AN ORDINANCE
TO PROVIDE FOR THE INSTALLMENT PAYMENTS OF TAXABLE REAL PROPERTY WITHIN CHARLESTON COUNTY PURSUANT TO TITLE 12, CHAPTER 45, SECTION 12-45-75, CODE OF LAWS OF SOUTH CAROLINA 1976, AS AMENDED.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE COUNTY COUNCIL OF CHARLESTON COUNTY, SOUTH CAROLINA, IN MEETING DULY ASSEMBLED:

WHEREAS, by virtue of Section 12-45-75 of the Code of Laws of South Carolina 1976, as amended, the governing body of a county may by ordinance allow each taxpayer owning a parcel of taxable real property within the county the option to pay property taxes in installments; and

WHEREAS, the County Council of Charleston County, South Carolina ("County Council") believes that such an option should be made available to its taxpayers, and it is the will of County Council to adopt, authorize and approve the statutory scheme for installment payment of real property taxes as set forth in Section 12-45-75 of the Code of Laws of South Carolina 1976, as amended;

NOW, THEREFORE, on the basis of the foregoing authorizations and for the purposes set forth above, the County Council incorporate the recitals and findings in this Ordinance and enact this Ordinance to effect the statutory scheme for installment payment of real property taxes as follows:

I. INSTALLMENT PAYMENT OF REAL PROPERTY TAXES.

Section 1. Each taxpayer owning a parcel of taxable real property within Charleston County shall have the option to pay property taxes in installments as provided herein. An installment election is not allowed for taxes paid through an escrow account.

Section 2. The taxpayer electing to pay ad valorem taxes in installments, or electing to opt out of paying ad valorem taxes in installments, must notify the Charleston County Treasurer in writing no later than January fifteenth of the tax year for which the installment payments are applicable, and no earlier than December first of the preceding tax year, which may be on a form made available by the Charleston County Treasurer. If the Treasurer does not receive written notification from December first to January fifteenth, the taxpayer must pay ad valorem taxes in the same manner as the previous taxable year.

Section 3. The Treasurer must notify the Charleston County Auditor and the Charleston County Assessor of each taxpayer electing the installment payment option or electing to opt out paying installments. If the Assessor determines the real property has diminished in value, an estimated property obligation must be adjusted to reflect the reduced value. Upon being notified of an adjustment of reduced value from the Assessor, the County Treasurer must notify the property owner of the adjusted estimated property tax obligation.
Section 4. An installment payment is based on the total property tax due for the previous property tax year, after applying all applicable credits and adjustments reflecting a reduced value as determined by the County Assessor. An amount equal to sixteen and two-thirds percent of the estimated property tax obligation must be paid to the County Treasurer in each of five installments according to the following schedule:

In the case of the following estimates, the due date is on or before:

First  February 15
Second  April 15
Third   June 15
Fourth  August 15
Fifth   October 15

The remaining balance is due on or before January fifteenth of the following taxable year in accordance with Section 12-45-70 of the Code of Laws of South Carolina 1976, as amended. The Treasurer shall notify the County Auditor of the amount of the property owner’s payments received no earlier than October fifteenth and no later than November fifteenth. A notice of the remaining tax due and other authorized charges and information must then be prepared and mailed to the property owner.

Section 5. If a taxpayer electing to pay in installments does not timely make each payment pursuant to the schedule set forth in Section 4 above, Charleston County may refuse to accept all other installment payments. If Charleston County refuses to accept other installment payments, the remaining balance is due in accordance with Section 12-45-70 of the Code of Laws of South Carolina 1976, as amended.

Section 6. Estimated property taxes paid in installments during a property tax year are a credit against the total property tax due on the real property for the property tax year. The estimated property taxes paid in installments during a property tax year must be deposited by the County Treasurer in an interest bearing account. The interest is to be retained by the County Treasurer to offset the administrative expenses of installment payments. Once final payment is made, and no later than January fifteenth of the following taxable year, the installment payments must be credited to the accounts of the property taxing entities in the County in the same proportion that millage was imposed by such entities in the previous year with the necessary adjustments made to reflect current tax year millage impositions with property taxes for the current year are paid.

Section 7. If the credit allowed for estimated property tax paid during the property tax year results in an overpayment of property tax, the overpayment must be refunded to the taxpayer together with the actual interest earned by the County Treasurer, running from the later of the due date of the installment resulting in the overpayment, without regard to additional amounts paid, or the actual date the overpayment was received by the County Treasurer, to the date the refund is issued. Except that if the overpayment is issued to the taxpayer within forty-five days of the installment payment that resulted in the overpayment, the County Treasurer may retain the interest earned.

Section 8. Every tax notice for real property, for which the installment payment option has been elected, must contain a calculation of any estimated property tax due and a payment schedule and return envelopes for these payments.
Section 9. The payment of estimated property tax as provided in this Ordinance and the
credit allowed arising from these payments in no way alters the due date, penalty schedule, and
enforced collection of property taxes as provided by law.

II. SEVERABILITY. If any Section, Subsection, or part of this Ordinance shall be deemed
or found to conflict with a provision of South Carolina law, or other pre-emptive legal principle,
then that Section, Subsection or part of this Ordinance shall be deemed ineffective, but
the remaining parts of this Ordinance shall remain in full force and effect. Should a court of
competent jurisdiction declare any word, phrase, clause or provision of this Ordinance
invalid or unconstitutional, such declaration shall not effect this Ordinance as a whole or any
part hereof except that specific provision declared by such court to be invalid or
unconstitutional.

III. CONFLICT WITH PRECEDING ORDINANCES. If any Section, Subsection, or part of
this Ordinance shall conflict with the Section, Subsection, or part of a preceding Ordinance of
Charleston County, then the preceding Section, Subsection, or part shall be deemed repealed
and no longer in effect.

IV. EFFECTIVE DATE OF THIS ORDINANCE. The Ordinance shall be effective upon
Third Reading and be effective for the 2019 property tax year.

CHARLESTON COUNTY COUNCIL

(SEAL)

A. Victor Rawl
Chairman, Charleston County Council

ATTEST:

Kristen L. Salisbury
Clerk, Charleston County Council