUCK AS CLOSE TO THE PROJECT SITE AS POSSIBLE.
- WATER THE UNDERLYING AGGREGATE (RESERVOIR LAYER) BEFORE THE CONCRETE IS PLACED, SO THE AGGREGATE DOES NOT DRAW MOISTURE FROM THE FRESHLY LAID
- AFTER THE CONCRETE IS PLACED, APPROXIMATELY % TO ½ INCH IS STRUCK OFF, USING A VIBRATORY SCREED. THIS IS TO ALLOW FOR COMPACTION OF THE CONCRETE PAVEMENT.
- 4. THE CURING PROCESS IS VERY IMPORTANT FOR PERVIOUS CONCRETE. CONCRETE INSTALLERS SHOULD FOLLOW MANUFACTURER SPECIFICATIONS TO THE EXTENT ALLOWED BY ON-SITE CONDITIONS WHEN CURING PERVIOUS CONCRETE.
- REMOVE THE PLASTIC SHEETING ONLY AFTER THE PROPER CURING TIME. INSPECT THE FACILITY 18 TO 30 HOURS AFTER A SIGNIFICANT RAINFALL (GREATER THAN 1/2 INCH) OR ARTIFICIAL FLOODING, TO DETERMINE THE FACILITY IS DRAINING PROPERLY.
- COMPACT THE PAVEMENT WITH A STEEL PIPE ROLLER. CARE SHOULD BE TAKEN TO ENSURE OVER COMPACTION DOES NOT OCCUR
- 7. CUT JOINTS FOR THE CONCRETE TO A DEPTH OF \(\frac{1}{4} \) INCH.



ALL PAVING MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS (LATEST EDITION). SEE GENERAL NOTES

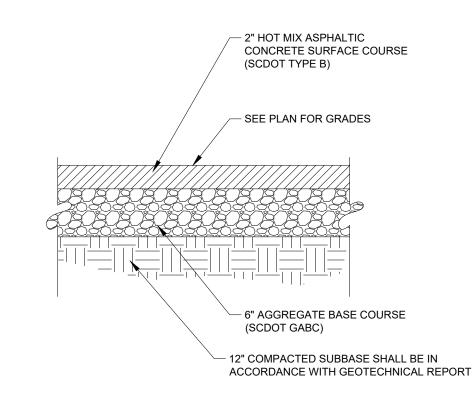
TYPICAL NEW TO EXISTING **ASPHALT PAVEMENT CONNECTION**



ALL MATERIALS AND INSTALLATION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE DOT STANDARD SPECIFICATION (LATEST EDITION).

DOT RIGHT-OF-WAY ASPHALT PAVEMENT

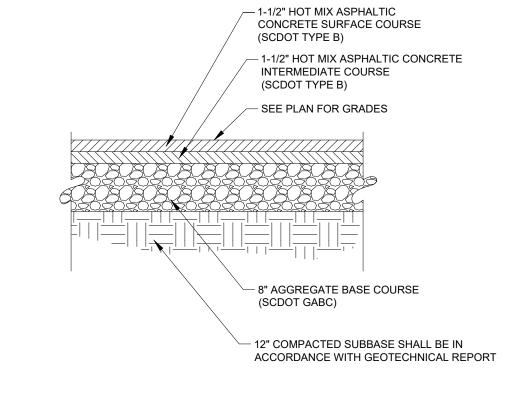
CONTRACTOR SHALL REFER TO GEOTECHNICAL REPORT FOR FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS.



ALL MATERIALS AND INSTALLATION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE DOT STANDARD

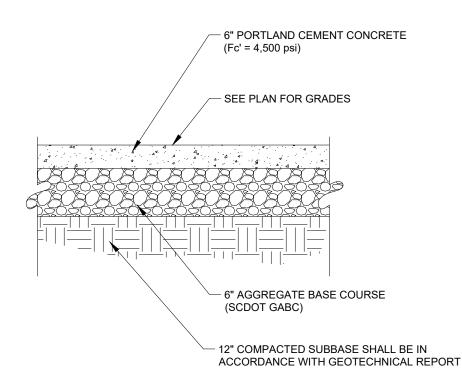
SPECIFICATION (LATEST EDITION). . CONTRACTOR SHALL REFER TO GEOTECHNICAL REPORT FOR FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS.

STANDARD DUTY ASPHALT PAVEMENT

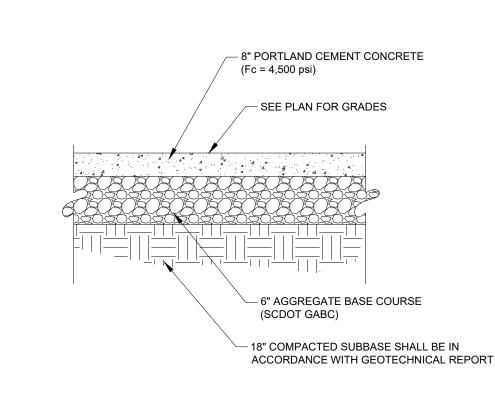


ALL MATERIALS AND INSTALLATION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE DOT STANDARD SPECIFICATION (LATEST EDITION).

CONTRACTOR SHALL REFER TO GEOTECHNICAL REPORT FOR FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS. **HEAVY DUTY ASPHALT PAVEMENT**

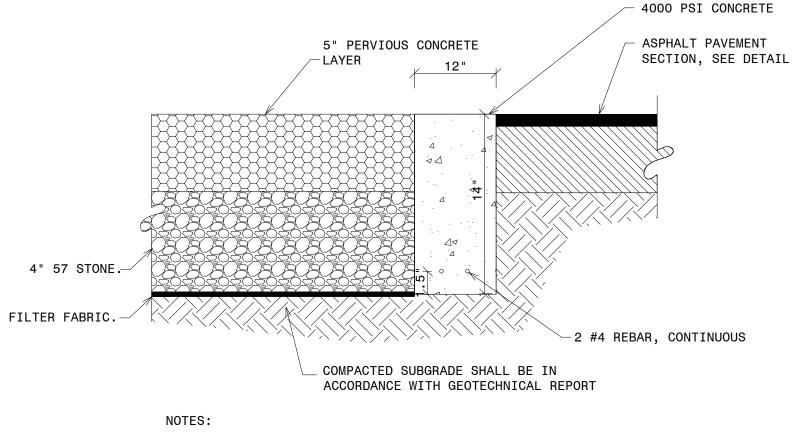


ALL MATERIALS AND INSTALLATION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE DOT STANDARD SPECIFICATION (LATEST EDITION) (SEE SECTION 720).



ALL MATERIALS AND INSTALLATION SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH STATE DOT STANDARD SPECIFICATION (LATEST EDITION) (SEE SECTION 720). CONTRACTOR SHALL REFER TO GEOTECHNICAL REPORT FOR FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS.

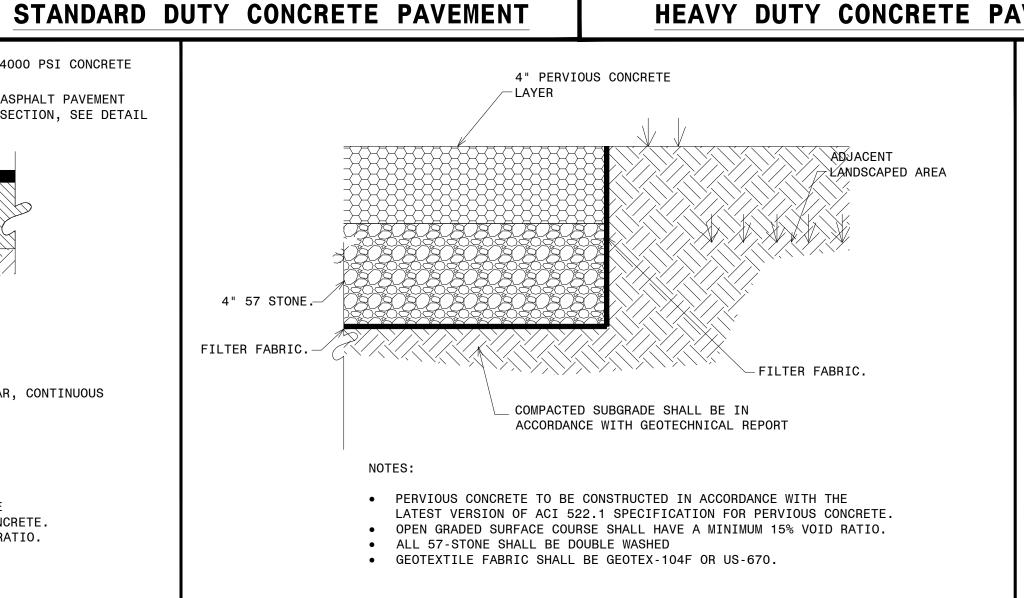
HEAVY DUTY CONCRETE PAVEMENT



• PERVIOUS CONCRETE TO BE CONSTRUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LATEST VERSION OF ACI 522.1 SPECIFICATION FOR PERVIOUS CONCRETE. • OPEN GRADED SURFACE COURSE SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM 15% VOID RATIO.

 ALL 57-STONE SHALL BE DOUBLE WASHED • GEOTEXTILE FABRIC SHALL BE GEOTEX-104F OR US-670

TYPICAL PERVIOUS CONCRETE PAVEMENT SECTION WITH RIBBON CURB



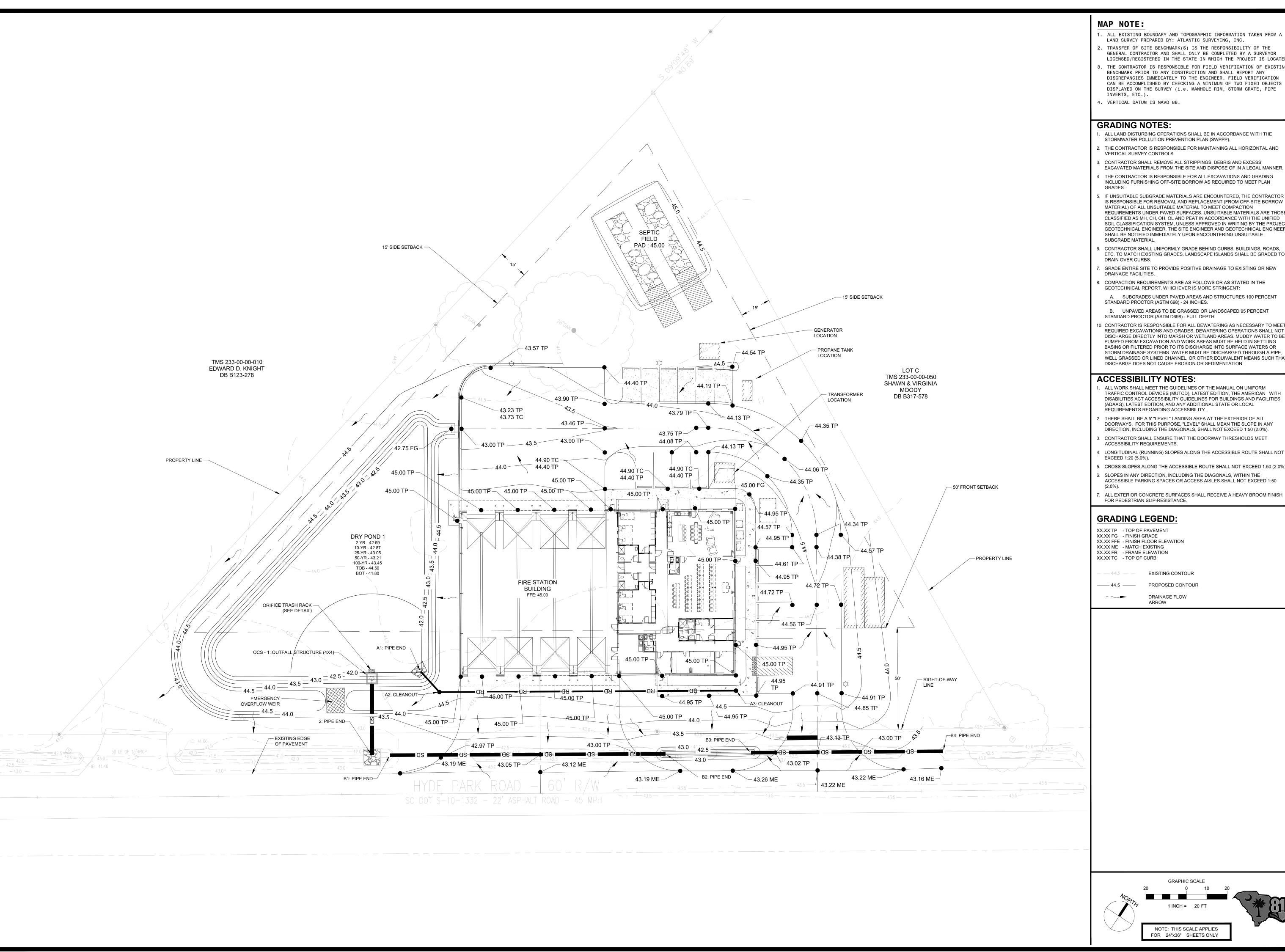
TYPICAL PERVIOUS CONCRETE SIDEWALK PAVEMENT SECTION JOB NO.423153600

ENGINEERS OF SC

SCALE: AS NOTED

DRAWING NUMBER

 \mathbb{C} -25



. ALL EXISTING BOUNDARY AND TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION TAKEN FROM A

LAND SURVEY PREPARED BY: ATLANTIC SURVEYING, INC. TRANSFER OF SITE BENCHMARK(S) IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE

LICENSED/REGISTERED IN THE STATE IN WHICH THE PROJECT IS LOCATED. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR FIELD VERIFICATION OF EXISTING BENCHMARK PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES IMMEDIATELY TO THE ENGINEER. FIELD VERIFICATION CAN BE ACCOMPLISHED BY CHECKING A MINIMUM OF TWO FIXED OBJECTS

. ALL LAND DISTURBING OPERATIONS SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE

THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR MAINTAINING ALL HORIZONTAL AND

CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL STRIPPINGS, DEBRIS AND EXCESS

EXCAVATED MATERIALS FROM THE SITE AND DISPOSE OF IN A LEGAL MANNER.

THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL EXCAVATIONS AND GRADING INCLUDING FURNISHING OFF-SITE BORROW AS REQUIRED TO MEET PLAN

IF UNSUITABLE SUBGRADE MATERIALS ARE ENCOUNTERED, THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR REMOVAL AND REPLACEMENT (FROM OFF-SITE BORROW MATERIAL) OF ALL UNSUITABLE MATERIAL TO MEET COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS UNDER PAVED SURFACES. UNSUITABLE MATERIALS ARE THOSE CLASSIFIED AS MH, CH, OH, OL AND PEAT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFIED SOIL CLASSIFICATION SYSTEM, UNLESS APPROVED IN WRITING BY THE PROJECT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER. THE SITE ENGINEER AND GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER, SHALL BE NOTIFIED IMMEDIATELY UPON ENCOUNTERING UNSUITABLE

CONTRACTOR SHALL UNIFORMLY GRADE BEHIND CURBS, BUILDINGS, ROADS, ETC. TO MATCH EXISTING GRADES. LANDSCAPE ISLANDS SHALL BE GRADED TO

GRADE ENTIRE SITE TO PROVIDE POSITIVE DRAINAGE TO EXISTING OR NEW

COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS ARE AS FOLLOWS OR AS STATED IN THE GEOTECHNICAL REPORT, WHICHEVER IS MORE STRINGENT:

A. SUBGRADES UNDER PAVED AREAS AND STRUCTURES 100 PERCENT

B. UNPAVED AREAS TO BE GRASSED OR LANDSCAPED 95 PERCENT

D. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ALL DEWATERING AS NECESSARY TO MEET REQUIRED EXCAVATIONS AND GRADES. DEWATERING OPERATIONS SHALL NOT DISCHARGE DIRECTLY INTO MARSH OR WETLAND AREAS. MUDDY WATER TO BE PUMPED FROM EXCAVATION AND WORK AREAS MUST BE HELD IN SETTLING BASINS OR FILTERED PRIOR TO ITS DISCHARGE INTO SURFACE WATERS OR STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEMS. WATER MUST BE DISCHARGED THROUGH A PIPE, WELL GRASSED OR LINED CHANNEL, OR OTHER EQUIVALENT MEANS SUCH THA DISCHARGE DOES NOT CAUSE EROSION OR SEDIMENTATION.

TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES (MUTCD), LATEST EDITION, THE AMERICAN WITH DISABILITIES ACT ACCESSIBILITY GUIDELINES FOR BUILDINGS AND FACILITIES (ADAAG), LATEST EDITION, AND ANY ADDITIONAL STATE OR LOCAL

DIRECTION, INCLUDING THE DIAGONALS, SHALL NOT EXCEED 1:50 (2.0%). CONTRACTOR SHALL ENSURE THAT THE DOORWAY THRESHOLDS MEET

CROSS SLOPES ALONG THE ACCESSIBLE ROUTE SHALL NOT EXCEED 1:50 (2.0%).

ALL EXTERIOR CONCRETE SURFACES SHALL RECEIVE A HEAVY BROOM FINISH

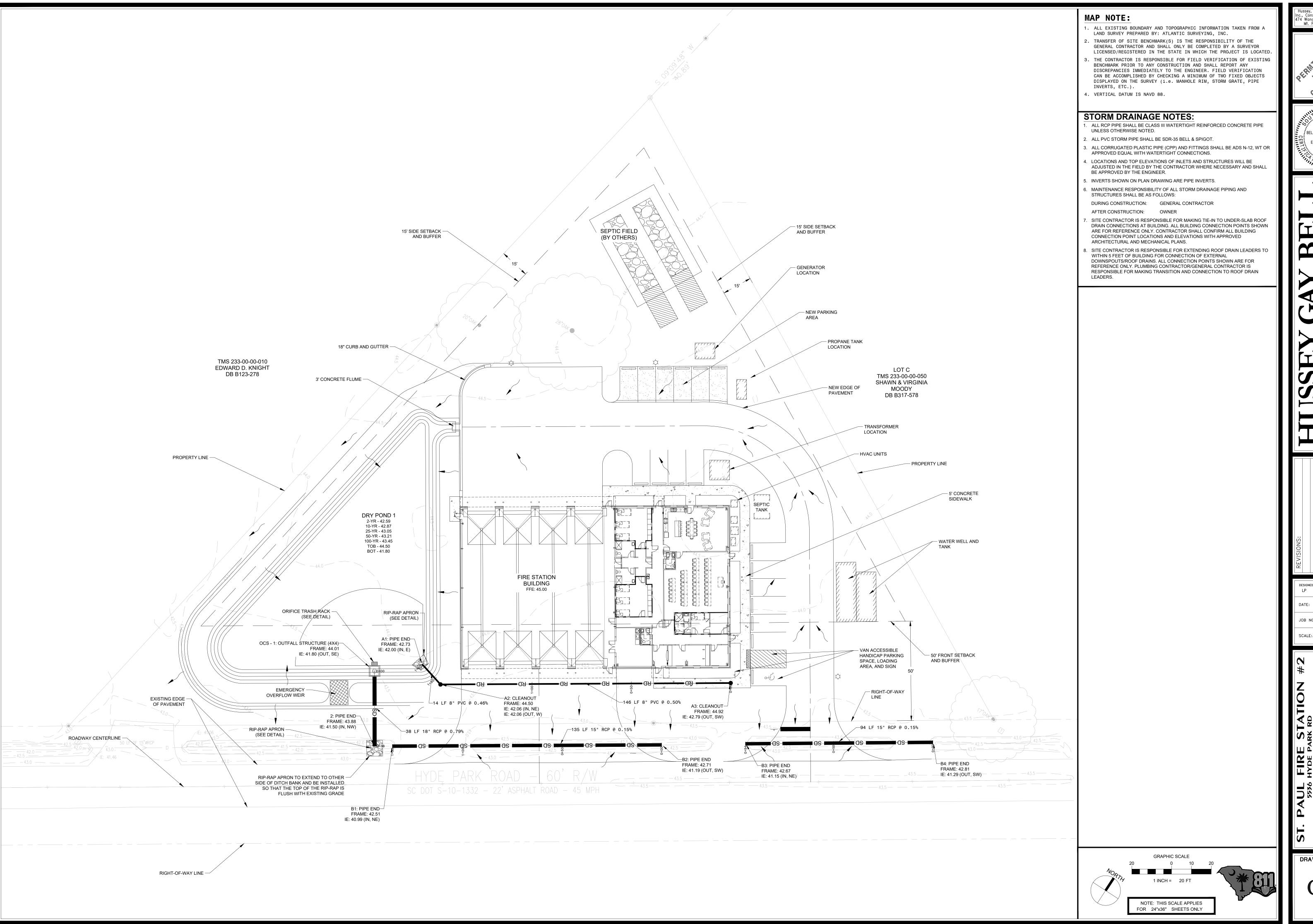
JOB NO.423153600

BELL & DEYOUNG, INC

ENGINEERS OF SC

SCALE: AS NOTED

DRAWING NUMBER



BELL & DEYOUNG, INC ENGINEERS OF SC

JOB NO.423153600

SCALE: AS NOTED

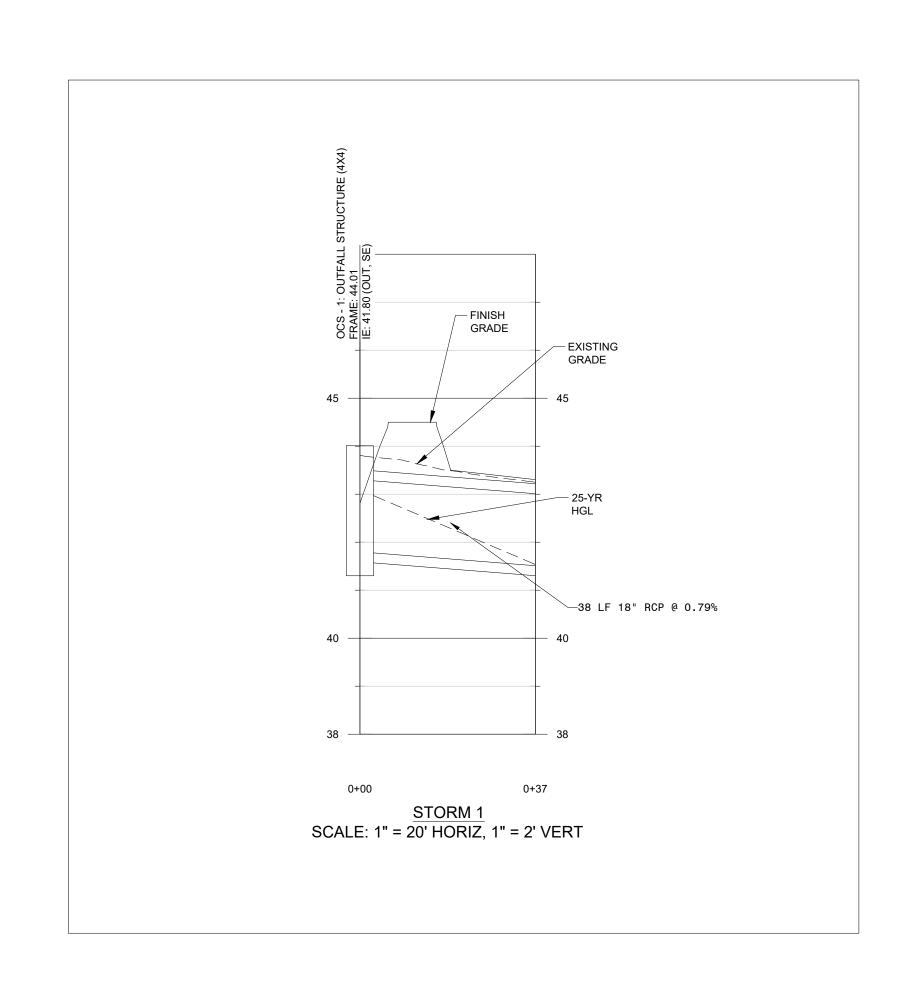
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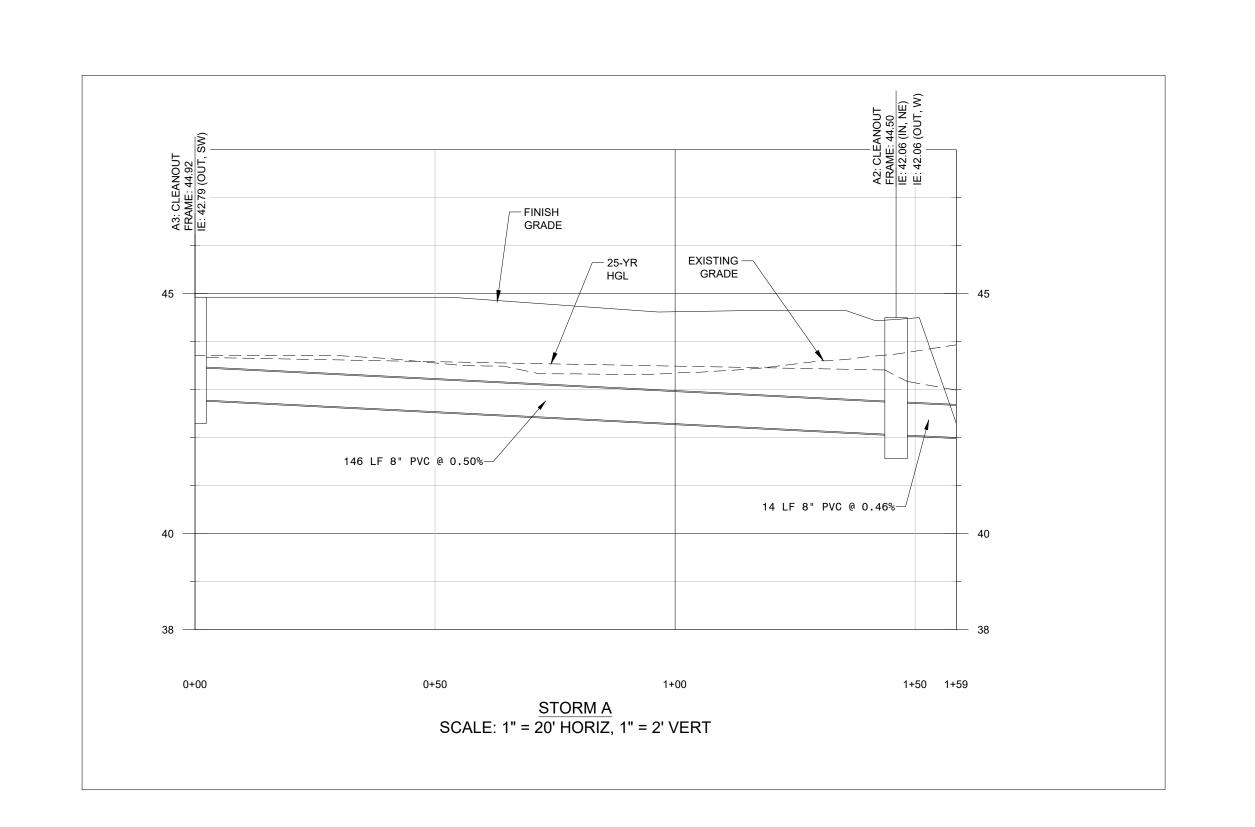
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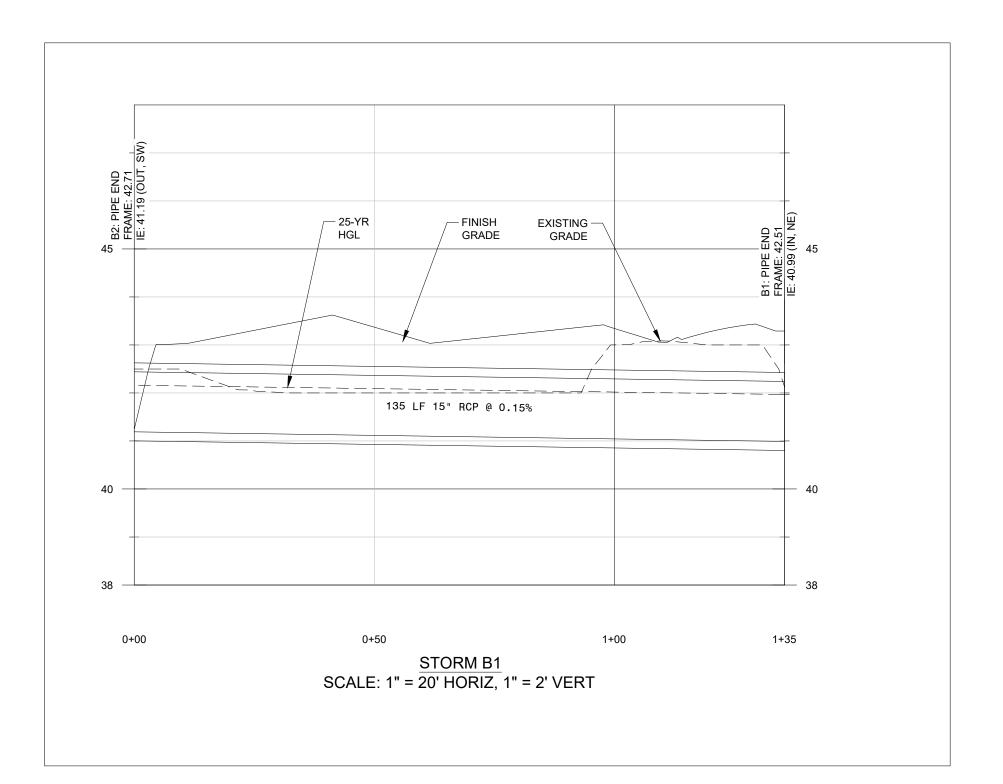
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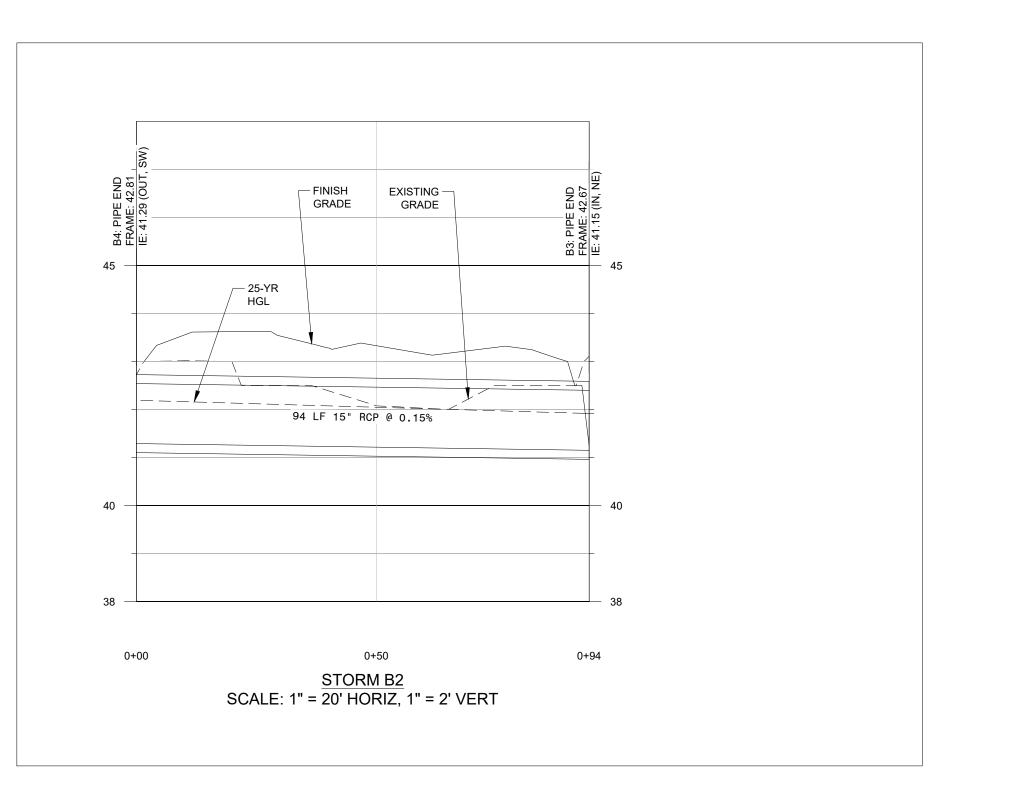
GENERAL CONTRACTOR AND SHALL ONLY BE COMPLETED BY A SURVEYOR LICENSED/REGISTERED IN THE STATE IN WHICH THE PROJECT IS LOCATED. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR FIELD VERIFICATION OF EXISTING BENCHMARK PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES IMMEDIATELY TO THE ENGINEER. FIELD VERIFICATION CAN BE ACCOMPLISHED BY CHECKING A MINIMUM OF TWO FIXED OBJECTS DISPLAYED ON THE SURVEY (i.e. MANHOLE RIM, STORM GRATE, PIPE INVERTS, ETC.).

4. VERTICAL DATUM IS NAVD 88.







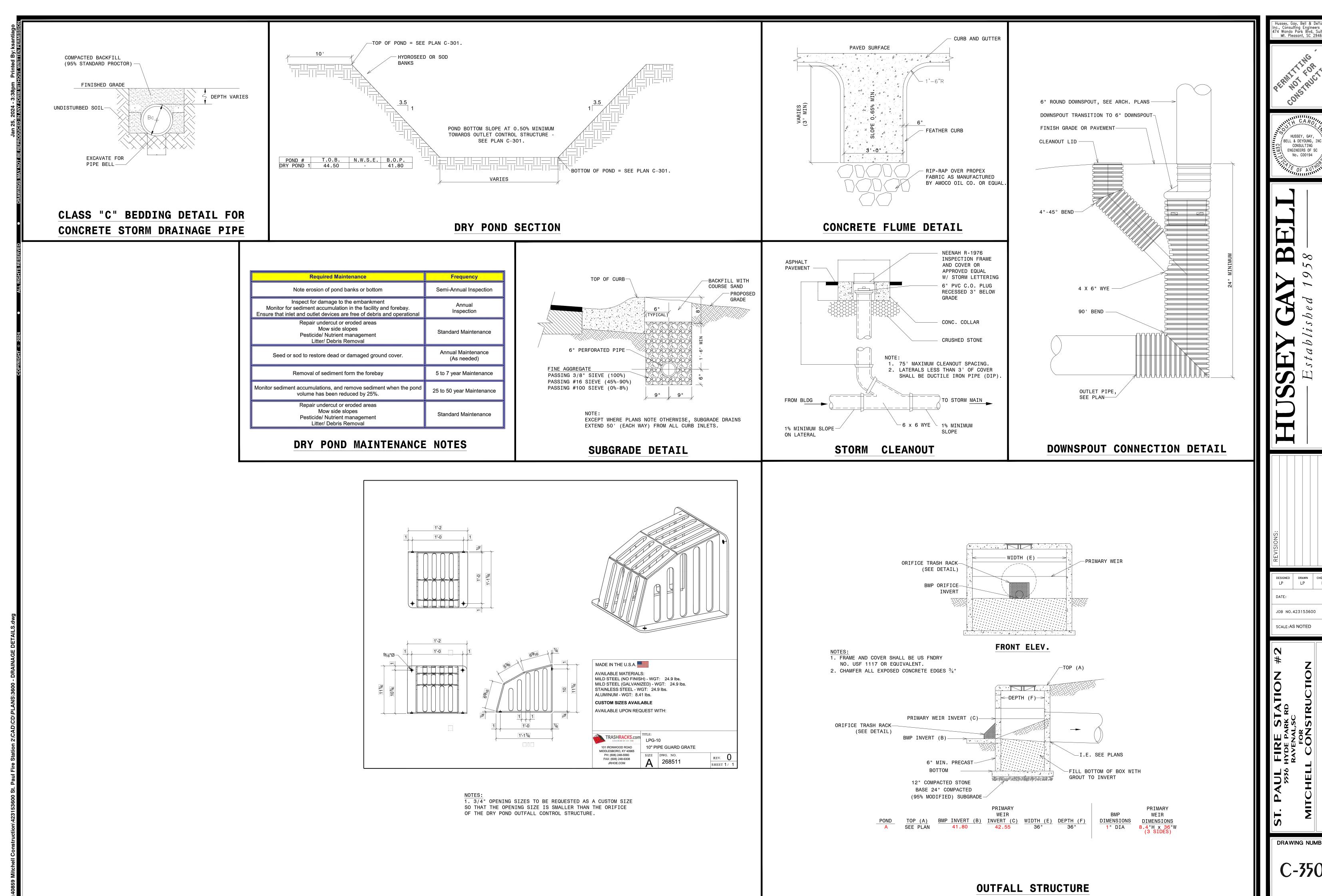


BELL & DEYOUNG, INC CONSULTING ENGINEERS OF SC

JOB NO.423153600

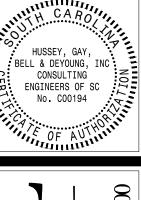
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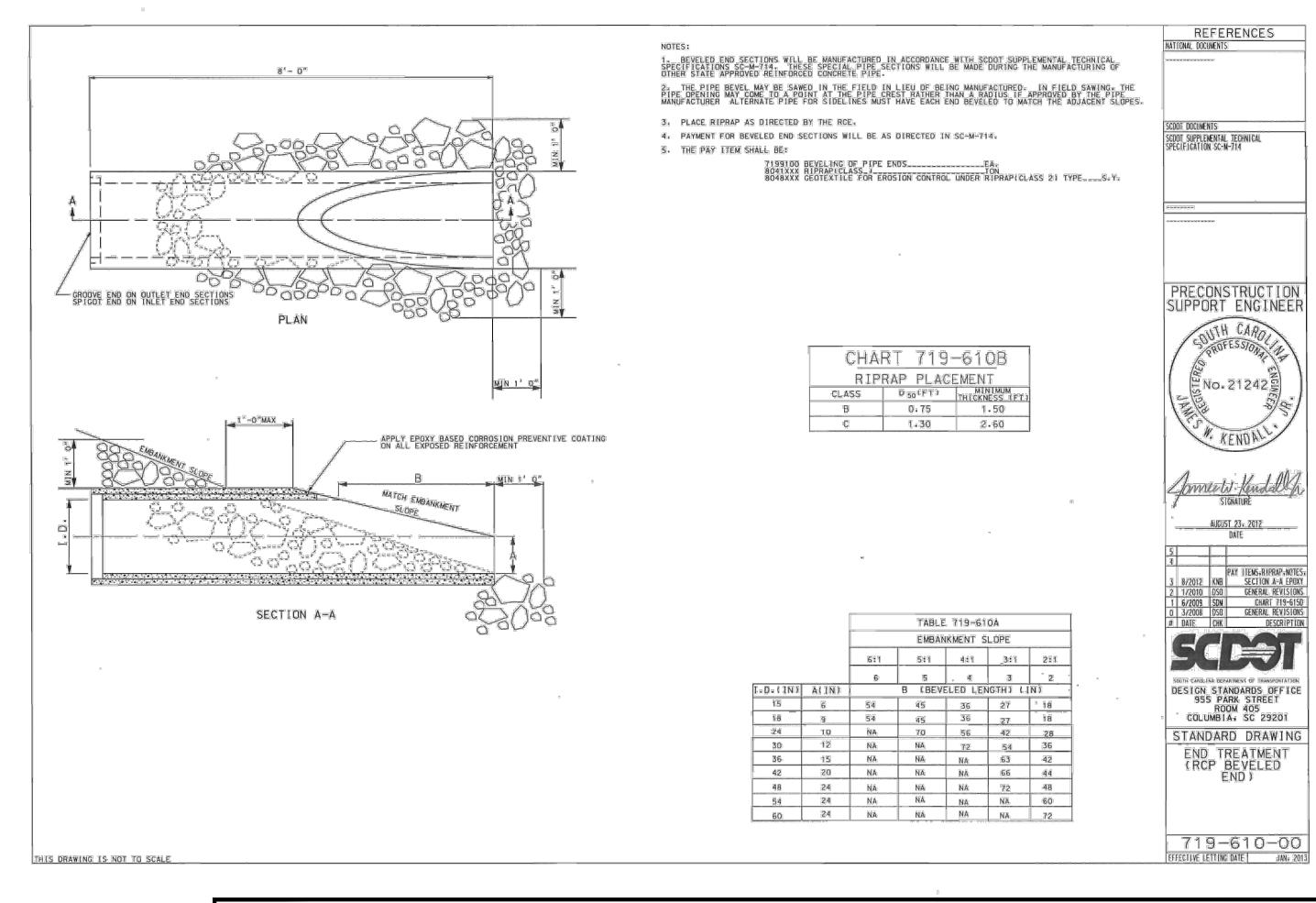


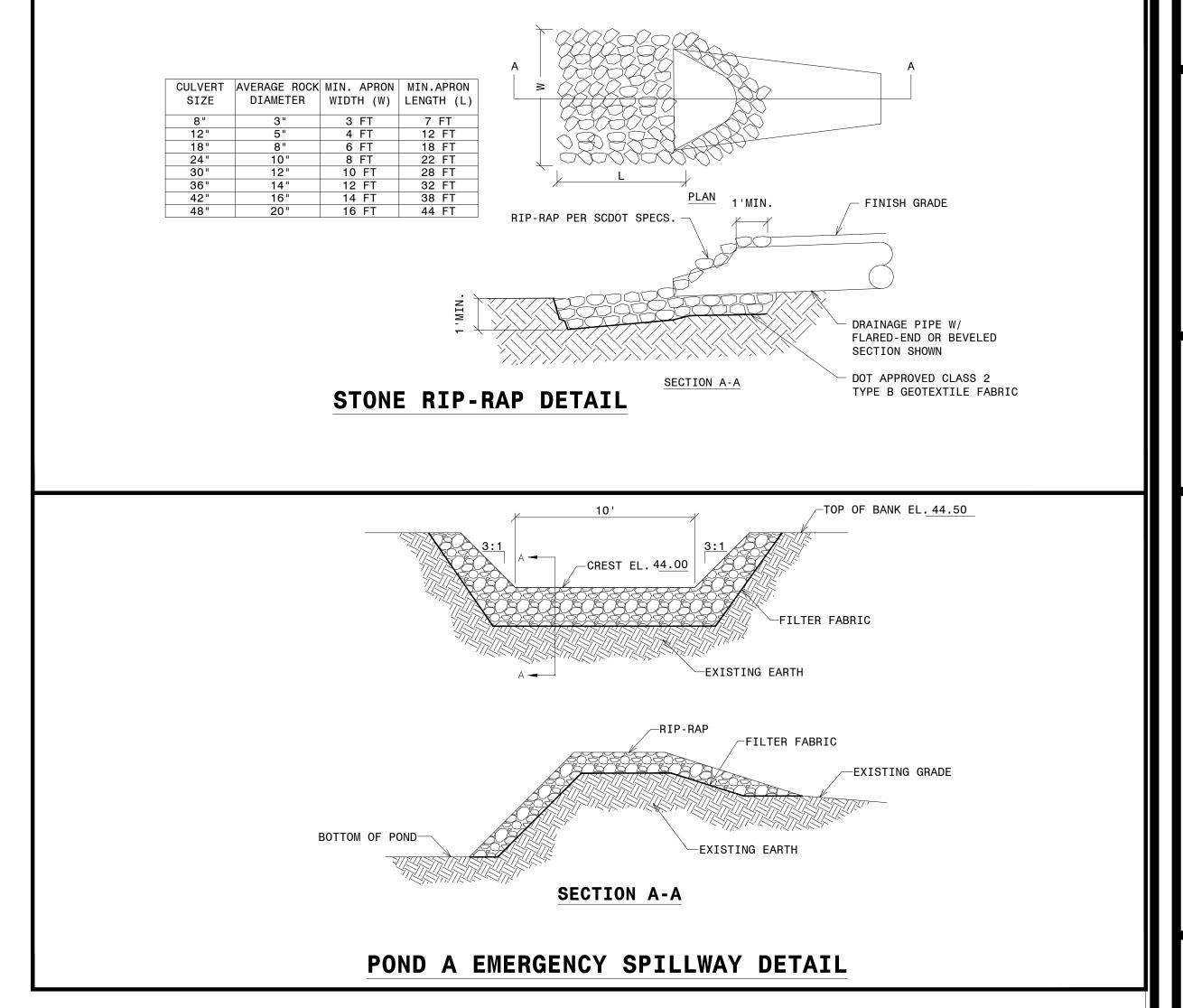






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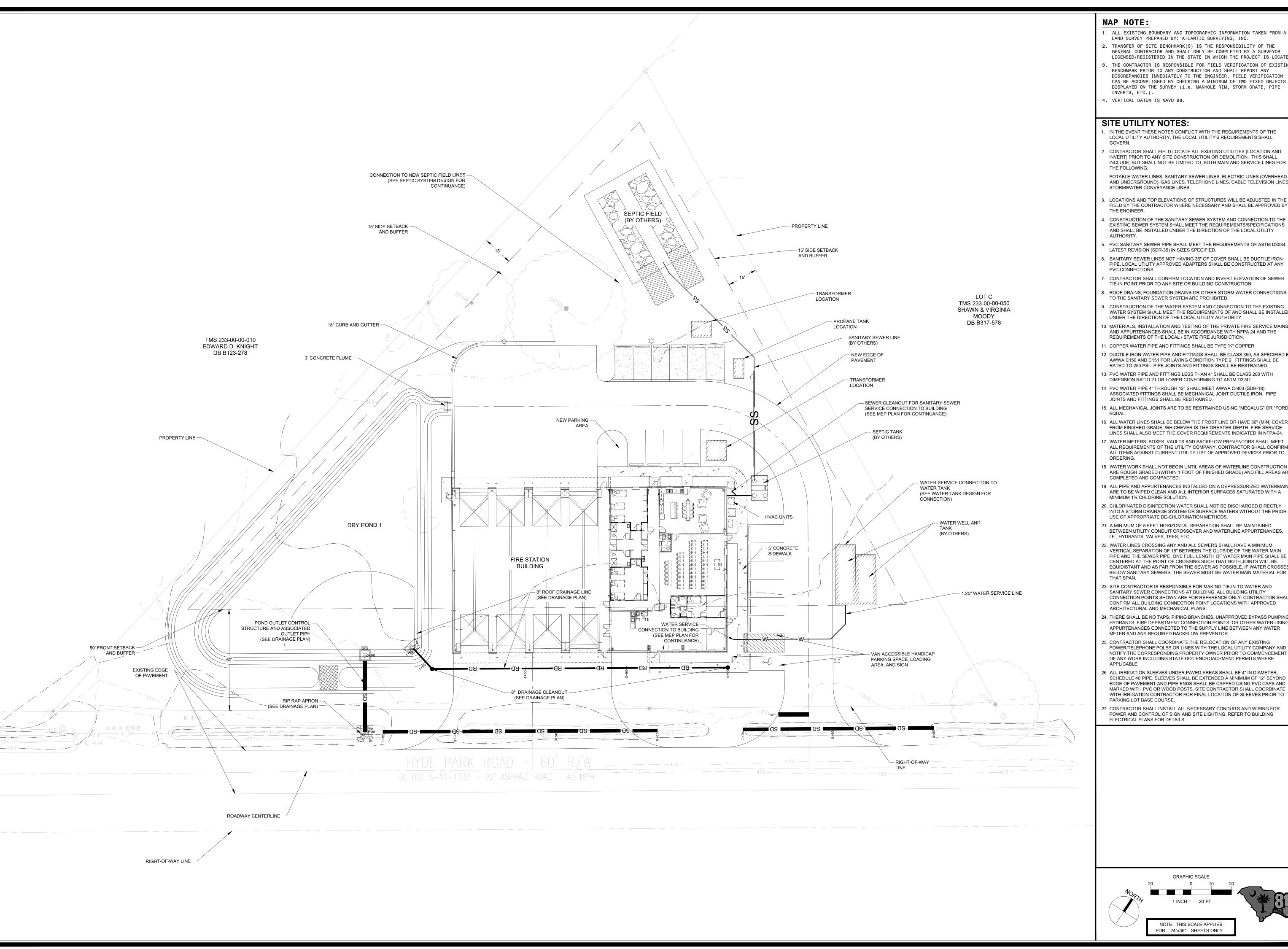


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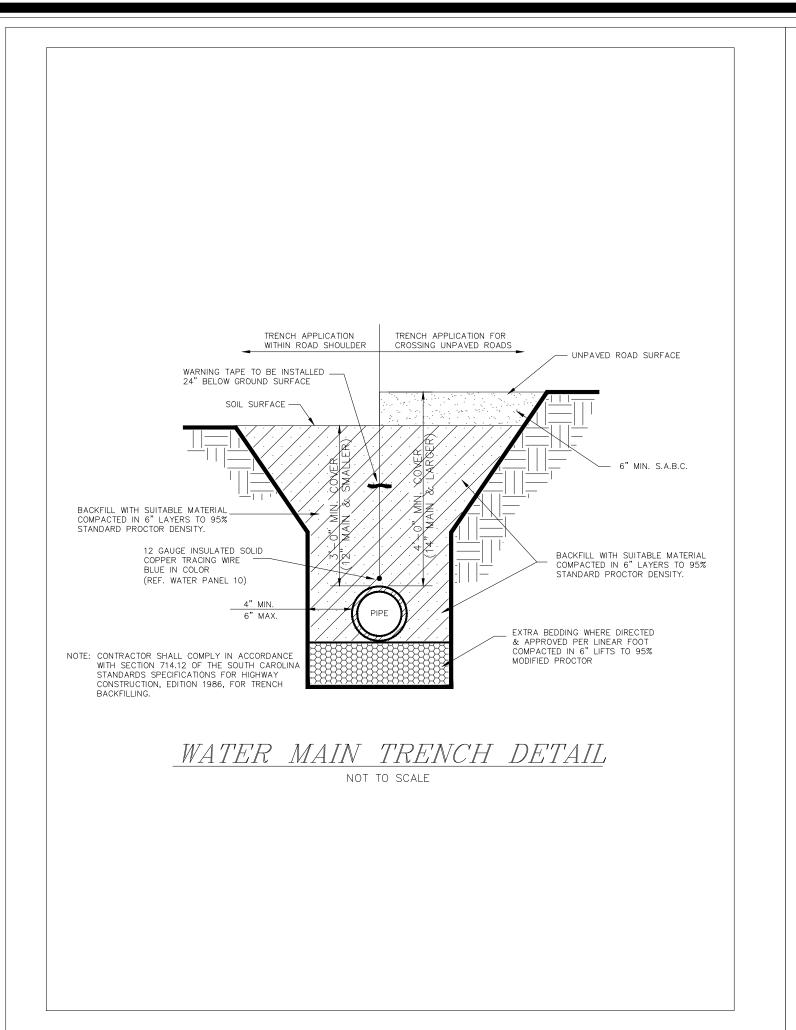


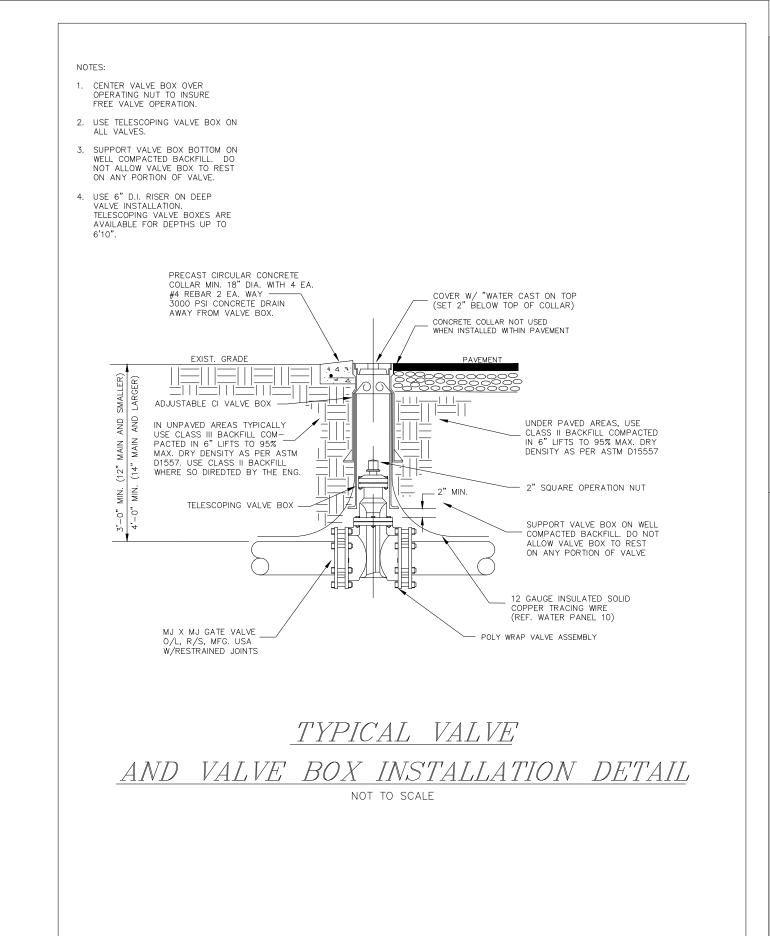
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- IN THE EVENT THESE NOTES CONFLICT WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THE LOCAL UTILITY AUTHORITY, THE LOCAL UTILITY'S REQUIREMENTS SHALL
- CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD LOCATE ALL EXISTING UTILITIES (LOCATION AND INVERT) PRIOR TO ANY SITE CONSTRUCTION OR DEMOLITION. THIS SHALL INCLUDE, BUT SHALL NOT BE LIMITED TO, BOTH MAIN AND SERVICE LINES FOR
- POTABLE WATER LINES, SANITARY SEWER LINES, ELECTRIC LINES (OVERHEAD AND UNDERGROUND), GAS LINES, TELEPHONE LINES, CABLE TELEVISION LINES,
- LOCATIONS AND TOP ELEVATIONS OF STRUCTURES WILL BE ADJUSTED IN THE FIELD BY THE CONTRACTOR WHERE NECESSARY AND SHALL BE APPROVED BY
- CONSTRUCTION OF THE SANITARY SEWER SYSTEM AND CONNECTION TO THE EXISTING SEWER SYSTEM SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS/SPECIFICATIONS AND SHALL BE INSTALLED UNDER THE DIRECTION OF THE LOCAL UTILITY
- PVC SANITARY SEWER PIPE SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM D3034,
- SANITARY SEWER LINES NOT HAVING 36" OF COVER SHALL BE DUCTILE IRON PIPE, LOCAL UTILITY APPROVED ADAPTERS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AT ANY
- CONTRACTOR SHALL CONFIRM LOCATION AND INVERT ELEVATION OF SEWER
- TIE-IN POINT PRIOR TO ANY SITE OR BUILDING CONSTRUCTION. ROOF DRAINS, FOUNDATION DRAINS OR OTHER STORM WATER CONNECTIONS
- CONSTRUCTION OF THE WATER SYSTEM AND CONNECTION TO THE EXISTING WATER SYSTEM SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF AND SHALL BE INSTALLED
-). MATERIALS, INSTALLATION AND TESTING OF THE PRIVATE FIRE SERVICE MAINS AND APPURTENANCES SHALL BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH NFPA 24 AND THE
- 1. COPPER WATER PIPE AND FITTINGS SHALL BE TYPE "K" COPPER.
- 12. DUCTILE IRON WATER PIPE AND FITTINGS SHALL BE CLASS 350, AS SPECIFIED BY AWWA C150 AND C151 FOR LAYING CONDITION TYPE 2. FITTINGS SHALL BE RATED TO 250 PSI. PIPE JOINTS AND FITTINGS SHALL BE RESTRAINED. 13. PVC WATER PIPE AND FITTINGS LESS THAN 4" SHALL BE CLASS 200 WITH
- 14. PVC WATER PIPE 4" THROUGH 12" SHALL MEET AWWA C-900 (SDR-18), ASSOCIATED FITTINGS SHALL BE MECHANICAL JOINT DUCTILE IRON. PIPE JOINTS AND FITTINGS SHALL BE RESTRAINED.
- 15. ALL MECHANICAL JOINTS ARE TO BE RESTRAINED USING "MEGALUG" OR "FORD"
- 16. ALL WATER LINES SHALL BE BELOW THE FROST LINE OR HAVE 36" (MIN) COVER FROM FINISHED GRADE, WHICHEVER IS THE GREATER DEPTH. FIRE SERVICE LINES SHALL ALSO MEET THE COVER REQUIREMENTS INDICATED IN NFPA-24. 7. WATER METERS, BOXES, VAULTS AND BACKFLOW PREVENTORS SHALL MEET ALL REQUIREMENTS OF THE UTILITY COMPANY. CONTRACTOR SHALL CONFIRM
- 3. WATER WORK SHALL NOT BEGIN UNTIL AREAS OF WATERLINE CONSTRUCTION ARE ROUGH GRADED (WITHIN 1 FOOT OF FINISHED GRADE) AND FILL AREAS ARE
- 19. ALL PIPE AND APPURTENANCES INSTALLED ON A DEPRESSURIZED WATERMAIN ARE TO BE WIPED CLEAN AND ALL INTERIOR SURFACES SATURATED WITH A MINIMUM 1% CHLORINE SOLUTION.
- 20. CHLORINATED DISINFECTION WATER SHALL NOT BE DISCHARGED DIRECTLY INTO A STORM DRAINAGE SYSTEM OR SURFACE WATERS WITHOUT THE PRIOR USE OF APPROPRIATE DE-CHLORINATION METHODS.
- 21. A MINIMUM OF 5 FEET HORIZONTAL SEPARATION SHALL BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN UTILITY CONDUIT CROSSOVER AND WATERLINE APPURTENANCES,
- 2. WATER LINES CROSSING ANY AND ALL SEWERS SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM VERTICAL SEPARATION OF 18" BETWEEN THE OUTSIDE OF THE WATER MAIN PIPE AND THE SEWER PIPE. ONE FULL LENGTH OF WATER MAIN PIPE SHALL BE CENTERED AT THE POINT OF CROSSING SUCH THAT BOTH JOINTS WILL BE EQUIDISTANT AND AS FAR FROM THE SEWER AS POSSIBLE. IF WATER CROSSES BELOW SANITARY SEWERS, THE SEWER MUST BE WATER MAIN MATERIAL FOR
- 3. SITE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR MAKING TIE-IN TO WATER AND SANITARY SEWER CONNECTIONS AT BUILDING, ALL BUILDING UTILITY CONNECTION POINTS SHOWN ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY. CONTRACTOR SHALL CONFIRM ALL BUILDING CONNECTION POINT LOCATIONS WITH APPROVED ARCHITECTURAL AND MECHANICAL PLANS.
- 24. THERE SHALL BE NO TAPS, PIPING BRANCHES, UNAPPROVED BYPASS PUMPING, HYDRANTS, FIRE DEPARTMENT CONNECTION POINTS, OR OTHER WATER USING APPURTENANCES CONNECTED TO THE SUPPLY LINE BETWEEN ANY WATER METER AND ANY REQUIRED BACKFLOW PREVENTOR.
- 5. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE THE RELOCATION OF ANY EXISTING POWER/TELEPHONE POLES OR LINES WITH THE LOCAL UTILITY COMPANY AND NOTIFY THE CORRESPONDING PROPERTY OWNER PRIOR TO COMMENCEMENT OF ANY WORK INCLUDING STATE DOT ENCROACHMENT PERMITS WHERE
- 26. ALL IRRIGATION SLEEVES UNDER PAVED AREAS SHALL BE 4" IN DIAMETER, SCHEDULE 40 PIPE. SLEEVES SHALL BE EXTENDED A MINIMUM OF 12" BEYOND EDGE OF PAVEMENT AND PIPE ENDS SHALL BE CAPPED USING PVC CAPS AND MARKED WITH PVC OR WOOD POSTS. SITE CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH IRRIGATION CONTRACTOR FOR FINAL LOCATION OF SLEEVES PRIOR TO
- 7. CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL ALL NECESSARY CONDUITS AND WIRING FOR POWER AND CONTROL OF SIGN AND SITE LIGHTING. REFER TO BUILDING

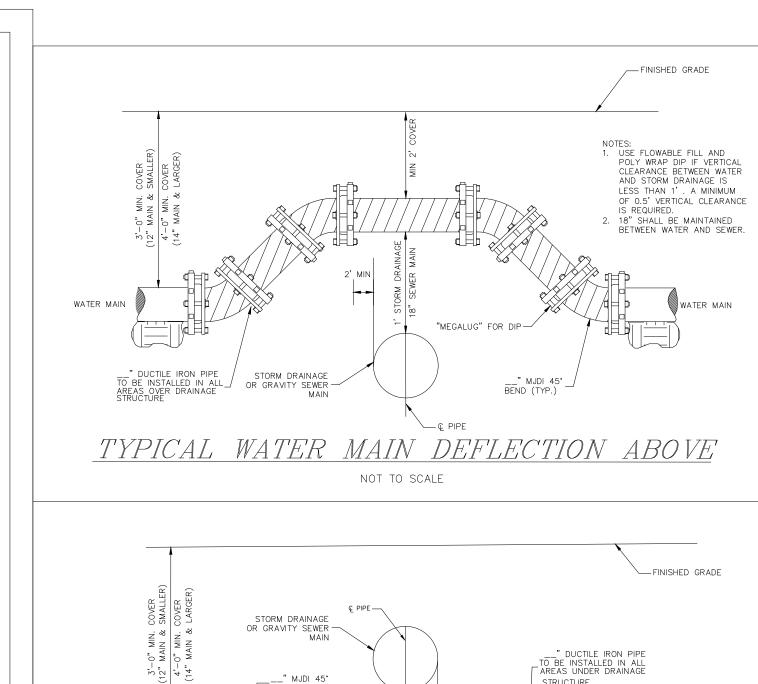


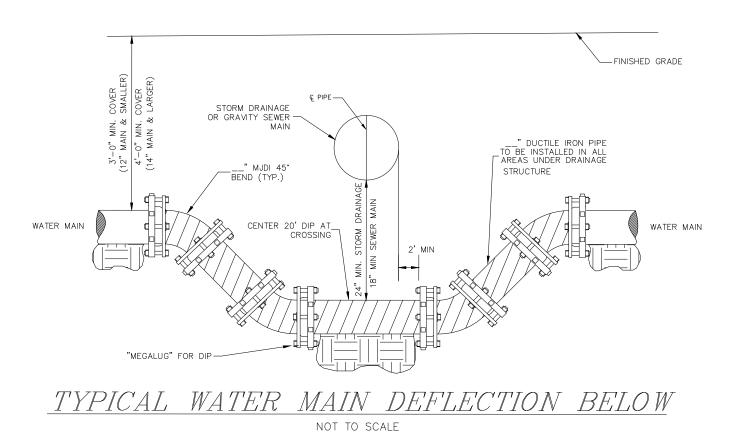
BELL & DEYOUNG, INC ENGINEERS OF SC

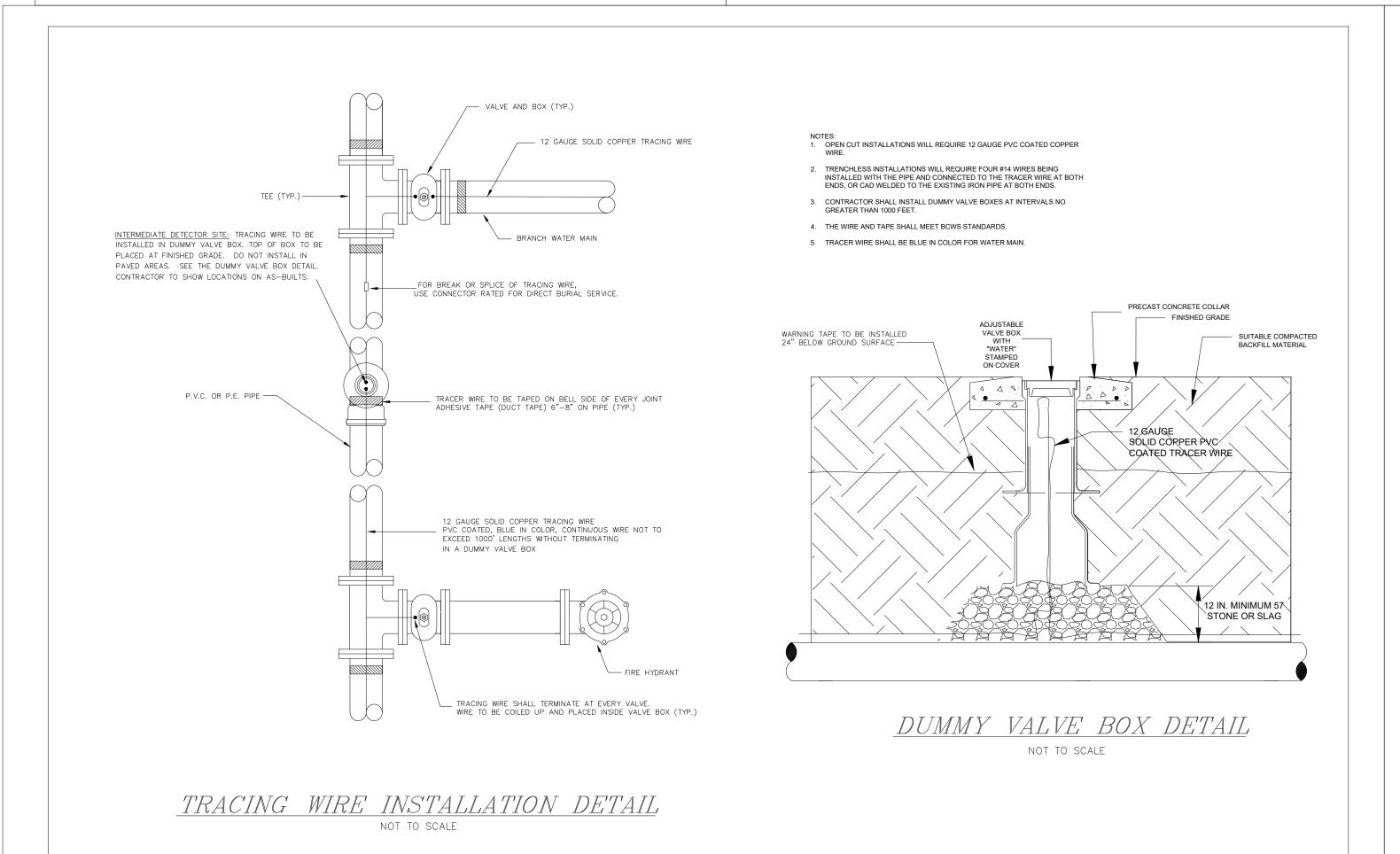
JOB NO.423153600 SCALE: AS NOTED

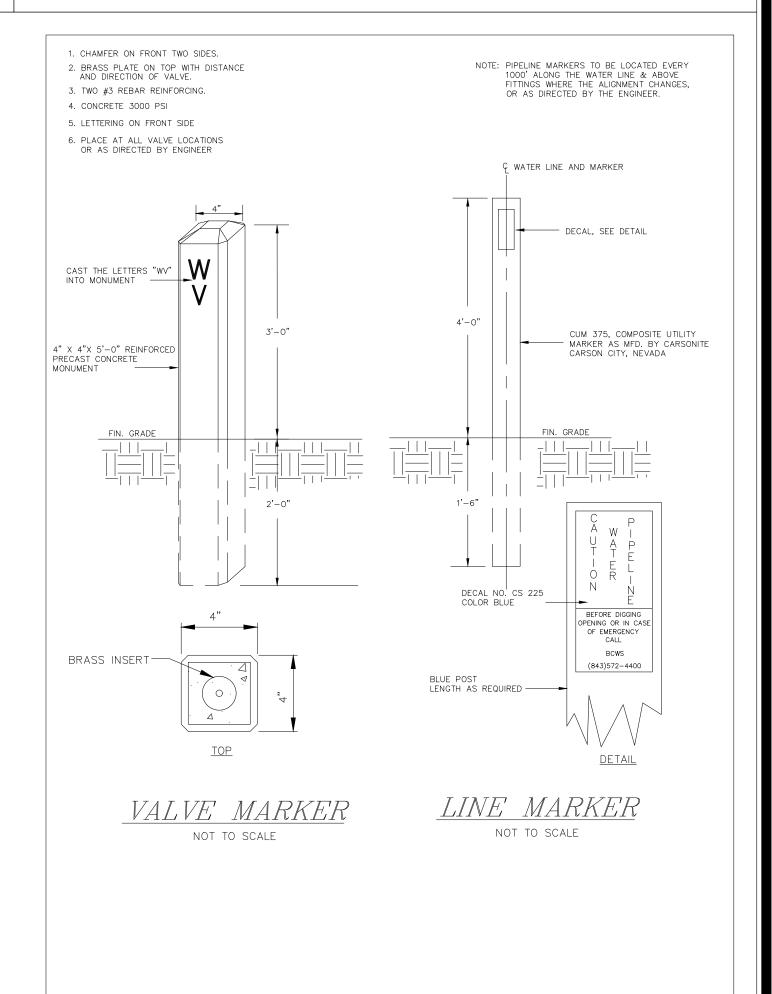


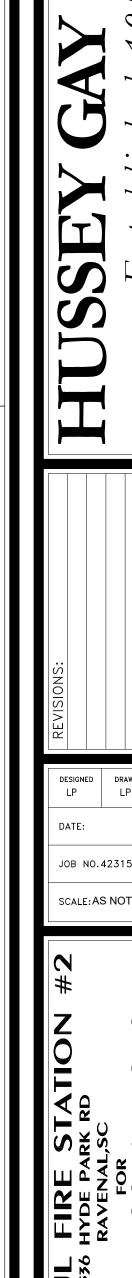












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HUSSEY, GAY, BELL & DEYOUNG, INC

CONSULTING

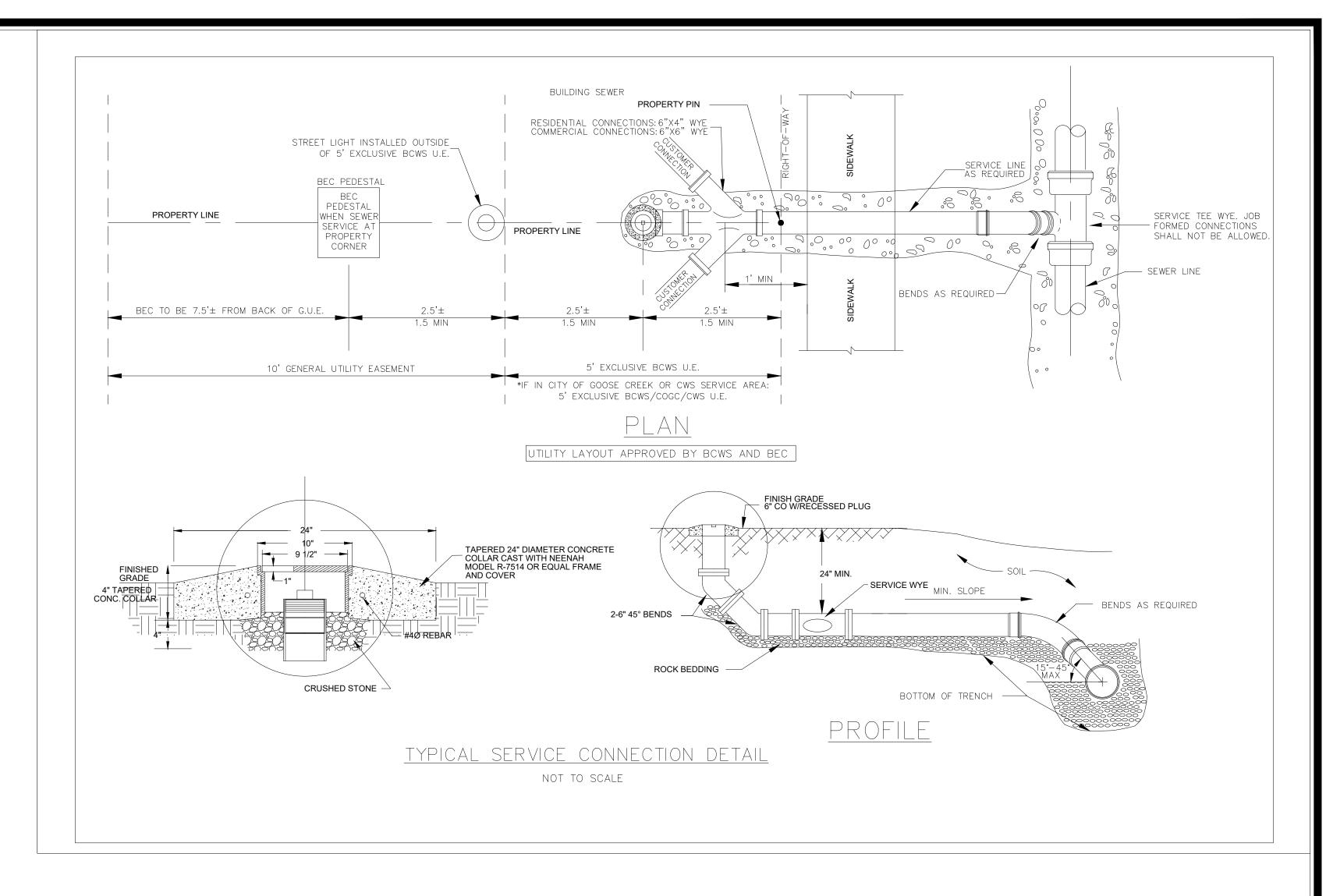
ENGINEERS OF SC

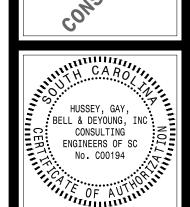
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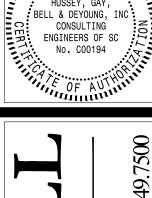
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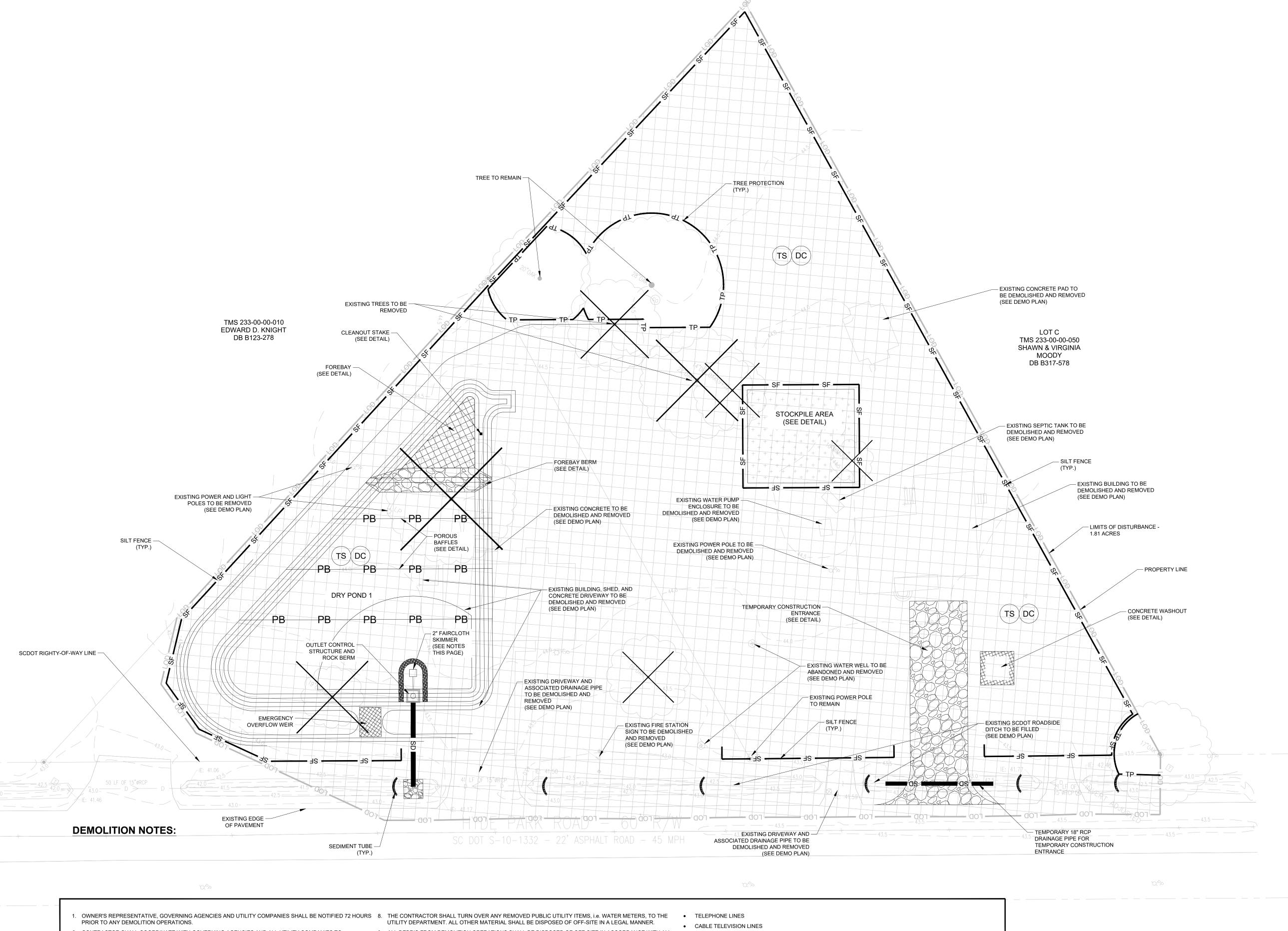
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- 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH GOVERNING AGENCIES AND ALL UTILITY COMPANIES TO COORDINATE TIMING OF AND RESPONSIBILITY OF DEMOLITION OPERATIONS INCLUDING ANY REQUIRED
- 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL BUILDINGS, FOUNDATIONS, PAVEMENT, CURB, SIGNS, LIGHTS, FENCES, TREES, SHRUBS, UTILITIES AND ANY OTHER STRUCTURES AS INDICATED AND DISPOSE OF THAT MATERIAL IN

 A LEGAL MANNER.

 11. THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO MEET ALL APPLICABLE LOCAL, STATE, OSHA AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS 16. UNLESS SPECIFICALLY NOTED ON THE PLAN TO BE ABANDONED IN PLACE OR PROTECTED, ALL UTILITIES ON

 A LEGAL MANNER.

 STE (OVERLIAD OR LINDER ON LIN A LEGAL MANNER.
- 4. UTILITIES TO REMAIN IN-PLACE SHALL BE PROTECTED BY THE THE CONTRACTOR FROM DAMAGE IN ACCORDANCE WITH UTILITY COMPANY REQUIREMENTS. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR DAMAGE TO
- 5. DEMOLITION OF ASPHALT PAVING SHALL INCLUDE REMOVAL OF SURFACE AND ANY BINDER SECTIONS. AFTER 13. CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION FENCING AS NECESSARY AND AT THE DIRECTION SUBSURFACE. ASPHALT REMOVAL, THE SITE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER SHALL INSPECT STONE BASE COURSE TO
- DETERMINE CONDITION. IF EXISTING STONE BASE COURSE IS ACCEPTABLE TO PROJECT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER, IT SHALL BE REUSED. UNACCEPTABLE STONE BASE COURSE SHALL BE DISPOSED OF OFF-SITE IN DEMOLITION. THIS SHALL INCLUDE, BUT SHALL NOT BE LIMITED TO, BOTH MAIN AND SERVICE LINES FOR THE A LEGAL MANNER.
- 6. ALL EXISTING PAVEMENT EDGES SHALL BE SAW CUT TO A STRAIGHT EDGE. ALL NEW PAVEMENT EDGES SHALL. POTABLE WATER LINES BE CONSTRUCTED IN A STRAIGHT AND NEAT MANNER.
- . ANY HISTORICALLY SIGNIFICANT ARTICLES (CORNER STONES, ETC.) FOUND DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE PRESENTED TO THE OWNER FOR CLASSIFICATION. CONTRACTOR SHALL STOP WORK IN THE AREA OF THE • ELECTRIC LINES (OVERHEAD AND UNDERGROUND) FIND AND IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE OWNER AND GOVERNING AGENCIES FOR DIRECTION. THE OWNER SHALL

 GAS LINES RETAIN ALL MATERIAL IT CONSIDERS SIGNIFICANT. ALL OTHER MATERIAL SHALL BE DISPOSED OF OFF-SITE.
- 9. ALL DEBRIS FROM DEMOLITION OPERATIONS SHALL BE DISPOSED OF OFF-SITE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL LOCAL, STATE, AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.
- 10. TREES TO BE SAVED SHALL BE PROTECTED FROM CONSTRUCTION DISTURBANCE PER DETAIL. TREES NOT SHOWN TO BE SAVED SHALL BE REMOVED.
- CONCERNING PROJECT SAFETY AND ASSUMES FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR SAFETY ON THE PROJECT. 12. CONTRACTOR IS TO VERIFY ALL EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS PRIOR TO AND DURING CONSTRUCTION AND
- REPORT ANY CONFLICTS OR DISCREPANCIES TO THE ENGINEER.
- OF THE OWNER OR GOVERNING AGENCIES FOR PUBLIC SAFETY AND JOB SITE SECURITY. 14. CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD LOCATE ALL EXISTING UTILITIES PRIOR TO ANY SITE CONSTRUCTION OR

- STORMWATER CONVEYANCE LINES
- 15. ANY SUBCONTRACTOR BIDDING ON THIS JOB SHALL BE REQUIRED TO PERFORM A SITE VISIT PRIOR TO SITE (OVERHEAD OR UNDERGROUND) SHALL BE ENTIRELY REMOVED TO THE PROPERTY LINE, OR SERVICE
- PLUGGED AS REQUIRED BY GOVERNING UTILITY COMPANY. 17. DEMOLITION OF BUILDINGS SHALL INCLUDE ALL PORTIONS OF THE STRUCTURE, BOTH ABOVE GROUND AND

POLE. ENDS OF PIPES BEYOND PROPERTY LINE TO BE ABANDONED SHALL BE PROPERLY CAPPED OR

- 18. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDED ANY TRAFFIC CONTROL MEASURES NECESSARY FOR DEMOLITION OPERATIONS.
- 19. DEMOLITION OF CONCRETE CURB, CURB AND GUTTER, AND SIDEWALK SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO EXTEND TO THE NEXT CONSTRUCTION JOINT PAST THE LIMITS SHOWN ON THE DEMOLITION PLAN.

MAP NOTE:

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- 4. VERTICAL DATUM IS NAVD 88.

LEGEND SILT FENCE, SEE DETAIL TREE PROTECTION STORM DRAIN PIPE STORM INLET PROTECTION, SEE DETAIL SILT SACK INLET PROTECTION, SEE DETAIL TEMPORARY SEEDING AREA

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

OBTAIN NPDES PERMIT SCHEDULE AND CONDUCT ON-SITE SWPPP PRECONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE WITH OWNER, CONTRACTOR, ENGINEER, OWNER'S SWPPP INSPECTOR, AND CHARLESTON COUNTY INSPECTOR PRIOR TO BEGINNING LAND DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES.

TEMPORARY SEEDING

- NOTIFY DHEC/OCRM OFFICE AND MS-4 OPERATOR 48 HOURS PRIOR TO BEGINNING LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES AND ENSURE TOWN OF MONCKS CORNER CLEARING AND GRADING PERMIT HAS BEEN APPROVED.
- CLEAR AND GRUB ONLY PORTIONS OF THE SITE NECESSARY TO INSTALL TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, TREE PROTECTION, AND SILT FENCE OBTAIN APPROVAL FOR INSTALLATION.

- CLEAR AND GRUB PORTIONS OF THE SITE WITHIN LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE. USE EROSION CONTROL PREVENTION PER PLANS AS NECESSARY.
- GRADE SITE TO PLAN GRADES. INSTALL SITE UTILITIES AND STORM DRAINAGE PIPING, DETENTION PONDS, AND
- 0. BEGIN BUILDING CONSTRUCTION AND ROADS AND PAVING. 1. REPLACE SILT FENCE INLET PROTECTION WITH SILT SACKS AS CURBS ARE CONSTRUCTED AND PAVING BASE COURSE IS INSTALLED.

12. PROCEED WITH FINE GRADING, LANDSCAPING AND GRASSING.

- 3. REMOVE EROSION PROTECTION DEVICES AFTER SOIL STABILIZATION AND AGENCY APPROVAL 4. REMOVE SEDIMENT CAUSED BY CONSTRUCTION FROM EXISTING PONDS.
- 15. PERFORM CONTINUOUS MAINTENANCE UNTIL OWNER TAKEOVER OR PER CONTRACT.

SWPPP NOTES:

REFERENCE SWPPP NOTES ON SHEET C-550.

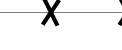
INSTALL NEW INLET PROTECTION.

- REFERENCE SCDHEC STANDARD NOTES ON SHEET C-550.
- APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES SHALL BE INSTALLED PRIOR TO ANY CLEARING, GRADING, EXCAVATION, FILLING OR OTHER LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES, EXCEPT THOSE OPERATIONS NEEDED TO INSTALL SUCH MEASURES.
- WHEN ACCESSING SITE, PROVIDE A 100' LONG BY 24' WIDE TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE STABILIZED WITH GEOTEXTILE FABRIC AND 6" THICK STONE GRAVEL SURFACE COURSE. THE CONTRACTOR MUST TAKE NECESSARY ACTION TO MINIMIZE THE TRACKING OF MUD ONTO THE PAVED ROADWAY FROM CONSTRUCTION AREAS. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DAILY REMOVE MUD/SOIL FROM PAVEMENT, AS MAY BE REQUIRED.
- PROVIDE SILT FENCE AND/OR OTHER CONTROL DEVICES, AS MAY BE REQUIRED, TO CONTROL SOIL EROSION DURING UTILITY CONSTRUCTION. ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE CLEANED, GRADED AND STABILIZED WITH GRASSING
- IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE UTILITY INSTALLATION. TEMPORARY SEDIMENT TRAPS SHALL BE ACCEPTED WITH THE UNDERSTANDING THAT MASONRY INLETS SHALL BE LEFT LOW ENOUGH, DURING CONSTRUCTION, FOR WATER TO ENTER.
- ALL SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE INSPECTED AT LEAST ONCE EVERY SEVEN (7) CALENDAR DAYS AND AFTER ANY STORM EVENT OF GREATER THAN 0.5 INCHES OF PRECIPITATION DURING ANY 24-HOUR PERIOD. DAMAGED OR INEFFECTIVE DEVICES SHALL BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED, AS NECESSARY. ALL SEDIMENT CONTROL FEATURES SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL FINAL STABILIZATION HAS BEEN OBTAINED.
- ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE PROPERLY MAINTAINED DURING ALL PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION UNTIL THE COMPLETION OF ALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES AND ALL DISTURBED AREAS HAVE BEEN STABILIZED. ADDITIONAL CONTROL MEASURES WILL BE INSTALLED DURING CONSTRUCTION IN ORDER TO CONTROL EROSION AND/OR OFF-SITE SEDIMENTATION IF DEEMED NECESSARY BY ON-SITE INSPECTION. ALL TEMPORARY CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE REMOVED ONCE CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE AND SITE IS STABILIZED.
- FAILURE TO PROPERLY INSTALL AND MAINTAIN EROSION CONTROL PRACTICES SHALL RESULT IN CONSTRUCTION BEING HALTED.
- . STABILIZATION MEASURES SHALL BE INITIATED AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE IN PORTIONS OF THE SITE WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES HAVE TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY CEASED, BUT IN NO CASE MORE THAN FOURTEEN (14) DAYS AFTER THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY IN THAT PORTION OF THE SITE HAS CEASED, UNLESS ACTIVITY IN THAT PORTION OF THE SITE WILL RESUME WITHIN TWENTY ONE (21) DAYS.
- ESTABLISHMENT OF PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY VEGETATION FOR THIS PROJECT SHALL CONSIST OF THE FOLLOWING: THE GROUND PREPARATION, FURNISHING AND PLANTING, SEEDING, FERTILIZING AND MULCHING OF ALL DISTURBED AREAS IN THE PROJECT AREA.

SWPPP KEY NOTES: (x)

- CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. SEE DETAIL SHEET C-551
- 2. SILT FENCE, TYP. SEE DETAIL SHEET C-551 3. CONCRETE WASHOUT. SEE DETAIL SHEET C-551
- 4. TREE PROTECTION. SEE DETAIL SHEET C-551
- 5. DOUBLE ROW SILT FENCE.

LEGEND:

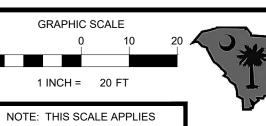


UTILITY OR FENCE TO BE

TREE PROTECTION FENCE







FOR 24"x36" SHEETS ONLY

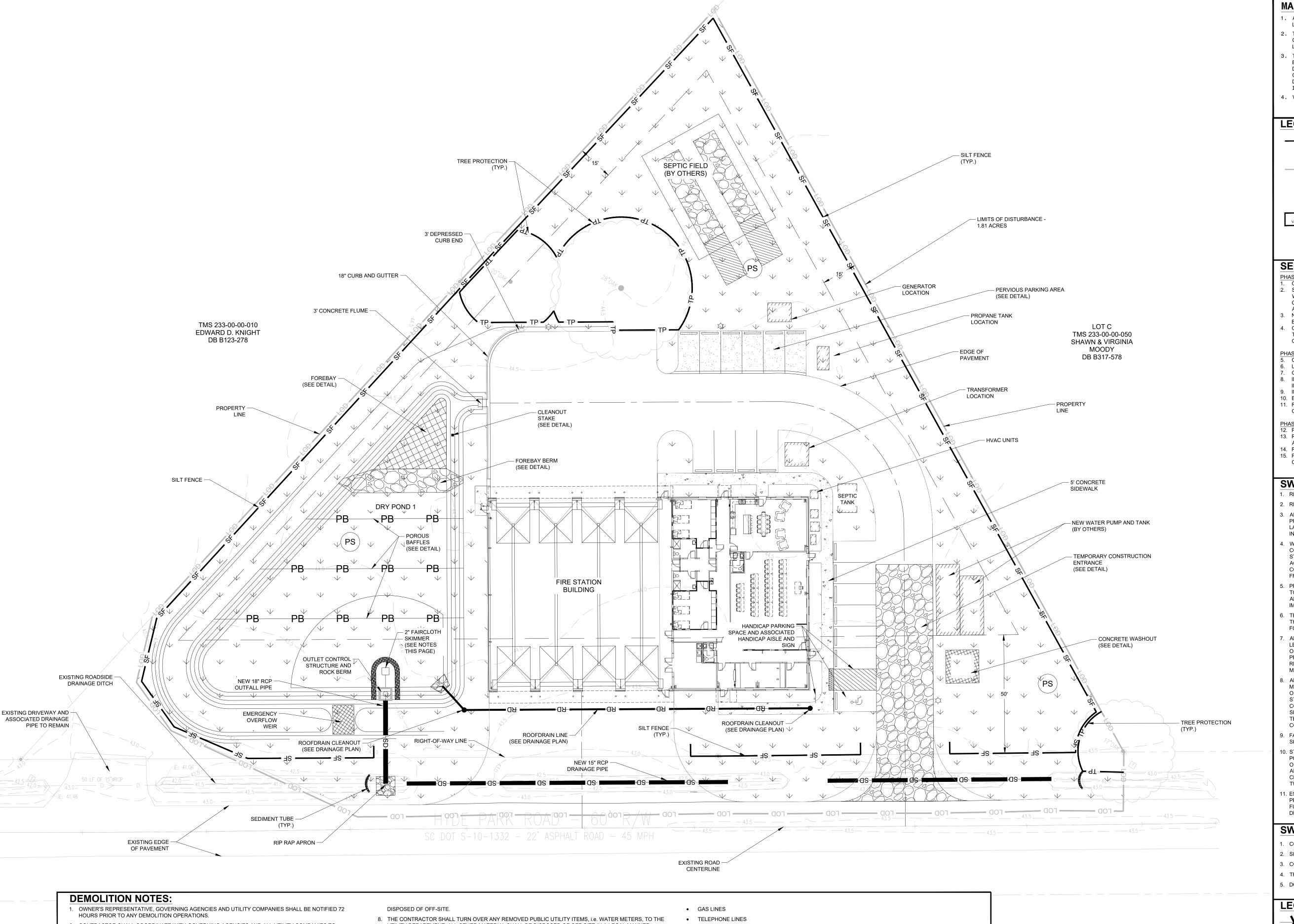
ENGINEERS OF SC

BELL & DEYOUNG, IN

CONTROL

JOB NO.423153600

SCALE: AS NOTED



- 2. CONTRACTOR SHALL COORDINATE WITH GOVERNING AGENCIES AND ALL UTILITY COMPANIES TO COORDINATE TIMING OF AND RESPONSIBILITY OF DEMOLITION OPERATIONS INCLUDING ANY REQUIRED
- 3. CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL BUILDINGS, FOUNDATIONS, PAVEMENT, CURB, SIGNS, LIGHTS, FENCES, TREES, SHRUBS, UTILITIES AND ANY OTHER STRUCTURES AS INDICATED AND DISPOSE OF THAT MATERIAL IN A LEGAL MANNER.
- 4. UTILITIES TO REMAIN IN-PLACE SHALL BE PROTECTED BY THE THE CONTRACTOR FROM DAMAGE IN ACCORDANCE WITH UTILITY COMPANY REQUIREMENTS. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR DAMAGE TO
- 5. DEMOLITION OF ASPHALT PAVING SHALL INCLUDE REMOVAL OF SURFACE AND ANY BINDER SECTIONS. AFTER ASPHALT REMOVAL, THE SITE GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER SHALL INSPECT STONE BASE COURSE TO DETERMINE CONDITION. IF EXISTING STONE BASE COURSE IS ACCEPTABLE TO PROJECT GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEER, IT SHALL BE REUSED. UNACCEPTABLE STONE BASE COURSE SHALL BE
- DISPOSED OF OFF-SITE IN A LEGAL MANNER. 6. ALL EXISTING PAVEMENT EDGES SHALL BE SAW CUT TO A STRAIGHT EDGE. ALL NEW PAVEMENT EDGES
- SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED IN A STRAIGHT AND NEAT MANNER. . ANY HISTORICALLY SIGNIFICANT ARTICLES (CORNER STONES, ETC.) FOUND DURING CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE PRESENTED TO THE OWNER FOR CLASSIFICATION. CONTRACTOR SHALL STOP WORK IN THE

AREA OF THE FIND AND IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE OWNER AND GOVERNING AGENCIES FOR DIRECTION.

THE OWNER SHALL RETAIN ALL MATERIAL IT CONSIDERS SIGNIFICANT. ALL OTHER MATERIAL SHALL BE

- UTILITY DEPARTMENT. ALL OTHER MATERIAL SHALL BE DISPOSED OF OFF-SITE IN A LEGAL MANNER. 9. ALL DEBRIS FROM DEMOLITION OPERATIONS SHALL BE DISPOSED OF OFF-SITE IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL LOCAL, STATE, AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.
- 10. TREES TO BE SAVED SHALL BE PROTECTED FROM CONSTRUCTION DISTURBANCE PER DETAIL. TREES NOT SHOWN TO BE SAVED SHALL BE REMOVED.
- 11. THE CONTRACTOR IS REQUIRED TO MEET ALL APPLICABLE LOCAL, STATE, OSHA AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS CONCERNING PROJECT SAFETY AND ASSUMES FULL RESPONSIBILITY FOR SAFETY ON
- 12. CONTRACTOR IS TO VERIFY ALL EXISTING SITE CONDITIONS PRIOR TO AND DURING CONSTRUCTION AND REPORT ANY CONFLICTS OR DISCREPANCIES TO THE ENGINEER.
- 13. CONTRACTOR SHALL INSTALL TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION FENCING AS NECESSARY AND AT THE
- DIRECTION OF THE OWNER OR GOVERNING AGENCIES FOR PUBLIC SAFETY AND JOB SITE SECURITY. 14. CONTRACTOR SHALL FIELD LOCATE ALL EXISTING UTILITIES PRIOR TO ANY SITE CONSTRUCTION OR DEMOLITION. THIS SHALL INCLUDE, BUT SHALL NOT BE LIMITED TO, BOTH MAIN AND SERVICE LINES FOR THE FOLLOWING:
- POTABLE WATER LINES SANITARY SEWER LINES
- ELECTRIC LINES (OVERHEAD AND UNDERGROUND)

- CABLE TELEVISION LINES
- STORMWATER CONVEYANCE LINES
- 15. ANY SUBCONTRACTOR BIDDING ON THIS JOB SHALL BE REQUIRED TO PERFORM A SITE VISIT PRIOR TO SUBMITTAL OF BID.
- 16. UNLESS SPECIFICALLY NOTED ON THE PLAN TO BE ABANDONED IN PLACE OR PROTECTED, ALL UTILITIES ON SITE (OVERHEAD OR UNDERGROUND) SHALL BE ENTIRELY REMOVED TO THE PROPERTY LINE, OR SERVICE POLE. ENDS OF PIPES BEYOND PROPERTY LINE TO BE ABANDONED SHALL BE PROPERLY CAPPED OR PLUGGED AS REQUIRED BY GOVERNING UTILITY COMPANY.
- 17. DEMOLITION OF BUILDINGS SHALL INCLUDE ALL PORTIONS OF THE STRUCTURE, BOTH ABOVE GROUND AND SUBSURFACE.
- 18. CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR PROVIDED ANY TRAFFIC CONTROL MEASURES NECESSARY FOR DEMOLITION OPERATIONS.
- 19. DEMOLITION OF CONCRETE CURB, CURB AND GUTTER, AND SIDEWALK SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO EXTEND TO THE NEXT CONSTRUCTION JOINT PAST THE LIMITS SHOWN ON THE DEMOLITION PLAN.

SKIMMER NOTE:

TEMPORARY SKIMMER TO BE LEFT INSTALLED UNTIL FINAL STABILIZATION OF THE SITE HAS OCCURED AND PERMISSION BY THE LOCAL AGENCY HAVING JURISDICTION HAS GRANTED APPROVAL FOR REMOVAL.

MAP NOTE:

- ALL EXISTING BOUNDARY AND TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION TAKEN FROM A LAND SURVEY PREPARED BY: ATLANTIC SURVEYING, INC.
- TRANSFER OF SITE BENCHMARK(S) IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE GENERAL CONTRACTOR AND SHALL ONLY BE COMPLETED BY A SURVEYOR
- LICENSED/REGISTERED IN THE STATE IN WHICH THE PROJECT IS LOCATED. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR FIELD VERIFICATION OF EXISTING BENCHMARK PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES IMMEDIATELY TO THE ENGINEER. FIELD VERIFICATION CAN BE ACCOMPLISHED BY CHECKING A MINIMUM OF TWO FIXED OBJECTS DISPLAYED ON THE SURVEY (i.e. MANHOLE RIM, STORM GRATE, PIPE INVERTS, ETC.).
- 4. VERTICAL DATUM IS NAVD 88.

LEGEND

SILT FENCE, SEE DETAIL

STORM INLET STRUCTURES STORM DRAIN PIPE

STORM INLET PROTECTION, SEE DETAIL

PERMANENT SEEDING AREA

BELL & DEYOUNG, IN

ENGINEERS OF SC

SILT SACK INLET PROTECTION, SEE DETAIL

PERMANENT SEEDING

SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

OBTAIN NPDES PERMIT

- SCHEDULE AND CONDUCT ON-SITE SWPPP PRECONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE WITH OWNER, CONTRACTOR, ENGINEER, OWNER'S SWPPP INSPECTOR, AND CHARLESTON COUNTY INSPECTOR PRIOR TO BEGINNING LAND DISTURBANCE
- NOTIFY DHEC/OCRM OFFICE AND MS-4 OPERATOR 48 HOURS PRIOR TO BEGINNING LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.
- CLEAR AND GRUB ONLY PORTIONS OF THE SITE NECESSARY TO INSTALL TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, TREE PROTECTION, AND SILT FENCE. OBTAIN APPROVAL FOR INSTALLATION.

. CLEAR AND GRUB PORTIONS OF THE SITE WITHIN LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE.

- USE EROSION CONTROL PREVENTION PER PLANS AS NECESSARY. GRADE SITE TO PLAN GRADES. INSTALL SITE UTILITIES AND STORM DRAINAGE PIPING, DETENTION PONDS, AND
- INSTALL NEW INLET PROTECTION.
- 0. BEGIN BUILDING CONSTRUCTION AND ROADS AND PAVING. . REPLACE SILT FENCE INLET PROTECTION WITH SILT SACKS AS CURBS ARE CONSTRUCTED AND PAVING BASE COURSE IS INSTALLED.
- 12. PROCEED WITH FINE GRADING, LANDSCAPING AND GRASSING. 13. REMOVE EROSION PROTECTION DEVICES AFTER SOIL STABILIZATION AND
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SWPPP NOTES:

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- 5. DOUBLE ROW SILT FENCE.

LEGEND:



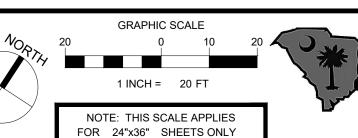
UTILITY OR FENCE TO BE

TREE PROTECTION FENCE





TREES TO BE REMOVED



JOB NO.423153600

CALE: AS NOTED

CONTROLS THIS PLAN UTILIZES BEST MANAGEMENT PRACTICES TO CONTROL EROSION CAUSED BY STORM WATER RUN OFF. AN EROSION PLAN HAS BEEN PREPARED TO INSTRUCT THE CONTRACTOR ON PLACEMENT OF THESE CONTROLS. IT IS THE CONTRACTORS RESPONSIBILITY TO INSTALL AND MAINTAIN THE CONTROLS PER PLAN AS WELL AS ENSURING THE PLAN IS PROVIDING THE PROPER PROTECTION AS REQUIRED BY

A VERBAL DESCRIPTION OF THE CONTROLS THAT MAY BE IMPLEMENTED. **GENERAL** THE CONTRACTOR SHALL AT A MINIMUM IMPLEMENT THE CONTRACTOR'S

REQUIREMENTS OUTLINED BELOW AND THOSE MEASURES SHOWN ON THE EROSION

CONTROL PLAN. IN ADDITION THE CONTRACTOR SHALL UNDERTAKE ADDITIONAL

SEQUENCE OF MAJOR ACTIVITIES:

FEDERAL. STATE AND LOCAL LAWS. REFER TO "CONTRACTORS REQUIREMENTS" FOR

UNNAMED TRIBUTARY OF CAW CAW SWAMP

CAW CAW SWAMP

MEASURES REQUIRED TO BE IN COMPLIANCE WITH APPLICABLE PERMIT CONDITIONS

SCDHEC CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

AND STATE WATER QUALITY STANDARDS.

OBTAIN NPDES PERMIT.

NAME OF RECEIVING WATERS:

INITIAL:

EVENTUAL:

- SCHEDULE AND CONDUCT ON-SITE SWPPP PRECONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE WITH OWNER, CONTRACTOR, ENGINEER, OWNER'S SWPPP INSPECTOR, AND CHARLESTON COUNTY INSPECTOR PRIOR TO BEGINNING LAND DISTURBANCE ACTIVITIES. NOTIFY DHEC/OCRM OFFICE AND MS-4 OPERATOR 48 HOURS PRIOR TO BEGINNING
- LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES.
- CLEAR AND GRUB ONLY PORTIONS OF THE SITE NECESSARY TO INSTALL TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE, TREE PROTECTION, AND SILT FENCE. OBTAIN APPROVAL FOR INSTALLATION.

- CLEAR AND GRUB PORTIONS OF THE SITE WITHIN LIMITS OF DISTURBANCE. USE EROSION CONTROL PREVENTION PER PLANS AS NECESSARY.
- GRADE SITE TO PLAN GRADES. INSTALL SITE UTILITIES AND STORM DRAINAGE PIPING, DETENTION PONDS, AND INLETS.
- INSTALL NEW INLET PROTECTION. O. BEGIN BUILDING CONSTRUCTION AND ROADS AND PAVING.
- I. REPLACE SILT FENCE INLET PROTECTION WITH SILT SACKS AS CURBS ARE CONSTRUCTED AND PAVING BASE COURSE IS INSTALLED.

- 2. PROCEED WITH FINE GRADING, LANDSCAPING AND GRASSING. 3. REMOVE EROSION PROTECTION DEVICES AFTER SOIL STABILIZATION AND
- 4. REMOVE SEDIMENT CAUSED BY CONSTRUCTION FROM EXISTING PONDS. 5. PERFORM CONTINUOUS MAINTENANCE UNTIL OWNER TAKEOVER OR PER CONTRACT.

TIMING OF CONTROLS/MEASURES

THE PLANS. AFTER THE ENTIRE SITE IS STABILIZED,

AS INDICATED IN THE SEQUENCE OF MAJOR ACTIVITIES, THE SILT FENCES WILL

THE SITE. STABILIZATION MEASURES SHALL BE INITIATED AS SOON AS PRACTICAL

IN PORTIONS OF THE SITE WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES HAVE TEMPORARILY

OR PERMANENTLY CEASED. ONCE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY CEASES PERMANENTLY IN

AN AREA, THAT AREA WILL BE STABILIZED PERMANENTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH

BE CONSTRUCTED PRIOR TO CLEARING OR GRADING OF ANY OTHER PORTIONS OF

A. WHERE THE MAXIMUM SLOPE BEHIND THE BARRIER IS 33 PERCENT.

B. IN MINOR SWALES OR DITCH LINES WHERE THE MAXIMUM CONTRIBUTING DRAINAGE AREA IS NO GREATER THAN 1 ACRES. REFER TO SCDHEC DETAIL #SC-07 FOR PROPER CONSTRUCTION OF THE FILTER FABRIC BARRIER.

C. ALL AREAS WITHIN' 50' OF AN IDENTIFIED WETLAND WILL BE PROTECTED BY A DOUBLE ROW OF SILT FENCE.

TEMPORARY SEEDING:

- AREAS OPENED BY CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS AND THAT ARE NOT ANTICIPATED TO BE RE-EXCAVATED OR DRESSED AND RECEIVE FINAL GRASSING TREATMENT WITHIN 14 DAYS SHALL BE SEEDED WITH A QUICK GROWING GRASS SPECIES WHICH WILL PROVIDE AN EARLY COVER DURING THE SEASON IN WHICH IT IS PLANTED AND WILL NOT LATER COMPETE WITH THE PERMANENT GRASSING.
- TEMPORARY SEEDING AND MULCHING: SLOPES STEEPER THAN 5:1 THAT FALL WITHIN THE CATEGORY ESTABLISHED IN PARAGRAPH 8 ABOVE SHALL ADDITIONALLY RECEIVE MULCHING OF APPROXIMATELY 2 INCHES LOOSE MEASURE OF MULCH MATERIAL CUT INTO THE SOIL OF THE SEEDED AREA ADEQUATE TO PREVENT MOVEMENT OF SEED AND
- TEMPORARY GRASSING:

MULCH.

- THE SEEDED OR SEEDED AND MULCHED AREA(S) SHALL BE ROLLED AND WATERED OR HYDROMULCHED OR OTHER SUITABLE METHODS IF REQUIRED TO ASSURE OPTIMUM GROWING CONDITIONS FOR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF A GOOD GRASS COVER. TEMPORARY GRASSING SHALL BE THE SAME MIX & AMOUNT REQUIRED FOR PERMANENT GRASSING IN THE CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS.
- TEMPORARY REGRASSING: IF, AFTER 14 DAYS FROM SEEDING, THE TEMPORARY GRASSED AREAS HAVE NOT ATTAINED A MINIMUM OF 75 PERCENT GOOD GRASS COVER, THE AREA WILL BE REWORKED AND ADDITIONAL SEED APPLIED SUFFICIENT TO ESTABLISH THE DESIRED VEGETATIVE COVER.
- ALL FEATURES OF THE PROJECT DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED TO PREVENT EROSION AND SEDIMENT SHALL BE MAINTAINED DURING THE LIFE OF THE CONSTRUCTION SO AS TO FUNCTION AS THEY WERE ORIGINALLY DESIGNED AND
- CONSTRUCTED. PERMANENT SEEDING:
- ALL AREAS WHICH HAVE BEEN DISTURBED BY CONSTRUCTION WILL, AS A MINIMUM, BE SEEDED. THE SEEDING MIX MUST PROVIDE BOTH LONG-TERM VEGETATION AND RAPID GROWTH SEASONAL VEGETATION. SLOPES STEEPER THAN 4:1 SHALL BE SEEDED AND MULCHED OR SODDED.

OTHER CONTROLS

SPILL PREVENTION (CONT.)

THESE PRACTICES ARE USED TO REDUCE THE RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH HAZARDOUS

- PRODUCTS WILL BE KEPT IN ORIGINAL CONTAINERS UNLESS THEY ARE NOT
- ORIGINAL LABELS AND MATERIAL SAFETY DATA WILL BE RETAINED: THEY
- IF SURPLUS PRODUCT MUST BE DISPOSED OF, MANUFACTURER'S OR LOCAL AND STATE RECOMMENDED METHODS FOR PROPER DISPOSAL WILL BE FOLLOWED.
- ALL ONSITE VEHICLES WILL BE MONITORED FOR LEAKS AND RECEIVE REGULAR PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE TO REDUCE THE CHANCE OF LEAKAGE. PETROLEUM PRODUCTS WILL BE STORED IN TIGHTLY SEALED CONTAINERS WHICH ARE CLEARLY LABELED. ANY ASPHALT SUBSTANCES USED ONSITE WILL BE APPLIED ACCORDING TO THE MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

FERTILIZERS:

FERTILIZERS USED WILL BE APPLIED ONLY IN THE MINIMUM AMOUNTS RECOMMENDED BY THE MANUFACTURER. ONCE APPLIED, FERTILIZER WILL BE WORKED INTO THE SOIL TO LIMIT EXPOSURE TO STORM WATER. STORAGE WILL BE IN A COVERED AREA. THE CONTENTS OF ANY PARTIALLY USED BAGS OF FERTILIZER WILL BE TRANSFERRED TO A SEALABLE PLASTIC BIN TO AVOID

MAINTENANCE/INSPECTION PROCEDURES

- THE FOLLOWING ARE INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE PRACTICES THAT WILL BE USED TO MAINTAIN EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS.
- ALL CONTROL MEASURES WILL BE INSPECTED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT. THE PERSON RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DAY TO DAY SITE OPERATION OR SOMEONE APPOINTED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT, AT LEAST ONCE A WEEK.
- BUILT UP SEDIMENT WILL BE REMOVED FROM SILT FENCE WHEN IT HAS REACHED ONE-THIRD THE HEIGHT OF THE FENCE.
- SILT FENCE WILL BE INSPECTED FOR DEPTH OF SEDIMENT, TEARS, TO SEE IF THE FABRIC IS SECURELY ATTACHED TO THE FENCE POSTS, AND TO SEE THAT THE FENCE POSTS ARE FIRMLY IN THE GROUND.
- TEMPORARY AND PERMANENT SEEDING AND PLANTING WILL BE INSPECTED FOR BARE SPOTS, WASHOUTS, AND HEALTHY GROWTH.
- A MAINTENANCE INSPECTION REPORT WILL BE MADE AFTER EACH INSPECTION. A COPY OF THE REPORT FORM TO BE COMPLETED BY THE INSPECTOR IS AVAILABLE IN THE SWPPP REPORT. THE REPORTS WILL BE KEPT ON SITE DURING CONSTRUCTION AND AVAILABLE UPON REQUEST TO THE OWNER. ENGINEER OR ANY FEDERAL, STATE OR LOCAL AGENCY APPROVING SEDIMENT AND AND EROSION PLANS, OR STORM WATER MANAGEMENT PLANS. THE REPORTS SHALL BE MADE AND RETAINED AS PART OF THE STORM WATER POLLUTION PREVENTION PLAN FOR AT LEAST THREE YEARS FROM THE DATE THAT THE SITE IS FINALLY STABILIZED AND THE NOTICE OF TERMINATION IS SUBMITTED. THE REPORTS SHALL IDENTIFY ANY INCIDENTS OF NON-COMPLIANCE.
- THE SITE SUPERINTENDENT WILL SELECT UP TO THREE (3) INDIVIDUALS WHO WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR INSPECTIONS, MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR ACTIVITIES, AND FILLING OUT THE MAINTENANCE REPORT.
- PERSONNEL SELECTED FOR INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILITIES WILL RECEIVE TRAINING FROM THE SITE SUPERINTENDENT. THEY WILL BE TRAINED IN ALL THE INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE PRACTICES NECESSARY FOR KEEPING THE EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROLS USED ONSITE IN GOOD WORKING ORDER.

GRADING NOTES

WASTE DISPOSAL

- WASTE MATERIALS: ALL WASTE MATERIALS EXCEPT LAND CLEARING DEBRIS SHALL BE COLLECTED AND STORED IN A SECURELY LIDDED METAL DUMPSTER. THE DUMPSTER WILL MEET ALL LOCAL AND STATE SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT REGULATIONS. THE DUMPSTER WILL BE EMPTIED AS NEEDED AND THE TRASH WILL BE HAULED TO A STATE APPROVED LANDFILL. ALL PERSONNEL WILL BE INSTRUCTED REGARDING THE CORRECT PROCEDURE FOR WASTE DISPOSAL. NOTICES STATING THESE PRACTICES WILL BE POSTED AT THE CONSTRUCTION SITE BY THE CONSTRUCTION SUPERINTENDENT, THE INDIVIDUAL WHO MANAGES THE DAY-TO-DAY SITE OPERATIONS, WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SEEING THAT THESE PROCEDURES ARE FOLLOWED.
- HAZARDOUS WASTE: ALL HAZARDOUS WASTE MATERIALS WILL BE DISPOSED OF IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED BY LOCAL OR STATE REGULATION OR BY THE MANUFACTURER. SITE PERSONNEL WILL BE INSTRUCTED IN THESE PRACTICES AND THE SITE SUPERINTENDENT, THE INDIVIDUAL WHO MANAGES DAY-TO-DAY SITE OPERATIONS, WILL BE RESPONSIBLE FOR SEEING THAT THESE PRACTICES ARE
- 1. IF DISCREPANCIES DEVELOP BETWEEN THE PROPOSED GRADES, AS SHOWN ON THE PLAN AND THE EXISTING GROUND SURFACE, THE CONTRACTOR WITH PRIOR APPROVAL OF THE ENGINEER SHALL MAKE GRADING ADJUSTMENTS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN THE GENERAL INTENT OF THE PLAN DESIGN.
- FROM DEMOLITION AND DISPOSE OFF SITE UNLESS OTHERWISE ADVISED BY THE CONTRACTOR SHALL USE CARE IN GRADING OR EXCAVATING NEAR ANY AND ALL EXISTING ITEMS WHICH ARE NOT INDICATED TO BE REMOVED. ANY

CONTRACTOR SHALL REMOVE ALL DEBRIS AND OTHER MATERIALS RESULTING

- DAMAGE DONE TO THESE EXISTING ITEMS BY THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REPAIRED AT THE CONTRACTOR'S EXPENSE. 4. CONTRACTOR SHALL, WHEN GRADING BETWEEN CONTOURS AND BETWEEN POINTS
- OF SPOT ELEVATIONS, GRADE ON A UNIFORM SLOPE 5. ALL NEWLY CONSTRUCTED SLOPES WHICH ARE STEEPER THAN 2.5 TO 1 MUST BE STABILIZED BY INSTALLATION OF EROSION CONTROL REVEGETATIVE MAT,

PRODUCT AND MUST BE APPROVED BY ENGINEER.

6. CONTRACTOR SHALL FOR ALL GRASSED AREAS, BE RESPONSIBLE FOR REPLACING ERODED SOIL AND GRASS SEED UNTIL AN APPROVED STAND OF GRASS IS ESTABLISHED.

SPILL PREVENTION

MATERIAL MANAGEMENT PRACTICES

THE FOLLOWING ARE THE MATERIAL MANAGEMENT PRACTICES THAT WILL BE USED TO REDUCE THE RISK OF SPILLS OR OTHER ACCIDENTAL EXPOSURE OF MATERIALS AND SUBSTANCES TO STORM WATER RUNOFF.

GOOD HOUSEKEEPING

FOLLOWED.

THE FOLLOWING GOOD HOUSEKEEPING PRACTICES WILL BE FOLLOWED ONSITE DURING THE CONSTRUCTION PROJECT.

- AN EFFORT WILL BE MADE TO STORE ONLY ENOUGH PRODUCT REQUIRED TO DO THE JOB. ALL MATERIALS STORED ONSITE WILL BE STORED IN A NEAT, ORDERLY MANNER IN THEIR APPROPRIATE CONTAINERS AND, IF POSSIBLE, UNDER A
- ROOF OR OTHER ENCLOSURE. PRODUCTS WILL BE KEPT IN THEIR ORIGINAL CONTAINERS WITH THE
- ORIGINAL MANUFACTURER'S LABEL. SUBSTANCES WILL NOT BE MIXED WITH ONE ANOTHER UNLESS RECOMMENDED BY
- THE MANUFACTURER. WHENEVER POSSIBLE, ALL OF A PRODUCT WILL BE USED UP BEFORE
- DISPOSING OF THE CONTAINER. MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PROPER USE AND DISPOSAL WILL BE
- THE SITE SUPERINTENDENT WILL INSPECT DAILY TO ENSURE MATERIALS ONSITE RECEIVE PROPER USE AND DISPOSAL.

PERMANENT SEEDING:

A MAJOR CONSIDERATION IN THE SELECTION OF THE TYPE OF PERMANENT GRASS TO ESTABLISH IS THE INTENDED USE OF THE LAND (HIGH-MAINTENANCE AND LOW MAINTENANCE). SEE TABLE FOR EXAMPLE SEEDING MIXES.

SEDIMENT & EROSION CONTROL NOTES

APPLY A MINIMUM OF 1000 POUNDS PER ACRE OF A COMPLETE 10-10-10 FERTILIZER (23 POUNDS PER 1000 SQUARE FEET) OR EQUIVALENT DURING PERMANENT SEEDING OF GRASSES UNLESS A SOIL TEST INDICATES A DIFFERENT

INCORPORATE FERTILIZER AND LIME (IF USED) INTO THE TOP 4-6 INCHES OF THE SOIL BY DISKING OR OTHER MEANS WHERE CONDITIONS ALLOW. DO NOT MIX THE LIME AND THE FERTILIZER PRIOR TO THE FIELD APPLICATION.

LOOSEN THE SURFACE OF THE SOIL JUST BEFORE BROADCASTING THE SEED. EVENLY APPLY SEED BY THE MOST CONVENIENT METHOD AVAILABLE FOR THE TYPE OF SEED APPLIED AND THE LOCATION OF THE SEEDING. COVER APPLIED SEED BY RAKING OR DRAGGING A CHAIN OR BRUSH MAT, AND THEN LIGHTLY FIRM THE AREA WITH A ROLLER OR CULTIPACKER. DO NOT ROLL SEED THAT IS APPLIED WITH A HYDRO-SEEDER AND HYDRO-MULCH.

SEDIMENT & EROSION CONTROL NOTES (CONT.)

INSPECT PERMANENTLY SEEDED AREAS FOR FAILURE, MAKE NECESSARY REPAIRS AND RE-SEED OR OVERSEED WITHIN THE SAME GROWTH SEASON IF POSSIBLE. IF THE GRASS COVER IS SPARSE OR PATCHY, RE-EVALUATE THE CHOICE OF GRASS AND QUANTITIES OF LIME AND FERTILIZER APPLIED. FINAL STABILIZATION BY PERMANENT SEEDING OF THE SITE REQUIRES THAT IT BE COVERED BY A 70%

- 1. INSPECT SEEDED AREAS FOR FAILURE AND MAKE NECESSARY REPAIRS AND RE-SEED IMMEDIATELY. CONDUCT A FOLLOW-UP SURVEY AFTER ONE YEAR AND REPLACE FAILED PLANTS WHERE NECESSARY.
- IF VEGETATIVE COVER IS INADEQUATE TO PREVENT RILL EROSION, OVERSEED AND FERTILIZE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SOIL TEST RESULTS.
- 3. IF A STAND OF PERMANENT VEGETATION HAS LESS THAN 40 PERCENT COVER. RE-EVALUATE CHOICE OF PLANT MATERIALS AND QUANTITIES OF LIME AND
- RE-ESTABLISH THE STAND FOLLOWING SEED BED PREPARATION AND SEEDING RECOMMENDATIONS, OMITTING LIME AND FERTILIZER IN THE ABSENCE OF SOIL TEST RESULTS.
- FINAL STABILIZATION OF THE SITE REQUIRES A 70 PERCENT OVERALL COVERAGE RATE. THIS DOES NOT MEANS 30 PERCENT OF THE SITE CAN REMAIN BARE. THE COVERAGE IS DEFINED AS LOOKING AT A SQUARE YARD OF COVERAGE, IN WHICH 70 PERCENT OF THAT SQUARE YARD IS COVERED WITH VEGETATION.

STANDARD SCDHEC NOTES

- IF NECESSARY. SLOPES. WHICH EXCEED EIGHT (8) VERTICAL FEET SHOULD BE STABILIZED WITH SYNTHETIC OR VEGETATIVE MATS, IN ADDITION TO HYDROSEEDING. IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO INSTALL TEMPORARY SLOPE DRAINS DURING CONSTRUCTION. TEMPORARY BERMS MAY BE NEEDED UNTIL THE SLOPE IS BROUGHT TO GRADE.
- STABILIZATION MEASURES SHALL BE INITIATED AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE IN PORTIONS OF THE SITE WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES HAVE TEMPORARILY OR PERMANENTLY CEASED, BUT IN NO CASE MORE THAN FOURTEEN (14) DAYS AFTER WORK HAS CEASED, EXCEPT AS STATED BELOW.

WHERE STABILIZATION BY THE 14TH DAY IS PRECLUDED BY SNOW COVER OR FROZEN GROUND CONDITIONS STABILIZATION MEASURES MUST BE INITIATED AS SOON AS PRACTICABLE.

WHERE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY ON A PORTION OF THE SITE IS TEMPORARILY CEASED, AND EARTH-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES WILL BE RESUMED WITHIN 14 DAYS, TEMPORARY STABILIZATION MEASURES DO NOT HAVE TO BE INITIATED ON THAT PORTION OF THE SITE.

- ALL SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE INSPECTED ONCE EVERY CALENDAR WEEK. IF PERIODIC INSPECTION OR OTHER INFORMATION INDICATES THAT A BMP HAS BEEN INAPPROPRIATELY OR INCORRECTLY INSTALLED, THE PERMITTEE MUST ADDRESS THENECESSARY REPLACEMENT OR MIDIFICATION REQUIRED TO CORRECT THE BMP WITHIN 48 HOURS OF IDENTIFICATION.
- PROVIDE SILT FENCE AND/OR OTHER CONTROL DEVICES, AS MAY BE REQUIRED, TO CONTROL SOIL EROSION DURING UTILITY CONSTRUCTION. ALL DISTURBED AREAS SHALL BE CLEANED, GRADED, AND STABILIZED WITH GRASSING IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE UTILITY INSTALLATION. FILL. COVER. AND TEMPORARY SEEDING AT THE END OF EACH DAY ARE RECOMMENDED. IF WATER IS ENCOUNTERED WHILE TRENCHING, THE WATER SHOULD BE FILTERED TO REMOVE ANY SEDIMENTS BEFORE BEING PUMPED BACK INTO ANY WATERS OF THE STATE.
- ALL EROSION CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE PROPERLY MAINTAINED DURING ALL PHASES OF CONSTRUCTION UNTIL THE COMPLETION OF ALL CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES AND ALL DISTURBED AREAS HAVE BEEN STABILIZED. ADDITIONAL CONTROL DEVICES MAY BE REQUIRED DURING CONSTRUCTION IN ORDER TO CONTROL EROSION AND/OR OFFSITE SEDIMENTATION. ALL TEMPORARY CONTROL DEVICES SHALL BE REMOVED ONCE CONSTRUCTION IS COMPLETE AND THE SITE IS STABILIZED
- THE CONTRACTOR MUST TAKE NECESSARY ACTION TO MINIMIZE THE TRACKING OF MUD ONTO PAVED ROADWAY(S) FROM CONSTRUCTION AREAS AND THE GENERATION OF DUST. THE CONTRACTOR SHALL DAILY REMOVE MUD/SOIL FROM PAVEMENT, AS MAY BE REQUIRED.
- RESIDENTIAL SUBDIVISIONS REQUIRE EROSION CONTROL FEATURES FOR INFRASTRUCTURE AS WELL AS FOR INDIVIDUAL LOT CONSTRUCTION. INDIVIDUAL PROPERTY OWNERS SHALL FOLLOW THESE PLANS DURING CONSTRUCTION OR OBTAIN APPROVAL OF AN INDIVIDUAL PLAN IN ACCORDANCE WITH SC REG. 72-300 ET SEQ. AND SCR100000
- TEMPORARY DIVERSION BERMS AND/OR DITCHES WILL BE PROVIDED AS NEEDED DURING CONSTRUCTION TO PROTECT WORK AREAS FROM UPSLOPE RUNOFF AND/OR TO DIVERT SEDIMENT-LADEN WATER TO APPROPRIATE TRAPS OR STABLE OUTLETS.
- ALL WATERS OF THE STATE (WOS), INCLUDING WETLANDS, ARE TO BE FLAGGED OR OTHERWISE CLEARLY MARKED IN THE FIELD. A DOUBLE ROW OF SILT FENCE IS TO BE INSTALLED IN ALL AREAS WHERE A 50-FOOT BUFFER CAN'T BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN THE DISTURBED AREA AND ALL WOS. A 10-FOOT BUFFER SHOULD BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN THE LAST ROW OF SILT
- FENCE AND ALL WOS. LITTER, CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, OILS, FUELS, AND BUILDING PRODUCTS WITH SIGNIFICANT POTENTIAL FOR IMPACT (SUCH AS STOCKPILES OF FRESHLY TREATED LUMBER) AND CONSTRUCTION CHEMICALS THAT COULD BE EXPOSED TO STORM WATER MUST BE PREVENTED FROM BECOMING A POLLUTANT SOURCE IN STORM WATER DISCHARGES.
- A COPY OF THE SWPPP, INSPECTION RECORDS, AND RAINFALL DATA MUST BE RETAINED AT THE CONSTRUCTION SITE OR A NEARBY LOCATION EASILY ACCESSIBLE DURING NORMAL BUSINESS HOURS, FROM THE DATE OF COMMENCEMENT OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES TO THE DATE THAT FINAL STABILIZATION IS REACHED.
- INITIATE STABILIZATION MEASURES ON ANY EXPOSED STEEP SLOPE (3H:1V OR GREATER) WHERE LAND-DISTURBING ACTIVITIES HAVE PERMANENTLY OR TEMPORARILY CEASED, AND WILL NOT RESUME FOR A PERIOD OF 7 CALENDAR MINIMIZE SOIL COMPACTION AND, UNLESS INFEASIBLE, PRESERVE TOPSOIL.

MINIMIZE THE DISCHARGE OF POLLUTANTS FROM EQUIPMENT AND VEHICLE

- WASHING, WHEEL WASH WATER, AND OTHER WASH WATERS. WASH WATERS MUST BE TREATED IN A SEDIMENT BASIN OR ALTERNATIVE CONTROL THAT PROVIDES EQUIVALENT OR BETTER TREATMENT PRIOR TO DISCHARGE. MINIMIZE THE DISCHARGE OF POLLUTANTS FROM DEWATERING OF TRENCHES AND EXCAVATED AREAS. THESE DISCHARGES ARE TO BE ROUTED THROUGH APPROPRIATE BMPS (SEDIMENT BASINS, FILTER BAG, ETC.).
- THE FOLLOWING DISCHARGES FROM SITES ARE PROHIBITED: WASTEWATER FROM WASHOUT OF CONCRETE, UNLESS MANAGED BY AN APPROPRIATE CONTROL. WASTEWATER FROM WASHOUT AND CLEANOUT OF STUCCO, PAINT, FORM RELEASE OILS, CURING COMPOUNDS AND OTHER CONSTRUCTION
- MATERIALS. FUELS, OILS, OR OTHER POLLUTANTS USED IN VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE.
- SOAPS OR SOLVENTS USED IN VEHICLE AND EQUIPMENT WASHING. AFTER CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES BEGIN, INSPECTIONS MUST BE CONDUCTED AT A MINIMUM OF ATLEAST ONCE EVERY CALENDAR WEEK AND MUST BE CONDUCTED UNTIL FINAL STABILIZATION IS REACHED ON ALL AREAS OF THE
- CONSTRUCTION SITE. 8. IF EXISTING BMPS NEED TO BE MODIFIED OR IF ADDITIONAL BMPS OR NECESSARY TO COMPLY WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF THIS PERMIT AND/OR SC'S WATER QUALITY STANDARDS, IMPLEMENTATION MUST BE COMPLETED BEFORE THE NEXT STORM EVENT WHENEVER PRACTICABLE. IF IMPLEMENTATION BEFORE THE NEXT STORM EVENT IS IMPRACTICABLE, THE SITUATION MUST BE DOCUMENTED IN THE SWPPP AND ALTERNATIVE BMPS MUST BE IMPLEMENTED AS SOON AS REASONABLY POSSIBLE.
- 9. A PRE-CONSTRUCTION CONFERENCE MUST BE HELD FOR EACH CONSTRUCTION SITE WITH AN APPROVED ON-SITE SWPPP PRIOR TO THE IMPLEMENTATION OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES. FOR NON-LINEAR PROJECTS THAT DISTURB 10 ACRES OR MORE THIS CONFERENCE MUST BE HELD ON-SITE UNLESS THE DEPARTMENT HAS APPROVED OTHERWISE.

ENGINEERS'S CERTIFICATION

"I HAVE PLACED MY SIGNATURE AND SEAL ON THE DESIGN DOCUMENTS SUBMITTED SIGNIFYING THAT I ACCEPT RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE DESIGN OF THE SYSTEM. FURTHER, I CERTIFY TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE AND BELIEF THAT THE DESIGN IS CONSISTENT WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF TITLE 48. CHAPTER 14 OF THE CODE OF LAWS OF SC. 1976 AS AMENDED. PURSUANT TO REGULATION 7-ET SEQ. (IF APPLICABLE). AND IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SCR100000.

SIGNED:		
D.4.T.D.		

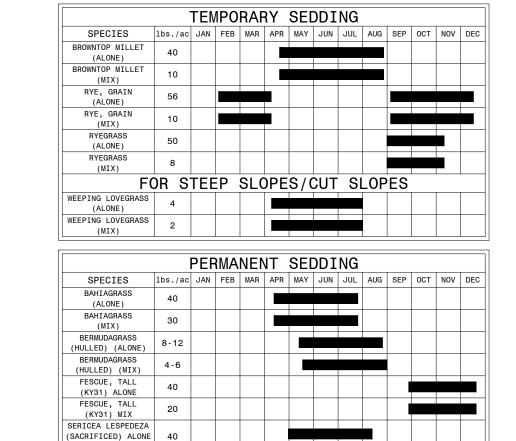
OR MIX

(MIX ONLY)

(ALONE) WEEPING LOVEGRASS

TYPE M INOCULANT 8-10

SEEDING SCHEDULES

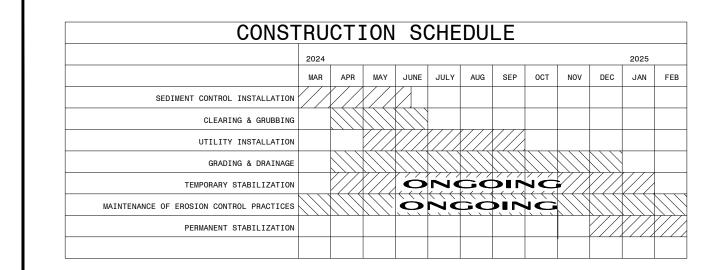


PERMANENT WATER QUALITY

FOR STEEP SLOPES/CUT SLOPES

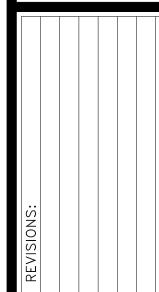
SUMMARY OF MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

REQUIRED MAINTENANCE	FREQUENCY	
MOW GRASS TO MAINTAIN DESIGN HEIGHT (NO LESS THAN 4")	PERIODICALLY	
REMOVE LITTER AND DEBRIS.	PERIODICALLY	
INSPECT FOR EROSION, RILLS AND GULLIES, AND REPAIR.	ANNUAL, OR AS NEEDED	
REPAIR SPARSE VEGETATION.	ANNUAL, OR AS NEEDED	
INSPECT TO ENSURE THAT GRASS HAS ESTABLISHED. IF NOT, REPLACE WITH AN ALTERNATIVE SPECIES.	ANNUAL, OR AS NEEDED	
NUTRIENT AND PESTICIDE MANAGEMENT.	NONE	



THE ABOVE SCHEDULE IS TENTATIVE AND MAY BE MODIFIED DUE TO CONSTRUCTION SCHEDULING.

HUSSEY, GAY ENGINEERS OF SC No. C00194

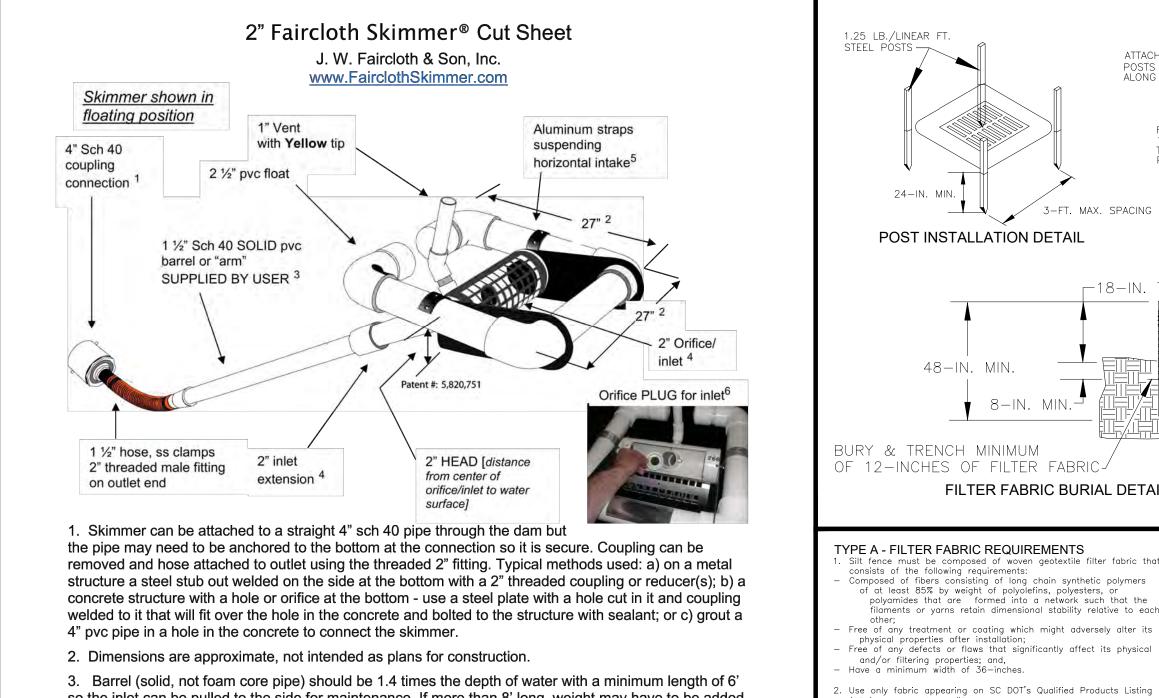


LP

JOB NO.423153600 SCALE: AS NOTED

DRAWING NUMBER

C-55C



so the inlet can be pulled to the side for maintenance. If more than 8' long, weight may have to be added to inlet to counter the increased buoyancy.

4. Orifice/inlet tapers down from 2" maximum inlet to a 1 ½" barrel and hose. Barrel is smaller to reduce buoyancy and tendency to lift inlet but is sufficient for flow through inlet because of slope. The orifice/inlet can be reduced using the plug and cutter provided to control the outflow rate – see #6.

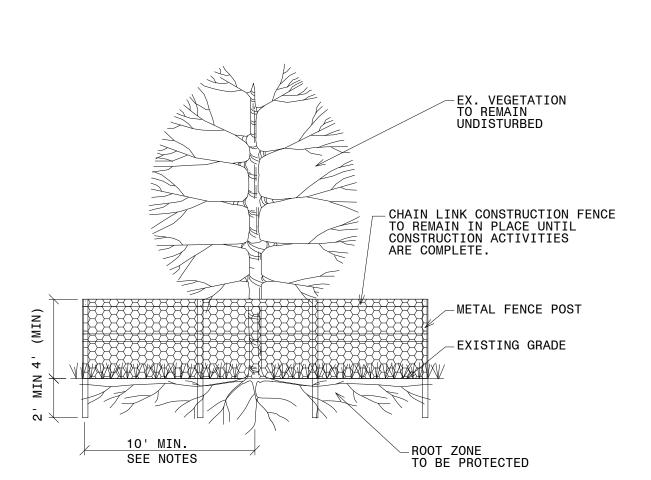
5. Horizontal intake is 4" pipe between the straps with aluminum screen door for access to the inlet and orifice inside.

6. Capacity: 3,283 cubic feet per day maximum with 2" inlet and 2" head. Inlet can be reduced by installing a smaller orifice using the plug and cutter provided to adjust flow rate for the particular drawdown time required. Please use the sizing template available at www.fairclothskimmer.com.

7. Ships assembled. User glues inlet extension and barrel, installs vent, cuts orifice in plug and attaches to outlet pipe or structure. Includes float, flexible hose with fittings, rope, orifice plug & cutter. Does NOT include 1 ½" Sch 40 SOLID pvc barrel or "arm" SUPPLIED BY USER.

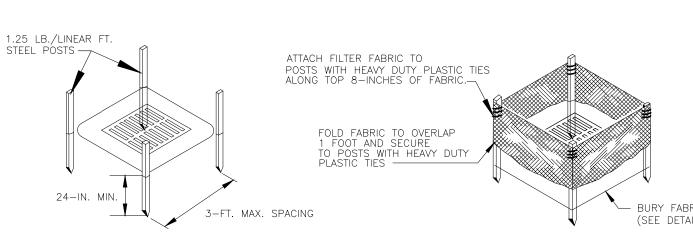
2inchCut 5-1-19 © J. W. Faircloth & Son, Inc. 2019

2" FAIRCLOTH SKIMMER N.T.S.



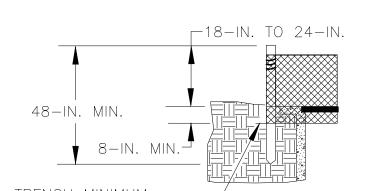
- 1. TREE BARRICADES ARE REQUIRED PRIOR TO THE COMMENCEMENT OF ANY CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES, EXCEPT THOSE OPERATIONS REQUIRED TO INSTALL SUCH MEASURES.
- 2. MAINTAIN TREE BARRICADES AT ALL TIMES.
- 3. BARRICADE SHALL PROVIDE A DIAMETER OF PROTECTION EQUAL IN FEET TO 1' x TREE DIAMETER AT BREAST HEIGHT AS A RADIUS FROM THE TRUNK (I.E. A 24" D.B.H. TREE SHALL HAVE A BARRICADE 24 FEET ON ALL SIDES.)
- 4. ALL WORK DONE WITHIN PROTECTIVE BARRICADES IS TO BE DONE BY HAND.
- 5. ALL ROOTS TO BE REMOVED DURING DEVELOPMENT SHALL BE
- SERVICE DURING DEVELOPMENT ACCORDING TO THE LATEST APPLICABLE ANSI PRUNING STANDARDS.
- 7. INSTALL SILT FENCE 1' OUT FROM TREE PROTECTION.

PROTECTIVE TREE BARRICADE



PLAN SYMBOL

POST INSTALLATION DETAIL



OF 12-INCHES OF FILTER FABRIC-FILTER FABRIC BURIAL DETAIL

TYPE A - FILTER FABRIC REQUIREMENTS Silt fence must be composed of woven geotextile filter fabric that consists of the following requirements: Composed of fibers consisting of long chain synthetic polymers of at least 85% by weight of polyolefins, polyesters, or polyamides that are formed into a network such that the filaments or yarns retain dimensional stability relative to each

- Free of any treatment or coating which might adversely alter its physical properties after installation: Free of any defects or flaws that significantly affect its physical and/or filtering properties; and Have a minimum width of 36-inches.
- (QPL), Approval Sheet #34, meeting the requirements of the most current edition of the SC DOT Standard Specifications for Highway 3 12—inches of the fabric should be placed within excavated trench and
- 4. Filter Fabric shall be purchased in continuous rolls and cut to the length of the barrier to avoid joints. 5. Filter Fabric shall be installed at a minimum of 24—inches above the

TYPE A - POST REQUIREMENTS

FILTER FABRIC

toed in when the trench is backfilled.

- Silt Fence posts must be 48—inch long steel posts that meet, at a minimum, the following physical characteristics. Composed of a high strength steel with a minimum yield strength of 50,000 psi. Include a standard "T" section with a nominal face width of 1.38—inches and a nominal "T" length of 1.48—inches. Weigh 1.25 pounds per foot (± 8%)
- 2. Posts shall be equipped with projections to aid in fastening of filter
- 3. Install posts to a minimum of 24—inches. A minimum height of 1— to 2— inches above the fabric shall be maintained, and a maximum height of 3 feet shall be maintained above the ground.

SILT FENCE INSTALLATION

4. Post spacing shall be at a maximum of 3—feet on center

R V-BOTTOM TRENCH

SILT FENCE - POST REQUIREMENTS

- Weigh 1.25 pounds per foot (± 8%)

shall be maintained above the ground.

Post spacing shall be at a maximum of 6-feet on center.

SILT FENCE - FABRIC REQUIREMENTS

- Have a minimum width of 36-inches.

Maximum sheet or overland flow path length to the silt fence shall be 100-feet. Maximum slope steepness (normal [perpendicular] to the fence line) shall be 2:1.

. Silt fence joints, when necessary, shall be completed by one of the following options

ilt Fence posts must be 48—inch long steel posts that meet, at a minimum, ne following physical characteristics.

- Include a standard "T" section with a nominal face width of 1.38-inches

Posts shall be equipped with projections to aid in fastening of filter fabric.

Steel posts may need to have a metal soil stabilization plate welded near the bottom when installed along steep slopes or installed in loose soils. The plate should have a minimum cross section of 17—square inches and be composed

of 15 gauge steel, at a minimum. The metal soil stabilization plate should be

Install posts to a minimum of 24-inches. A minimum height of 1- to 2-inches above the fabric shall be maintained, and a maximum height of 3 feet

Silt fence must be composed of woven geotextile filter fabric that consists of

Composed of fibers consisting of long chain synthetic polymers of at least 85% by weight of polyolefins, polyesters, or polyamides that are formed into a network such that the filaments or yarns retain dimensional stability.

Free of any treatment or coating which might adversely alter its physical properties after installation;

Free of any defects or flaws that significantly affect its physical and/or

Use only fabric appearing on SC DOT's Qualified Products Listing (QPL),

Approval Sheet #34, meeting the requirements of the most current edition of the SC DOT Standard Specifications for Highway Construction.

12—inches of the fabric should be placed within excavated trench and toed in when the trench is backfilled.

. Filter Fabric shall be purchased in continuous rolls and cut to the length of the barrier to avoid joints.

Filter Fabric shall be installed at a minimum of 24-inches above the ground.

sed of a high strength steel with a minimum yield strength of

SILT FENCE - GENERAL NOTES

1. Do not place silt fence across channels or in other areas subject to concentrated flows. Silt fence should no be used as a velocity control BMP. Concentrated flows are any flows greater than 0.5 cfs.

- Wrap each fabric together at a support post with both ends fastened to the post, with a 1-foot

Overlap silt fence by installing 3-feet passed the support post to which the new silt fence roll is attached. Attach old roll to new roll with heavy-duty plastic ties; or,
 Overlap entire width of each silt fence roll from one support post to the next support post.

Install the silt fence perpendicular to the direction of the stormwater flow and place the silt fence the proper distance from the toe of steep slopes to provide sediment storage and access for maintenance and cleanout.

Install Silt Fence Checks (Tie-Backs) every 50-100 feet, dependent on slope, along silt fence that is installed with slope and where concentrated flows are expected or are documented along the proposed/installed silt

Attach filter fabric to the steel posts using heavy-duty plastic ties that are evenly spaced within the top

PLAN SYMBOL

FILTER FABRIC INSTALLATION

DETAIL

	-			
South Carolina Department of				
Health and Environmental Control				
Type A				
FILTER FABIC INLET PROTECTION				
STANDARD DRAWING NO.	SC-07 PA	GE 1 of 2		
NOT TO	SCALE	FEBRUARY 2014 DATE		

TYPE A - INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE The key to functional inlet protection is weekly inspections, routine maintenance, and regular sediment removal.

- 2. Regular inspections of inlet protection shall be conducted once every calendar week and, as recommended, within 24-hours after each
- rainfall even that produces 1/2-inch or more of precipitation. 3. Attention to sediment accumulations along the filter fabric is extremely important. Accumulated sediment should be continually monitored and
- 4. Remove accumulated sediment when it reaches 1/3 the height of the filter fabric. When a sump is installed in front of the fabric, sedimen should be removed when it fills approximately 1/3 the depth of the
- 5. Removed sediment shall be placed in stockpile storage areas or spread thinly across disturbed area. Stabilize the removed sediment

6. Check for greas where stormwater runoff has eroded a channel

- beneath the filter fabric, or where the fabric has sagged or collapsed due to runoff overtopping the inlet protection. . Check for tears within the filter fabric, areas where fabric has begun to decompose, and for any other circumstance that may render the inlet protection ineffective. Removed damaged fabric and reinstall new filter fabric immediately
- 8. Inlet protection structures should be removed after all the disturbed sediment, and dispose of them properly. Grade the disturbed area to the elevation of the drop inlet structure crest. Stabilize all bare areas

South Carolina Depar Health and Environmer		
Type A		
FILTER FABIC INLET PROT		
STANDARD DRAWING NO. SC-07 PAG	GE 2 of 2	
GENERAL NOTES	DATE	

FLAT-BOTTOM TRENCH DETAIL

6-IN. -

V-SHAPED TRENCH DETAIL

South Carolina Department of

SILT FENCE

ard drawing no. SC-03 Page 1 o

ARD DRAWING NO. SC-03 PAGE 2 of 2

GENERAL NOTES FEBRUARY 2014

DATE

SILT FENCE - INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE

1/2-inch or more of precipitation.

The key to functional silt fence is weekly inspections, routine maintenance, and

2. Regular inspections of silt fence shall be conducted once every calendar week and, as recommended, within 24-hours after each rainfall even that produces

Attention to sediment accumulations along the silt fence is extremely important Accumulated sediment should be continually monitored and removed when

4. Remove accumulated sediment when it reaches 1/3 the height of the silt

Removed sediment shall be placed in stockpile storage areas or spread thinly across disturbed area. Stabilize the removed sediment after it is relocated.

7. Check for tears within the silt fence, areas where silt fence has begun to

ineffective. Removed damaged silt fence and reinstall new silt fence

decompose, and for any other circumstance that may render the silt fence

8. Silt fence should be removed within 30 days after final stabilization is achieved and once it is removed, the resulting disturbed area shall be permanently

overtopping the silt fence. Install checks/tie—backs and/or reinstall silt fence,

silt fence, or where the fence has sagged or collapsed due to runo

NOT TO SCALE FEBRUARY 201

Health and Environmental Control

CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE - GENERAL NOTES Stabilized construction entrances should be used at all points 1. The key to functional construction entrances is weekly

Install a non-woven geotextile fabric prior to placing any

public road or any impervious surfaces, such as parking lots

2" x 2" wood stakes or

SEDIMENT TUBE SPACING

MAX. SEDIMENT TUBE SPACING

150-FEET

100-FEET

75-FEET

50-FEET

40-FEET

30-FEET

25-FEET

1.25 #/ft Steel Post

LESS THAN 2%

2%

3%

4%

GREATER THAN 6%

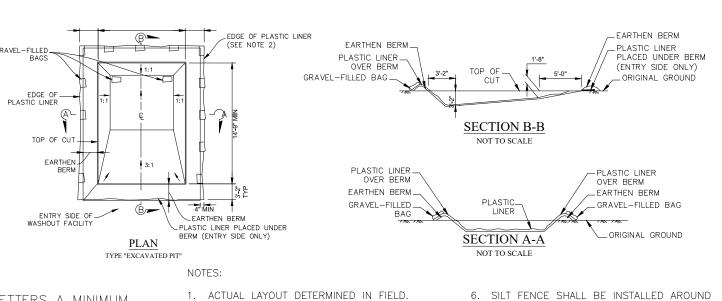
- provide positive drainage. The entrance shall consist of 2-inch to 3-inch D50 stone
- placed at a minimum depth of 6—inches. Minimum dimensions of the entrance shall be 24-feet wide by 100—feet long, and may be modified as necessary to
- accommodate site constraints. The edges of the entrance shall be tapered out towards the road to prevent tracking at the edge of the entrance.
- Divert all surface runoff and drainage from the stone pad to a sediment trap or basin or other sediment trapping structure.
- Limestone may not be used for the stone pad.

CONSTR. ENTRANCE - INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE

- 2. Regular inspections of construction entrances shall be within 24-hours after each rainfall even that produces
- 3. During regular inspections, check for mud and sediment buildup and pad integrity. Inspection frequencies may need to be more
- frequent during long periods of wet weather. 4. Reshape the stone pad as necessary for drainage and runoff
- 7. During maintenance activities, any broken pavement should be
- 8. Construction entrances should be removed after the site has reached final stabilization. Permanent vegetation should replace unless area will be converted to an impervious surface to serve

South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Contro CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE SC-06 PAGE 2 of 2

GENERAL NOTES



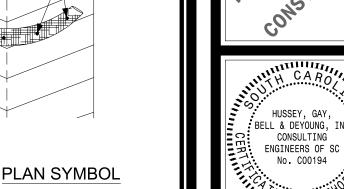
LETTERS A MINIMUM -OF 5" IN HEIGHT

DATE

ACCESSING THE WASHOUT. '. A ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE MAY E NECESSARY ALONG ONE SIDE OF THE WASHOUT TO PROVIDE VEHICLE ACCESS South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Contr CONCRETE WASHOUT EXCAVATED PIT D DRAWING NO. RC-08 PAGE 1 of 1

NOT TO SCALE

Placed at 2' ı Minimum



BELL & DEYOUNG, IN

LP

JOB NO.423153600

SCALE: AS NOTED

DRAWING NUMBER

South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Contro SEDIMENT TUBES

SC-05 PAGE 1 of 2 NOT TO SCALE

EDGES SHALL BE TAPERED OUT TOWARDS ROAD TO PREVENT TRACKING OF MUD ON THE EDGES AVERAGE STONE DIAMETER WITH A 6-INCH MINIMUM DEPTH-**PLAN SYMBOL** UNDERLYING NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE FABRIC -

SEDIMENT TUBE INSTALLATION

SPECIFICATIO SIZE ROCK PAD THICKNESS 6 INCHES ROCK PAD WIDTH 24 FEET ROCK PAD LENGTH 100 FEET D = 2-3 INCHES ROCK PAD STONE SIZE

South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Contro CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCI NOT TO SCALE

SC-06 PAGE 1 of 2

conducted once every calendar week and, as recommended, 1/2—inch or more of precipitation.

5. Wash or replace stones as needed and as directed by site inspector. The stone in the entrance should be washed or replaced whenever the entrance fails to reduce the amount of mud being carried off—site by vehicles. Frequent washing will

extend the useful life of stone pad. 6. Immediately remove mud and sediment tracked or washed onto adjacent impervious surfaces by brushing or sweeping. Flushing should only be used when the water can be discharged to a sediment trap or basin.

repaired immediately.

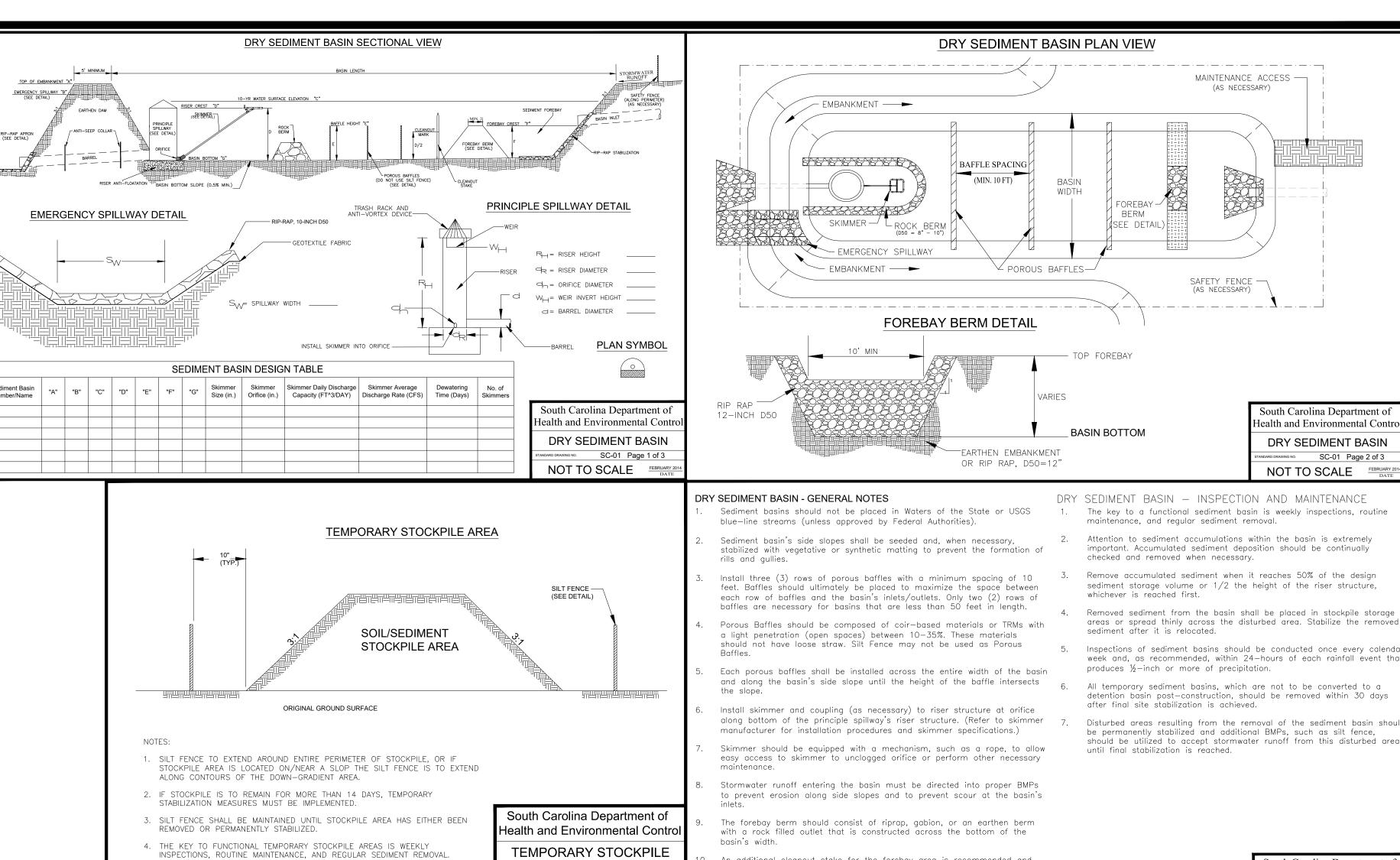
post-construction.

EXCAVATED PIT CONCRETE WASHOUT

AND REGULAR CLEAN OUT.

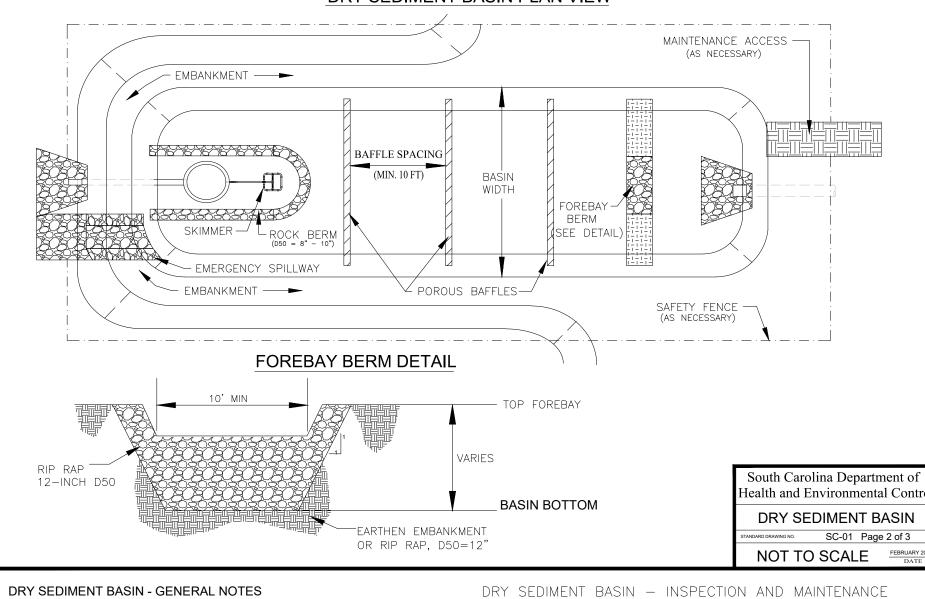
 ACTUAL LAYOUT DETERMINED IN FIELD. PERIMETER OF CONCRETE WASHOUT AREA EXCEPT FOR THE SIDE UTILIZED FOR 2. INSTALL CONCRETE WASHOUT SIGN (24"X24", MINIMUM) WITHIN 30' OF THE TEMPORARY CONCRETE WASHOUT FACILITY. CONCRETE WASHOUT 3. TEMPORARY WASHOUT AREA MUST BE AT LEAST 50' FROM A STORM DRAIN, CREEK BANK OR PERIMETER CONTROL. South Carolina Department of . CLEAN OUT CONCRETE WASHOUT AREA WHEN Health and Environmental Control THE KEY TO FUNCTIONAL CONCRETE WASHOUTS IS WEEKLY INSPECTIONS, ROUTINE MAINTENANCE, SILT FENCE CONCRETE WASHOUT SIGN DETAIL

- SEVERED CLEAN AND A 3" LAYER OF MULCH SHALL BE APPLIED OVER THE SURFACE OF EXPOSED ROOTS DURING DEVELOPMENT.
- 6. ALL PRUNING OF TREES SHALL BE DONE BY A QUALIFIED TREE



NDARD DRAWING NO. SC—15 PAGE 1

NOT TO SCALE $\frac{\text{FEBRUARY 2014}}{\text{DATE}}$



- An additional cleanout stake for the forebay area is recommended and should be marked for cleanout at 50% of provided sediment storage.
- The elevation of the emergency spillway should be at least 1 foot below the top of the embankment. The emergency spillway should not be located on fill material, when possible. Riprap and geotextile liner should be placed on all spillways that must be located on fill material.

- Attention to sediment accumulations within the basin is extremely important. Accumulated sediment deposition should be continually
- 3. Remove accumulated sediment when it reaches 50% of the design sediment storage volume or 1/2 the height of the riser structure,
- Removed sediment from the basin shall be placed in stockpile storage areas or spread thinly across the disturbed area. Stabilize the removed
- week and, as recommended, within 24-hours of each rainfall event tha produces ½—inch or more of precipitation.
- detention basin post-construction, should be removed within 30 days after final site stabilization is achieved.
- Disturbed areas resulting from the removal of the sediment basin shou be permanently stabilized and additional BMPs, such as silt fence, should be utilized to accept stormwater runoff from this disturbed are until final stabilization is reached.

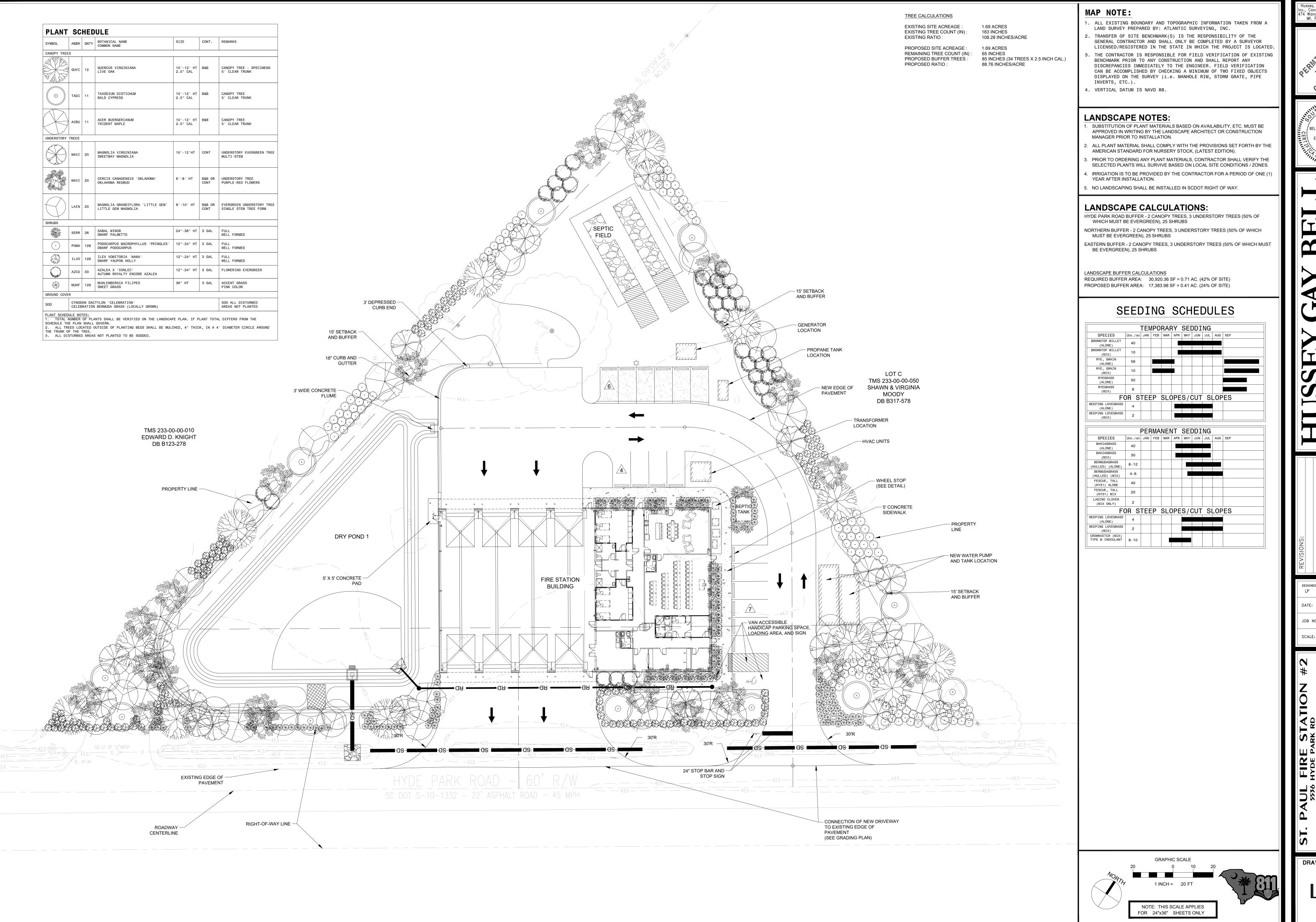
South Carolina Department of Health and Environmental Contro DRY SEDIMENT BASIN SC-01 Page 3 of 3

GENERAL NOTES FEBRUARY 20
DATE

HUSSEY, GAY,

BELL & DEYOUNG, INC

ENGINEERS OF SC



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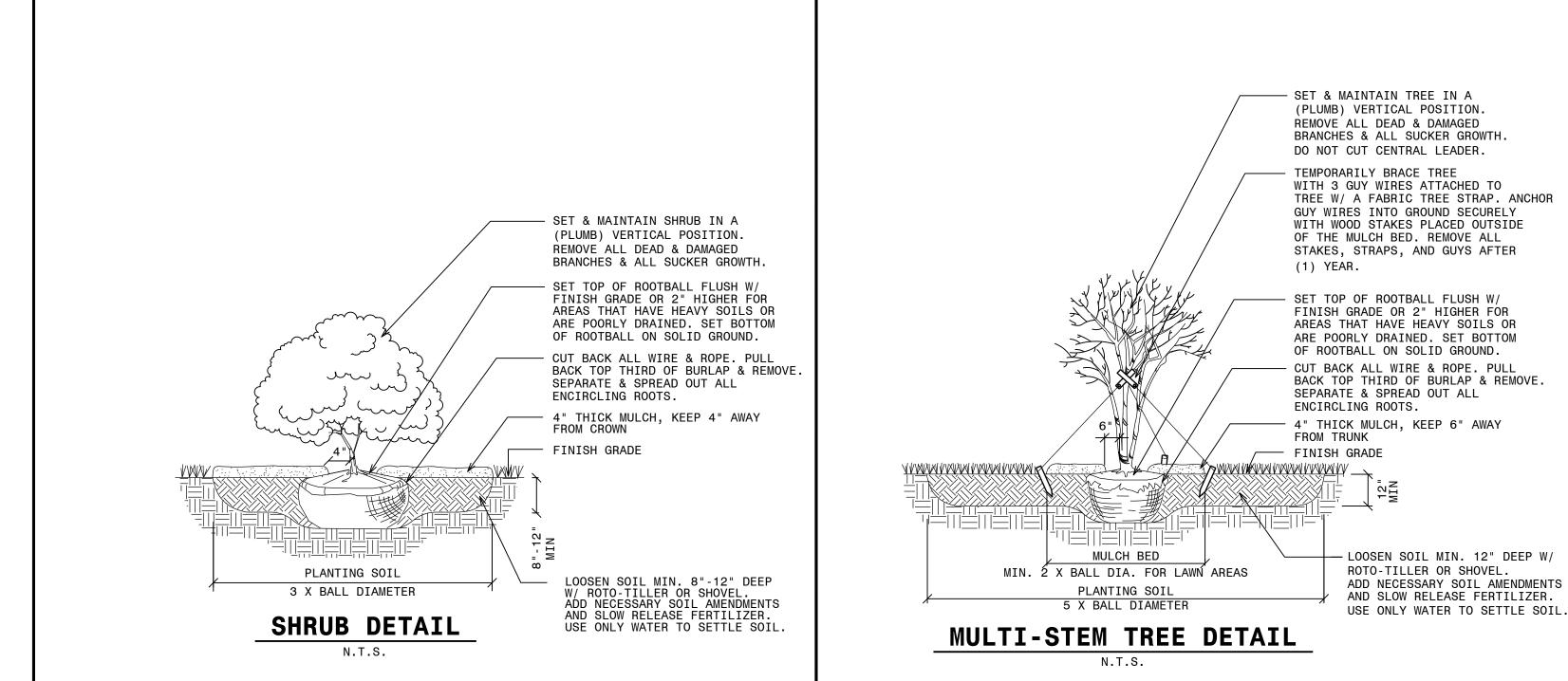
JOB NO.423153600 SCALE: AS NOTED

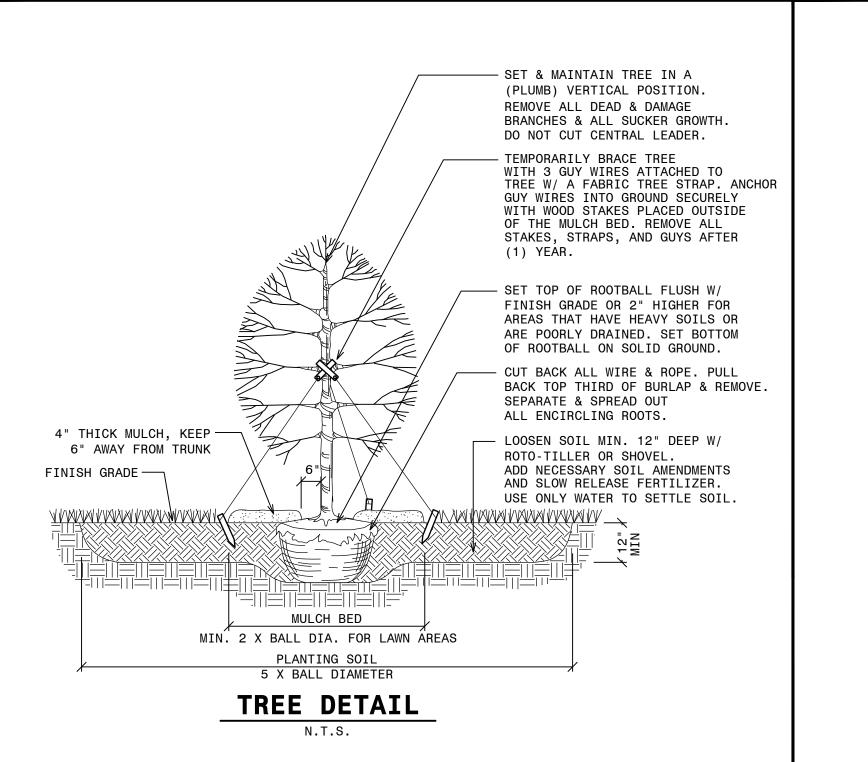
. ALL EXISTING BOUNDARY AND TOPOGRAPHIC INFORMATION TAKEN FROM A LAND SURVEY PREPARED BY: ATLANTIC SURVEYING, INC. TRANSFER OF SITE BENCHMARK(S) IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE

GENERAL CONTRACTOR AND SHALL ONLY BE COMPLETED BY A SURVEYOR LICENSED/REGISTERED IN THE STATE IN WHICH THE PROJECT IS LOCATED. THE CONTRACTOR IS RESPONSIBLE FOR FIELD VERIFICATION OF EXISTING BENCHMARK PRIOR TO ANY CONSTRUCTION AND SHALL REPORT ANY

DISCREPANCIES IMMEDIATELY TO THE ENGINEER. FIELD VERIFICATION CAN BE ACCOMPLISHED BY CHECKING A MINIMUM OF TWO FIXED OBJECTS DISPLAYED ON THE SURVEY (i.e. MANHOLE RIM, STORM GRATE, PIPE INVERTS, ETC.).

4. VERTICAL DATUM IS NAVD 88.





LANDSCAPE & IRRIGATION NOTES:

- 1. SEE GENERAL NOTES.
- 2. ALL TREES LOCATED OUTSIDE OF PLANTING BEDS SHALL BE MULCHED, 4" THICK, IN A 4' DIAMETER CIRCLE AROUND THE TRUNK OF THE TREE.
- 3. SUBSTITUTION OF PLANT MATERIALS BASED ON AVAILABILITY, ETC., MUST BE APPROVED IN WRITING BY THE LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT OR CONSTRUCTION MANAGER PRIOR TO INSTALLATION.
- 4. ALL PLANT MATERIAL SHALL COMPLY WITH THE PROVISIONS SET FORTH BY THE AMERICAN STANDARD FOR NURSERY STOCK, ANSI Z60.1 (LATEST EDITION)
- 5. PRIOR TO ORDERING ANY PLANT MATERIALS, CONTRACTOR SHALL VERIFY THE SELECTED PLANTS WILL SURVIVE BASED ON LOCAL SITE CONDITIONS / ZONES.
- 6. ALL DISTURBED AREAS NOT PLANTED TO BE SODDED OR SEEDED.
- 7. LANDSCAPE AND IRRIGATION CONTRACTOR SHALL BE THE
- 8. FULL IRRIGATION COVERAGE SHALL BE PROVIDED. SEE IRRIGATION SPECIFICATION.
- 9. IRRIGATION SHALL BE A DESIGN/BUILD BY LANDSCAPE CONTRACTOR.

c., Consulting Engineers of 4 Wando Park Blvd, Suite 2 Mt. Pleasant, SC 29464

HUSSEY, GAY, BELL & DEYOUNG, INC ENGINEERS OF SC

LP

JOB NO.423153600

SCALE: AS NOTED

